SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

MODEL QUESTION PAPERS

B.A./B.COM.
COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION
(Revised Pattern)

Visakhapatnam - 530 003
Andhra Pradesh, India.

Phones : 0891- 2844143, 2844162, 2754966
Cell Phone : 9848199155 / 7702257811
website : www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/sde
FROM THE DIRECTOR’S DESK

You are welcome to the Distance Education fraternity. This prospectus covers all important points pertaining to B.A./ B.Com., Common Entrance Examination under the Revised Pattern with effect from the examination of June, 2001. There is no prescribed Syllabus for this examination. The objective of this examination is to test the aptitude of the learner and his or her communicative skills. This would provide the base for seeking higher education effectively through the School of Distance Education, Andhra University.

The learners are advised to give their own postal address only, so that they receive all the information directly sent by the School from time to time. We have no agents or intermediaries and hence the school is not responsible for any promises or prospectus issued by them. The learners are advised to be in touch with the School either directly or through the Study Centres.

We would be happy to serve you at every stage until you complete your degree.

With best wishes.

Prof. N.L. NARASIMHA RAO
Director
SECTION - A
SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
A BRIEF PROFILE

Distance Education is now accepted as an effective system of education. It helps learners to seek higher education who otherwise would have no access due to many disadvantages.

The School of Distance Education, Andhra University was established on 1st July, 1972 with the objective of offering courses under distance mode for different sections consisting of house-wives socially disadvantaged and economically weaker sections of the society.

Initially B.A. and B.Com., Degree Courses were offered with the Assistance of the U.G.C. Liberalised admissions into B.A./B.Com. Courses under open system was introduced in 1976. No formal academic qualification is required to take the entrance examination, but the candidate should have completed 18 years of age by 1st July / 1st January of the year of appearance for the B.A./B.Com. Common Entrance Examination. The Entrance examinations is now common for both B.A. and B.Com and revised pattern is effective from June, 2001. The revised pattern is based on objective type consisting of questions on general knowledge and communication skills to test the aptitude of the candidates to pursue higher studies.

At present about 48 courses are on offer covering Degree, P.G. Degree and P.G. Diploma Courses. These courses comprise of conventional, non-conventional and professional courses.

A student admitted in the school studies the same syllabus and is awarded the same degree as in the case of regular students of this University.

Self- Instructional study material and face to face interaction is the main stay of academic component, supplemented by multi - media package wherever possible.
B.A. / B.COM COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

Model Question Paper (1)

Paper - I : General English, General Knowledge and Aptitude

Time : 1 Hour : 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.       Max. Marks : 100

Booklet No.   Hall Ticket No.

Name of the Centre : ____________________________________________

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

01. This is an objective type test and questions are of multiple choice. Out of the given four multiple options, the candidates have to choose the correct / appropriate answer and have to write in the relevant question number box on the answer sheet.

02. Do not open the Booklet till you are instructed.

03. Mark you answer in numbers 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 in the block provided for the respective question on the Answer Sheet.

04. Answer with overwriting will be ignored while awarding marks.
05. Before answering, check your booklet. In case you find the booklet defective, report immediately to the Invigilator.

06. Enter your Hall Ticket No. (in digits) in the blocks provided on the cover page and also on the Answer Sheet. If the hall ticket number on the cover page and the Answer Sheet do not tally, it is considered as a case of malpractice and the script will not be valued.

07. Answers must be written on the Answer Sheet in blue / black / blue - black using fountain pen or ball point pen only.

08. The candidate has to return only the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator after the examination is over, and he / she has to take with him / her the question paper booklet.

09. The candidates are advised to follow all the instructions, scrupulously.
SECTION - A
ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PART - I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

Read the passage given below and pick up the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

One common mistake that (1) _________ people (2) _________ made (3) _________ this; they have (4) _________ that it would be (5) _________ very good thing (6) _________ every body (7) _________ exactly (8) _________ same amount of money, no matter whether (9) _________ worked hard (10) _________ lived quite idly.

01. (l) a (2) many (3) an (4) they
02. (l) have (2) has (3) be (4) did
03. (l) had (2) do (3) has (4) is
04. (l) think (2) thinks (3) thought (4) thinking
05. (l) a (2) an (3) the (4) some
06. (l) and (2) if (3) this (4) though
07. (l) do (2) done (3) be (4) had
08. (l) the (2) a (3) an (4) more
09. (l) he (2) she (3) they (4) you
10. (1) but (2) if (3) whether (4) or

PART - II (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. **He is very obstinate in his attitude**
   (1) smooth (2) stubborn (3) happy (4) cordial

12. **Sita was stricken with grief**
   (1) affected by (2) concerned (3) pivoted (4) represented

13. **Gandhiji was assassinated by Godse.**
   (1) loved (2) assisted (3) murdered (4) glorified

14. **Ravi’s behaviour this morning was strange.**
   (1) very cordial (2) jovial (3) peaceful (4) unusual

15. **Patience is a virtuous quality.**
   (1) bad (2) unwanted (3) chaste (4) Regressive
PART - III  
(5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. *A rolling _____________ gathers no moss*
   (l) car (2) cart (3) stone (4) jewel

17. _____________ is a kind of wild justice
   (1) joke (2) revenge (3) magic (4) cricket

18. _____________ is the spice of life.
   (1) Food (2) Exercise (3) Health (4) variety

19. *Sweet are the uses of___________*
   (1) Adversity (2) Killing (3) Abusing (4) Pollution

20. *The child is _____________ of the man.*
   (1) Son (2) Relation (3) Father (4) Taste

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE (30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.

21. *Chilka Lake is located in the state of*
   (1) Andhra Pradesh (2) Orissa (3) Tamilnadu (4) West Bengal

22. *North - East monsoon come in India during*
   (1) May - September (2) November - January (3) June - September (4) February - May

23. *Which of the following is not a metal?*
   (1) Ammonia (2) Copper (3) Plutonium (4) Zinc

24. *Which of the following is the largest Peninsula in the world?*
   (1) Arabian Peninsula (2) Indian Peninsula
25. Which of the following Vitamin is essential for the formation of bones and teeth?
   (1) Vitamin A  (2) Vitamin B  (3) Vitamin C  (4) Vitamin D
31. According to 2011 census, India’s population is

(1) 121.01 Crores (2) 120.53 crores (3) 123.01 crores (4) 115.53 crores

32. Chairman of the Planning Commission of India is

(1) President (2) Prime Minister (3) Finance Minister (4) Finance Secretary

33. Who appoints the Governor of State in India?

(1) Chief Minister (2) President (3) Prime Minister (4) Vice-President

34. Antibiotics are drugs used for the cure of

(1) Bacterial diseases (2) Cancer (3) Malaria (4) Nervous disorders

35. Which of the following is suited for dry land agriculture

(1) Paddy (2) Wheat (3) Maize (4) Sugar Cane

36. Every year April 14th is celebrated as the birthday of which of the following famous persons?

(1) Babu Jagjivan Ram (2) Gurunanak (3) Baba Saheb Ambedkar (4) Sardar Patel.

37. Which of the following is the currency used in France?
38. Which planet is nearer to Sun?
(1) Earth (2) Pluto (3) Saturn (4) Mercury

39. Which is the next number in the sequence of numbers? 1, 3, 9, 27, 81--?
(1) 99 (2) 135 (3) 162 (4) 243

40. Which one is different from the rest of the three?
(1) Mango Fruit (2) Banana Fruit (3) Brinjal (4) Orange

41. A man goes 150 metres to the East and then 200 metres to the North. How far is he from the starting point?
(1) 175 metres (2) 225 metres (3) 250 metres (4) 375 metres

42. One bell strikes at every 6 seconds, the second bell strikes at every 9 seconds, and the third bell strikes at every 12 seconds. When will they all strike together?
(1) 12 seconds (2) 18 seconds (3) 24 seconds (4) 36 seconds

43. Who is the author of ‘Geethanjali’?
(1) Mrunalini Sen (2) Rabindranath Tagore (3) R.K. Narayan (4) Premchand

“Who is the author of ‘Geethanjali’?”
(1) இராபிங்காதார தாகோர் (2) டயோமலிஸ் ஏர்கைல் (3) எ.கே. நாராயண (4) பிரெம்சாண்ட்
44. **Which is the birth place of Krishna river?**
   (1) Nasik  (2) Mahabaleswaram  
   (3) Kailasasikaram  (4) Gangotri

45. **Who is the author of “Panduranga Mahatyam”?**
   (1) Tenali Rama Krishnudu  (2) Tikkana  
   (3) Sri Krishna Devarayulu  (4) Pothana

46. **“Human Rights Day” is celebrated on**
   (1) January 10  (2) March 10  (3) December 10  (4) November 10

47. **Who is the leader of Parliament in India?**
   (1) President  (2) Vice-President  (3) Speaker  (4) Prime-Minister

48. **“Mohini Attam” dance is related to the following state.**
   (1) Andhra Pradesh  (2) Gujarat  (3) Kerala  (4) Tamilnadu

49. **In India, Attorney General is appointed by the following**
   (1) President  (2) Prime Minister  (3) Law Minister  (4) Supreme Court Judge

50. **Bokaro Steel Factory is situated in the following state.**
   (1) Assam  (2) Bihar  (3) Orissa  (4) West Bengal
B.A. / B.COM COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION
Model Question Paper
Time: 1 Hour, 11 a.m. to 12 Noon  Max. Marks: 100
Paper - II (A) TELUGU

1. జ్యోతి పాయను అప్సంభావని. దీని ఎంత మంది వేపం పెట్టారు.
   (10×2 = 20 మార్క్స్)
   ప్రవేశ కమిషన్ ముగించాలంటే కార్యదర్శి ఆధిక్యం జాగ్రత్తను ఇచ్చాం. కమిషన్ ప్రశ్నాణం
   ఉంచాలంటే సమాధానం మార్క్స్ ఆధారంగా అనుసరించాం. సమాధానం ఉండినప్పటి సుమారు
   మార్క్స్ అధికంగా ఉంటే హారిస్, ఇతర సమాధానాలు మార్క్స్ కొట్టడం కారణం
   నాటి సమాధానానికి మరియు మరియు రెండు సమాధానాలు చేసినానికి చాలా ఎక్కడ మార్క్స్
   కొట్టిని ఇచ్చాం. మార్క్స్ పెంచేందుకు సమాధానానికి సమాధానం యొక్క మార్క్స్ కు ప్రత్యేకంగా
   అబ్జెక్టివ్ అవసరం ఉంది.

2. దీని ముగించాలంటే కార్యాల విధానం జాగ్రత్తను ఇచ్చాం. కమిషన్ ప్రశ్నాణం
   ఉంచాలంటే సమాధానం మార్క్స్ ఆధారంగా అనుసరించాం. సమాధానం ఉండినప్పటి సుమారు
   మార్క్స్ అధికంగా ఉంటే హారిస్, ఇతర సమాధానాలు మార్క్స్ కొట్టడం కారణం
   నాటి సమాధానానికి మరియు మరియు రెండు సమాధానాలు చేసినానికి చాలా ఎక్కడ మార్క్స్
   కొట్టిని ఇచ్చాం. మార్క్స్ పెంచేందుకు సమాధానానికి సమాధానం యొక్క మార్క్స్ కు ప్రత్యేకంగా
   అబ్జెక్టివ్ అవసరం ఉంది.

51. ప్రవేశ కమిషన్ ముగించాలంటే
   1. జ్యోతి పాయను అప్సంభావని
   2. నీటి పాయను అప్సంభావని
63. ఇది మీ చెల్లగల వారిలో 32 వ సంఖ్య వచనము
1. ప్రతిష్ఠలో 2. అసాధారణ 3. మానకం హెక్సాడేబిలి 4. మానకం
64. ఆశియా లేదా యూరోప్
1. మానస్సరు 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానస్సరు 4. యువాగానాల నుండి
65. హెక్సాడేబిలి విభాగాల వచనము వచనము వచనము వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం ఎంటి ఎంటి 2. మానబ్యానం ఎంటి ఎంటి ఎంటి 3. మానబ్యానం ఎంటి ఎంటి
66. ఉదాహరణలు ఉండండి
1. మానకం ఎంటి ఎంటి 2. మానకం ఎంటి ఎంటి ఎంటి 3. మానకం ఎంటి ఎంటి
67. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానబ్యానం 4. యువాగానాల
68. మానబ్యానం మానబ్యానం మానబ్యానం మానబ్యానం
1. మానబ్యానం 2. మానబ్యానం 3. మానబ్యానం 4. మానబ్యానం
69. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం ఎంటి ఎంటి ఎంటి ఎంటి 2. మానబ్యానం ఎంటి ఎంటి ఎంటి
70. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానబ్యానం 4. యువా గానాలు
3. ఇది ఒక ప్రశ్నించిన 8 వ వచనము వచనము వచనము వచనము
3. 5 = 10 మానబ్యానం
71. సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానబ్యానం
72. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానబ్యానం
73. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
1. మానబ్యానం 2. ఉత్తరాధికారి 3. మానబ్యానం
74. సంఖ్య వచనము సంఖ్య వచనము
75. 우정환갑에 대한 고마움의 표현
1. 감사합니다 2. 진심으로 3. 여기서부터 4. 받아들입니다
30점
(5×2=10 점)

76. 사랑스러운 딸 원래 모습에 대한 칭찬
1. 아름다운 젊음 2. 놀라운 젊음 3. 놀라운 젊음 4. 사랑스러운 딸

77. 빛나는 보석의 가치
1. 정도 2. 보석 3. 보석 4. 보석

78. 사랑스러운 딸 원래 모습에 대한 칭찬
1. 아름다운 젊음 2. 놀라운 젊음 3. 아름다운 젊음 4. 사랑스러운 딸

79. 알바당연한 모험에 관한 이야기
1. 고등학생 2. 고등학생 3. 고등학생 4. 고등학생

80. 사랑스러운 딸 원래 모습에 대한 칭찬
1. 아름다운 젊음 2. 놀라운 젊음 3. 아름다운 젊음 4. 사랑스러운 딸

40점
(10×2=20 점)

81. Publication
1. 감사합니다 2. 감사합니다 3. 감사합니다 4. 감사합니다

82. Wish you happy life
1. 사랑합니다 2. 전화번호 3. 전화번호 4. 전화번호

83. When one is angry, he loses energy
1.っぼ 2. 수투 3. 수투 4. 수투

84. Precaution is better than cure
1. 예방적 2. 예방적
3. Youth and beauty are not permanent
1. Youth and beauty are not permanent
2. Youth and beauty are not permanent
3. Youth and beauty are not permanent
4. Youth and beauty are not permanent

86. National interest must rank first to a good citizen
1. National interest must rank first to a good citizen
2. National interest must rank first to a good citizen
3. National interest must rank first to a good citizen
4. National interest must rank first to a good citizen

87. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste
1. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste
2. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste
3. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste
4. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste

88. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not
1. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not
2. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not
3. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not
4. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not

89. Scolding others spoils your tongue
1. Scolding others spoils your tongue
2. Scolding others spoils your tongue
3. Scolding others spoils your tongue
4. Scolding others spoils your tongue

90. Money can’t buy you love
1. Money can’t buy you love
2. Money can’t buy you love
3. Money can’t buy you love
4. Money can’t buy you love
5.2. ನೂತನ ವಾದವನ್ನು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿದ್ದು, ಗೊತ್ತಿನ ನೋಡಲಿನ ಮತ್ತೊಂಟೆ ಹೆಸರುಂದ (ಜೆ.ವಿ.ಸಿ. ಕಾಲಾವಷ್ಟ).
(5×2=10 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)

91.1. ಎಂಬುದು ಅದರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಸಹಿಪಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾಗ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾಗ ಹೆಸರವನ್ನು ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
2. ತನ್ನ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಸಹಿಪಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
3. ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
4. ಇವು ಪರಿಸರವಿದ್ದಾಗ ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ ಇವು ಮತ್ತೊಂದೇ ಹೆಸರದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)

92.1. ನೋಡಿ ಅದರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಓದುವುದನ್ನು, ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿ, ಕ್ರಾಂತಿಗೊಳ್ಳಿದ್ದ ನೇರವನ್ನು ಸಹಿಪಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
2. ನೋಡಿ ಅದರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಓದುವುದನ್ನು, ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾಗ ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
3. ನೋಡಿ ಅದರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಓದುವುದನ್ನು, ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
4. ನೋಡಿ ಅದರ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಓದುವುದನ್ನು, ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಮುಂಚುಮುಂದು ಬೇಡಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದಾದಾಗ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)

93.1. ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
2. ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
3. ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
4. ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಆಧುನಿಕವಾದ ಹೆಸರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)

94.1. ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಅವಭಿನ್ನವು, ನೋಡಿ ಅವಭಿನ್ನವು ಕೇಂದ್ರವಿದ್ದಾಯುದು ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ನೂತನ ಮೂಲಕ... (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
2. ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ನೂತನ ಮೂಲಕ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
3. ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ನೂತನ ಮೂಲಕ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು)
4. ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ನೂತನ ಮೂಲಕ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ ಇವು ಅವಭಿನ್ನವಾಗಿ (5×10=50 ಮಾರ್ಕ್‌ಗಳು).
Model Question Paper
Time:1 Hour, 11a.m. to 12 Noon  Max. Marks : 100
Paper - II (B) HINDI

यथांत्र द्वारा:
1. प्रथा और उसके उत्तर की यथांत्र से पलटें!
2. उत्तर पुलिसेका में प्रथा के सही उत्तर का दिखाने लगाइये।
3. सही उत्तर के लिए दो - वो अंक निर्धारित हैं।

प्रथा और उत्तर यथांत्र से पड़कर सही उत्तर की संख्या उत्तर पुलिसेका में भरिए।

भारतेन्दु हरिबाद अधुनिक हिंदी काव्य के प्रणेता रहे हैं। उन का निवास और कर्म खल या काशी, बाहर विश्वास की नगरी और गंगा की नगरी। वे जीवन भर गंगा से बहुत निकट से जुड़े रहे।

गंगा उनके नगर को गरमा, मुख एवं समुद्र प्रवाह करने वाली थी, साथ ही गंगा भारत के लाखों -
करोड़ों व्यक्तियों को जीवन और कल्यंत्र देती रही। भारतेन्दु ने जिस काल में काव्य रचना प्रारंभ की,
उस समय देश की गरीबी संकट होती एवं साहस की आयोगकाल थी। विदेशी शासन के प्रारंभ से दूसरे
भारत अंतर्गत के गर्व में बूढ़ा गया था। अतिथि गंगा को कोई बाह नहीं करता था और विदेशी
शासकों से मुक्तवाला करने का साहस किसी के पास न था। 'भारत दुर्दशा', 'नीलंदे' आदि नाटकों
के माध्यम से भारतेन्दु जी ने समय समय पर विदेशी शासकों के प्रति अपनी अनाया एवं भारत के
प्रति अपना महान माह व्यक्त किया। गंगा भारतेन्दु की कविता का प्रमुख स्थान रही। काशी ता भगवान
शंकर की नगरी हो और जिस गंगा ने भगवान शंकर के ज्ञात नहीं था किस किस में न हो
तो काशी का अर्थ ही कहा रह आएगा। फिर भी वही गंगा प्रवाह में जाकर यमुना से भी उस में समा
कर अपना आंतर अनुभूत करता है।

51. अधुनिक हिंदी काव्य के प्रणेता कोने हैं?
   1. जय शंकर प्रसाद  2. भारतेन्दु हरिशंकर  3. महादेवी वर्मा  4. प्रेमचंद
52. भारतेन्दु का कर्मकाण्ड कोने सा है?
   1. काशी  2. हिमाली  3. हेमनगर  4. बिलवात
53. विश्वास की नगरी कोने सा है?
   1. प्रधान  2. काशी  3. सिंधु  4. गंगा
54. भारतेन्दु जीवन भर किस से जुड़े थे?
   1. यमुना  2. गंगा  3. सिंधु  4. गंगा
55. भारत के लाखों लोगों को जीवन देनेवाली कोने है?
   1. काशी  2. हरिशंकर  3. यमुना  4. गंगा
56. गंगा उस नगर में क्या प्रदान करनेवाली थी?
   1. दुःख  
   2. धन  
   3. प्रमाण  
   4. सुख - समृद्धि

57. ‘भारत की दुर्गा’ के लेखक कौन है?
   1. भारतेंदु  
   2. पंत  
   3. प्रसाद  
   4. निगला

58. नीलचंद का लेखक कौन है?
   1. पंत  
   2. भारतेंदु  
   3. निगला  
   4. महादेवी बर्मा

59. विदेशी आसन के कानस्य देशां अंधकार में हूँ गया था?
   1. चीन  
   2. फ्रांस  
   3. अमेरिका  
   4. भारत

60. काशी किस भगवान की नगरी है?
   1. विष्णु  
   2. गण  
   3. शंकर  
   4. इंद्र

61. गम बार दिन पहले (आ)
   1. आयोग  
   2. आया था  
   3. आया है  
   4. आता है

62. लक्ष्मी ने जय चतुर परसो (कह) -
   1. कही  
   2. कहा  
   3. कहेगा  
   4. कहता है

63. लक्षणा के पुतलक (पह)
   1. पहुँचा  
   2. पड़ा है  
   3. पड़ा  
   4. पड़ी

64. यह वाणिज्य भूमिकाल में है
   1. लक्ष्मी ने गोठी खाई 2. लक्ष्मी गोठी खाएगी 3. लक्ष्मी गोठी खाती है 4. लक्ष्मी गोठी खा रहा है।

65. यह पड़ता है। वचन बदलने पर
   1. वे पड़ते हैं  
   2. वह पड़ते हैं  
   3. आप पड़ते हैं  
   4. वे पड़ती हैं।

66. लड़की खेलती है। लिंग बदलने पर
   1. लड़की खेलता है।  
   2. लड़की खेला है।  
   3. लड़की खेलते हैं।  
   4. लड़का खेलता है।

67. सोना सुंदर लड़की है। विवेशप्रण है -
   1. सोना  
   2. सुंदरति  
   3. सुंदर  
   4. है

68. शाम तेज़ दीवाना है। क्रिया विवेशप्रण है
   1. शाम  
   2. तेज़  
   3. दीवाना  
   4. है

69. मे पुतलक लिखती हैं। इस वाच्य का वाच्य है
   1. कल्याण वाच्य  
   2. कर्म वाच्य  
   3. भाव वाच्य  
   4. विवेशप्रण वाच्य

70. ‘न’ इस कारक का प्रत्यय है -

21
1. कर्ता 2. क्रम 3. करण 4. अधिकरण
71. दुकान का वित्तों
   1. मोटा 2. नाट 3. लंबा 4. पत्तला
72. 'मुख' का विष्ण
   1. संरोप 2. असंरोप 3. मुख 4. आश्रोप
73. धूप का विश्वास
   1. प्रकाश 2. प्राव 3. फिरण 4. अधि प्र
74. रात का विश्वास
   1. अंधकार 2. प्रकाश 3. दिन 4. सप्ताह
75. लंबा का विश्वास है
   1. बड़ा 2. पतला 3. नाट 4. दुकान
76. लड़का स्कूल जाता है - बच्चन बदलिए।
   1. लड़का स्कूल जाती है। 2. लड़के स्कूल जाता है
   3. लड़के स्कूल जाते हैं। 4. लड़के स्कूल जाती है।
77. लड़कों पुस्तक पढ़ रही है - लिंग बदलिए।
   1. लड़की पुस्तक पढ़ रही है। 2. लड़की पुस्तक पढ़ रही है।
   3. लड़की पुस्तक पढ़ती है। 4. लड़का पुस्तक पढ़ रहा है।
78. लड़का खाना खा रहा है। बच्चन बदलिए।
   1. लड़का खाना खा रहे हैं। 2. लड़के खाना खा रहे हैं।
   3. लड़कियाँ खाना खा रही हैं। 4. लड़के खाना खा रहे हैं।
79. प्रतिनिधि निकलनेवाली परिक्षा
   1. दीनक 2. मारिक 3. वार्थिक 4. अर्थ वार्थिक
80. धारणा का स्थान लिंग स्पष्ट
   1. धारण 2. धारणो 3. धारण 4. धारणक
81. Who are you?
   1. तुम कौन हो? 2. तुम कैसे हो? 3. तुम कब हो? 4. आप कब है?
82. What is this?
   1. यह क्या है? 2. यह क्या है? 3. यह क्या है? 4. यह क्या है?
83. Telugu is my Mother tongue
   1. तेलुगु मेरा मातृभाषा है। 2. तेलुगु मेरी मातृभाषा है।
3. तेलुगु लेगे माटुभाषा है। 4. तेलुगु हमारी माटुभाषा है।

84. Radha comes hero often
1. गायक कहाँ अक्सर आता है। 2. गायक कहाँ अक्सर आता है।
3. गायक कहाँ अक्सर आता रहता है। 4. गायक कहाँ अक्सर आता है।

85. What are you doing?
1. आप क्या करते हैं? 2. आप क्या कर रहे हैं?
3. आप क्या हैं? 4. आप क्या कर रहे हैं?

86. Santhi is in the shop.
1. शांति दुकान में है। 2. शांति दुकान में है। 3. शांति दुकान का है। 4. शांति दुकान गयी है।

87. Saritha will go to Visakhapatnam tomorrow.
1. सरिता कल विशाखाप्त्रगमन जाएगी। 2. सरिता कल विशाखाप्त्रगमन गई।
3. सरिता कल विशाखाप्त्रगमन जाती होगी। 4. सरिता कल विशाखाप्त्रगमन गई होगी।

88. There is a book on the table.
1. मेज पर एक पुस्तक है। 2. मेज पर एक पुस्तक होगी।
3. मेज पर एक पुस्तक था। 4. मेज पर एक पुस्तक गई।

89. Rama went to Bangalore Yesterday.
1. राम कल बंगलूर गया। 2. राम कल बंगलूर जाएगा।
3. राम कल बंगलूर जाता होगा। 4. राम कल बंगलूर जा रहा है।

90. I want to go to Bazar.
1. मैं बाजार जाएंगा। 2. मैं बाजार जाना चाहता हूँ।
3. हमें बाजार जाना है। 4. हमें बाजार जाता है।

91. शुद्ध वाक्य पह चाहिए।
1. प्रमेय खाना खाता है। 2. प्रमेय खाना खाता है।
3. प्रमेय खाना खाता है। 4. प्रमेय खाना खाएं।

92. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. हमें अब जाना है। 2. हम अब जाना है।
3. हमें अब जाता है। 4. हमें अब जाएं।

93. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. राम ने रोटी खाया। 2. राम ने रोटी खाया। 3. राम ने रोटी खाया। 4. राम ने रोटी खा रहा है।

94. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. उसने कहा था।
2. उसने कहा है।
3. वह कहा है।
4. वह कही है।

95. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. यह आता है।
2. वह आता है।
3. उसे आती है।
4. उसे आता है।

96. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. हम से करा जाता है।
2. हम से किया जाता है।
3. हम से कर लेता है।
4. हमु से करता है।

97. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।
2. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।
3. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।
4. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।

98. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. यह मेंगी बहन है।
2. वे मेंगा बहन है।
3. यह मेंगी बहनें हैं।
4. वह मेंगे बहन है।

99. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. यह अच्छी लड़का है।
2. वे अच्छी लड़का है।
3. इन्हें अच्छा लड़का है।
4. उन्हीं अच्छी लड़का है।

100. शूद्व वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. सीता कल चढ़े जाएगी।
2. सीता कल चढ़े जाएगा।
3. सीता कल चढ़े जाती है।
4. सीता ने कल चढ़े जाता है।
Model Question Paper

Time: 1 Hour, 11a.m. to 12 Noon        Max. Marks : 100

Paper - II (E) SANSKRIT

Attempt all questions, Each question carries two marks

Select the correct answer among the given four for each question

51. गमावणवत्य कर्ता कः?
   1. व्यास:  2. कालिदास:  3. भव्यमुक्ति:  4. वाल्मीकि:

52. कुमारसंभव महाकाव्यत्य कर्ता कः?
   1. कालिदास:  2. वाल्मीकि:  3. भव्यमुक्ति:  4. माध:

53. पेदा: कर्ता?
   1. 18  2. 8  3. 4  4. 12

54. आदिकिन्त्र कः?
   1. व्यास:  2. कालिदास:  3. भास:  4. वाल्मीकि:

55. गीतांगिनित्य कर्ता कः?
   1. वाल्मीकि:  2. व्यास:  3. जयदेव:  4. कालिदास:

56. गमावण नायिका का?
   1. सीता  2. कौशल्या  3. कृष्णा  4. मणिदर्शी

57. भगवानुता कस्मिनु आणे बतते?
   1. गमावणे  2. महाभारते  3. विपुर्णणे  4. भागवते

58. गमावणे नायक: कः?
   1. दाराय  2. लक्षण:  3. राम:  4. रावण:

59. नेत्रवंदेता कस्य कृति?:
   1. वाल्मीकि:  2. व्यास:  3. भारतात:  4. कालिदासवर्य

60. उत्तरार्मचारित नाटकत्य कर्ता कः?
   1. भव्यमुक्ति:  2. महानारायण:  3. कालिदास:  4. शृङ्खळः

61. सत्यनेव ...... 
   1. जयति  2. जयते  3. जयतु  4. जय

62. सत्यस्य भूपणम् ......
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>धनम्</th>
<th>2. राम्</th>
<th>3. विवा</th>
<th>4. मदम्</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>अतिस्रुणा .......... मदवं।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. विनाशाय</td>
<td>2. सुखाय</td>
<td>3. पुण्याय</td>
<td>4. स्वर्गाय</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>आजादाषून्तु : इति का कौन्यति?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. भीमः</td>
<td>2. कर्णः</td>
<td>3. भीमः</td>
<td>4. धर्मराजः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>.......... मूलांमिंद्व जगत्।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. सृवु</td>
<td>2. सौन्दर्यः</td>
<td>3. धनम्</td>
<td>4. विवा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>हानापरं सुपुं थुबुरं ..........।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. अतु</td>
<td>2. नास्ति</td>
<td>3. मातु</td>
<td>4. अल्प</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>गतःस्य शोकः..........।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. न कर्तव्यः</td>
<td>2. कर्तव्यः</td>
<td>3. स्मर्तव्यः</td>
<td>4. व विमर्शणीयपम्</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>उद्वंनससरसम्</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. त्रज</td>
<td>2. भज</td>
<td>3. कृूिी</td>
<td>4. स्मर</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>परोपकारः ..........।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. विनाशाय</td>
<td>2. दुखाय</td>
<td>3. पापाय</td>
<td>4. पुण्याय</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>नारीणां भूषणम् .....।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. जगः</td>
<td>2. धनम्</td>
<td>3. पतिः</td>
<td>4. स्वर्गाम्</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>माधव शरदस्याधः</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. प्रहमा</td>
<td>2. इजः</td>
<td>3. केशवः</td>
<td>4. महेश्वरः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>भवानो शरदस्याधः</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. पाबेनी</td>
<td>2. लभः</td>
<td>3. रमः</td>
<td>4. सरस्वती</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>रितु शरदस्याधः</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. निम्नः</td>
<td>2. शृः</td>
<td>3. वनः</td>
<td>4. सुरूः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>कार्तिर शरदस्याधः</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. वार</td>
<td>2. सर्पः</td>
<td>3. कोकिल</td>
<td>4. विहुः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>जनस्व शरदस्याधः</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. व्यसः</td>
<td>2. जामताः</td>
<td>3. ईंहता</td>
<td>4. माता</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>कृण्णा: जनं........</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. पिपालि</td>
<td>2. पिपास्य</td>
<td>3. पिपायणि</td>
<td>4. पिपाति</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>अहं ग्रामं ..........।</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

26
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. अतिवचार</th>
<th>2. अतिधर्मम्</th>
<th>3. अतिवचारम्</th>
<th>4. अतिवचारम्</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>भूचालन</td>
<td>भूचालन</td>
<td>भूचालन</td>
<td>भूचालन</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. असित</td>
<td>2. असित</td>
<td>3. असित</td>
<td>4. नासित</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93. असित</td>
<td>2. असित</td>
<td>3. नासित</td>
<td>4. नासित</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94. अआह</td>
<td>1. वदामि</td>
<td>2. वदामि</td>
<td>3. वदामि</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95. हर शब्दध्वारों:</td>
<td>1. हरि:</td>
<td>2. इनः</td>
<td>3. विषुः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96. अः हः  वाँकुंठे शों</td>
<td>1. भजामि</td>
<td>2. भजळि</td>
<td>3. भजामि</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97. अणिल :</td>
<td>1. अणिल:</td>
<td>2. जनम्</td>
<td>3. वापुः</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98. अणिल : शब्दध्वारों:</td>
<td>1. रमा</td>
<td>2. सरस्वती</td>
<td>3. पार्वती</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99. मस्ते भूचालनः</td>
<td>1. राजा</td>
<td>2. चन्द्र:</td>
<td>3. विश्वा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100. धर्मः</td>
<td>1. रक्षति:</td>
<td>2. रक्षति</td>
<td>3. रक्षनि</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
I had never (1) ____________ a house (2) ____________ fire before. So, one evening when I (3) ____________ fire engines (4) ______________ loud alarm bells rushing past my house, I quickly (5) ____________ out (6) ______________ a few streets away, joined (7) ______________ large crowd (8) ______________ people; but we could (9) ______________ the fire only from (10) ______________ a distance because the police would not allow anyone (1) ____________ the building on fire.

01. (1) see (2) seen (3) saw (4) seed
02. (1) on (2) in (3) over (4) from
03. (1) hearing (2) hear (3) heard (4) was hearing
04. (1) in (2) on (3) above (4) with
05. (1) run (2) ran (3) was run (4) running
06. (1) and (2) by (3) because (4) from
07. (1) the (2) few (3) an (4) a
08. (1) in (2) on (3) of (4) over
09. (1) saw (2) was seen (3) seen (4) see
10. (1) above (2) near (3) in (4) on

PART - II (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. The water in the village was contaminated
    (1) made impure (2) pure (3) good (4) sweet

12. He who obeys instructions guards his life
    (1) spoils (2) protects (3) shoots (4) loses

13. The honest officer detests corruption in the society
PART - III (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

14. A prudent man sees danger
   (1) careless (2) sad (3) careful (4) happy

15. A malicious man disguises himself
   (1) evil (2) good (3) funny (4) lean

16. Speech is silver, but silence is———
   (1) red (2) golden (3) yellow (4) white

17. Can two walk together, except they be———
   (1) agreed (2) fighting (3) different (4) enemies

18. They speak like saints, and———like devils.
   (1) dance (2) fight (3) act (4) go

19. The best way to learn a language, is to———-it
   (1) forget (2) throw (3) sing (4) speak

20. ———— are the uses of adversity.
    (1) Terrible (2) Sweet (3) Dangerous (4) Decent

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE (30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.

21. Which of the following countries is to the west of India?
   (1) Sri Lanka (2) China (3) Pakistan (4) Nepal

22. Chilaka Lake is located in the State of
   (1) West Bengal (2) Orissa (3) Tamilnadu (4) AndhraPradesh

23. Who is the present president of India?
   (1) A.P.L. Abdul Kalam (2) Sonia Gandhi
24. International Women’s day is celebrated on
   (1) April 11th   (2) March 8th   (3) August 15th   (4) January 26th

25. During which kings rule was the famous poet “Tenali Rama Krishna” known as one of the ‘Asta Diggajas’?
   (1) RajarajaNarendra   (2) Harsha   (3) Sri Krishna Devarayalu   (4) Tippusultan

26. Earth completes one rotation on its axis in
   (1) 23 hours and 30 minutes   (2) 24 hours   (3) 23 hours 56 minutes and 49 seconds   (4) 23 hours, 1 minute and 10 seconds

27. How many Districts are in Andhra Pradesh?
   (1) 20   (2) 21   (3) 22   (4) 23

28. Which of the following is India’s National Emblem?
   (1) Lion Capital   (2) Lily   (3) Crescent   (4) Golden Rod

29. Who was the last British Governor General?
   (1) Atlee   (2) Mountbaten   (3) Wellessly   (4) WarenHastings

30. Who is the chairman of 13” Finance Commission?
   (1) Manmohan Singh   (2) K.C. Pant   (3) Vyaya Kelkar   (4) S. Ranga Rajan
31. Which of the following vitamins is essential for the formation of bones and teeth?
(1) Vitamin A  (2) Vitamin B  (3) Vitamin D  (4) All of these

32. Which of the following is the biggest Public Sector Bank in India?
(1) State Bank of India  (2) Union Bank of India  (3) City Bank  (4) Indian Bank

33. The Book “India Wins Freedom” was written by
(1) Subhas Chandra Bose  (2) Sardar Patel  (3) Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad  (4) M.K. Gandhi

34. Which of the following Country Won the first Twenty - Twenty World Cricket Cup?
(1) Australia  (2) Sri Lanka  (3) India  (4) South Africa

35. Who invented Telephone?
(1) Samuel F. B. Morse  (2) Alexander Graham Bell  (3) G Markoni  (4) J. L. Byard

36. The first Indian who got Noble Prize
(1) C. Rajagopalachari  (2) Ravindranadha Tagore  (3) C.V. Raman  (4) A. K. Sen
37. **Which of the following is the Longest river in India?**
   (1) Ganga  (2) Brahmaputra  (3) Godavari  (4) Yamuna

38. **Among the following who is known as “Master Blaster”?**
   (1) Suneel Gavaskar  (2) Mahender Singh Dhoni  (3) Verandra Sewag  (4) Sanchin Tendulkar

39. **How many centimeters make a feet?**
   (1) 12  (2) 24  (3) 30  (4) 60

40. **Which is the next number in the following sequence 3, 9, 81 ------**
   (1) 162  (2) 6561  (3) 346  (4) 246

41. **Which city is called ‘Pink City’?**
   (1) Jaipur  (2) Mysore  (3) New York  (4) Mumbai

42. **Among the following countries which is not a member in ‘SAARC’?**
   (1) Sri Lanka  (2) Bangladesh  (3) West Indies  (4) Pakistan

43. **If the fourth day of April is Sunday, then what is the first day of the next month?**
   (1) Saturday  (2) Sunday  (3) Friday  (4) Monday
44. **Tamilnadu Express starts from Chennai at 22.00 hours and reaches to Warangal Morning 8 hours. The distance between Chennai and Warangal is 640 Kms. Find the average speed of the train**

(l) 70 Km/h  (2) 80 Km/h  (3) 90 Km/h  (4) 64 Km/h

45. **The difference between 12 times and 8 times of a number is 64. What is the number?**

(1) 16  (2) 24  (3) 32  (4) 40

46. **Bhanu Prasad bought a T.V for Rs.1,500 and sold it for Rs. 18,000. Find the profit percentage ?**

(1) 20%  (2) 15%  (3) 12.5%  (4) 17.5%

47. **Which of the following is the hardest metal?**

(l) Gold  (2) Iron  (3) Platinum  (4) Tungsten

48. **Who defeated in Waterloo War?**

(1) Hitler  (2) Mussolini  (3) Akbar  (4) Nepolan

49. **Which of the following is Andhra Pradesh formation day?**

(1) 15th August  (2) 26th January  (3) 5th September  (4) 1st November

(1) Arjuna  15  (2) Arjuna  26  (3) Arjuna  5  (4) Arjuna  1
50. The place of India in the production of Mica in the World
(1) First (2) Second (3) Third (4) Fourth

School of Distance Education B.A. / B.Com., Common Entrance Examination - 2010 (Revised Pattern)
Reg. No. Model Answer Sheet
Instructions:

Part - I
(1) 2 (2) 1 (3) 3 (4) 4 (5) 2 (6) 1 (7) 4 (8) 3 (9) 4 (10) 2

Part - II
(11) 1 (12) 2 (13) 4 (14) 3 (15) 1

Part - III
(16) 2 (17) 1 (18) 3 (19) 4 (20) 2

General Knowledge & Aptitude
(21) 3 (22) 2 (23) 4 (24) 2 (25) 3 (26) 3 (27) 4 (28) 1 (29) 1 (30) 3
(31) 3 (32) 1 (33) 3 (34) 3 (35) 2 (36) 2 (37) 1 (38) 4 (39) 3 (40) 2
(41) 3 (42) 3 (43) 1 (44) 4 (45) 1 (46) 1 (47) 4 (48) 4 (49) 4 (50) 1
B.A. / B.Com. Common Entrance Examination
MODEL QUESTION PAPER (2) Paper -1 General English, General Knowledge and Aptitude

PART - I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

Read the passage given below and pickup the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

To many people (1).......................stamp (2)...................merely something necessary for (3)..............a letter. They regard stamp-col-lecting (4).................a waste of time, effort and money. But there are many people (5)..................love (6)..........................stamps and find this hobby worthwhile and more profitable. (7).................other leisure pursuits. Collecting stamps (8)............................to pass (9)...............time quickly (10)...............pleasantly.

1. 1. a 2. an 3. all 4. many
2. 1. was 2. is 3. are 4. has
3. 1. send 2. sent 3. sending 4. is sending
4. 1. for 2. about 3. and 4. as
5. 1. whom 2. who 3. which 4. on
6. 1. bought 2. buy 3. buying 4. buyer
7. 1. than 2. about 3. for 4. and
8. 1. helping 2. is helping 3. helps 4. was helping
9. 1. a 2. an 3. about 4. the
10. 1. but 2. and 3. because 4. about

PART - II (5x2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. The tiger is a ferocious animal
   1. domestic 2. friendly 3. cruel 4. meek

12. Be diligent and you will succeed
   1. lazy 2. evil 3. hard working 4. idle

13. Suresh is an indolent boy
   1. clever 2. lazy 3. bright 4. healthy
14. The meeting started with a cautious note
   1. careful    2. careless  3. bad        4. violent
15. Religion is not the monopoly of any country
   1. model      2. sole control   3. motive  4. property

PART - III (5x2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the word in appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. To err is—__________, to forgive divine.
   1. good  2. great  3. human  4. must

17. Man Proposes, God—__________
   1. disposes  2. fails  3. shows  4. withholds

18. Am / my brother’s—__________?
   1. friend  2. enemy  3. keeper  4. boss

19. Give us this day our daily—__________
   1. wheat  2. bread  3. rice  4. tea

20. What a piece of work is—__________!
   1. man  2. horse  3. elephant  4. child

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks. (30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

21. Sahara desert is located in the following continent

22. Golden temple is located in the city of
23. The first lady to become a judge of supreme court in India was

24. The mountain ranges that divided India into North and South are

25. Who was the first chairman of Rajya Sabha?

26. The City of Hyderabad was constructed by

27. High intake of which of the following is regarded as the main cause of heart diseases?

28. In India population census is taken once in
1. 10 years 2. 12 years 3. 6 years 4. 8 years
1. Which of the following is not a computer language?

2. Find the pair of words below, which is different from the other three pairs of words.

3. The following is a Kharif Crop

4. The State with highest population in India is

5. Who is the Governor of Reserve Bank of India at Present?

6. Hiracud Project is in the following State
36. What is the normal body temperature of a healthy human being? 
   1. 98.6°F  2. 298.4°C  3. 304.3°F  4. 70.8°C

37. The blood pressure of young human being is 
   1. 110/70  2. 135/70  3. 120/80  4. 140/80

38. How many days in the leap year? 
   1. 363  2. 364  3. 365  4. 366

39. Who is invented X-ray? 

40. Which is the birth place of Brahmaputra river? 

41. There are 2600 books in a library. Of which 38% are English books and the remaining are Telugu books. How many Telugu books are there in the library? 
   1. 988  2. 1612  3. 620  4. 1516

42. There are three groups of students each containing 25, 50 and 25 students respectively. The average marks that are obtained by the first two groups are 60 and 50. The combined average of all the three groups is 58. What is the average of the marks that are scored by the third group? 
   1. 62  2. 72  3. 70  4. 65
43. Cost price of an article is Rs. 105. If that was sold at 20 % profit, find the sale price?

Rs. 8,400 is distributed among A, B and C in the ratio of 1:2:4. The difference between the shares of B and C is

1. Rs.125/- 2. Rs.115/- 3. Rs.145/- 4. Rs 126/-

44. An amount of Rs.8400 is distributed among A, B and C in the ratio of 1:2:4.
The difference between the shares of B and C is

1. Rs.2200 2. Rs.3600 3. Rs.2400 4. Rs.1200

45. Which of the following classical dance form associated with Andhra Pradesh?


1. भारतानाय भारतादाय 2. कुचिपुड़ी 3. मोहनी अत्ताम 4. कथक

46. The capital of Pakistan is

1. Dhaka 2. Ashkabad 3. Islamabad 4. None of the above

1. दक्कन 2. अश्काबाद 3. इस्लामाबाद 4. नाारीतन सराह

47. The National game of India is


1. कूलिय तुरन्त 2. क्रिकेट 3. बे सल 4. हैकी

48. The Nagarjuna Sagar Dam is constructed on the following river


1. गोडावरी 2. क्रिश्णा 3. पेंना 4. गुंडला कामोगा

49. Diamonds are richly available in the following State


1. कर्नाटक 2. आंध्र प्रदेश 3. राजस्थान 4. मध्य प्रदेश
50. *International Literacy day is celebrated on*

1. April 11  
2. March 8  
3. August 15  
4. September 8

School of Distance Education B.A. / B.Com., Common Entrance Examination - 2010 (Revised Pattern)

| Reg. No. | Part - I |  | Part - II |  | Part - III |  | General Knowledge & Aptitude |  |
|---------|---------|  |---------|  |---------|  |-----------------------------|  |
|         | (1) 1   | (2) 2 | (3) 3 | (4) 4 | (5) 2 | (6) 3 | (7) 1 | (8) 3 | (9) 4 | (10) 2 | (11) 3 | (12) 3 | (13) 2 | (14) 1 | (15) 2 | (16) 3 | (17) 1 | (18) 3 | (19) 2 | (20) 1 | (21) 1 | (22) 1 | (23) 4 | (24) 3 | (25) 3 | (26) 3 | (27) 3 | (28) 1 | (29) 2 | (30) 4 | (31) 1 | (32) 1 | (33) 2 | (34) 1 | (35) 4 | (36) 1 | (37) 3 | (38) 4 | (39) 2 | (40) 2 | (41) 2 | (42) 2 | (43) 4 | (44) 3 | (45) 2 | (46) 3 | (47) 4 | (48) 2 | (49) 4 | (50) 4 |
PART-I

Read the passage given below and pick up the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

If we permit ourselves to (1) ....................... a lie once, it is a lot (2)......................... to do it a second and a (3)...................time until it (4).....................a habit. Success lies (5).................. the philosophy of “sustain and abstain”. Sustain (6)......................needs to be done and abstain (7)............What is detrimental (8).........................this becomes habitual Honesty and integrity (9)....................the result of (10)..................our belief system and practice.

1. 1. tell 2. tell 3. told 4. have told
2. 1. easy 2. easiest 3. difficult 4. easier
3. 1. third 2. fourth 3. first 4. fifth
4. 1. became 2. becoming 3. becomes 4. become
5. 1. by 2. in 3. for 4. at
6. 1. which 2. through 3. unless 4. what
7. 1. from 2. by 3. for 4. at
8. 1. to 2. at 3. until 4. for
9. 1. is 2. are 3. were 4. being
10. 1. both 2. as well as 3. what 4. which

PART - II (5x2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. He prefers solitude
   1. group 2. company 3. loneliness 4. comparison

12. Successful people are courageous
    1. bold 2. timid 3. miserly 4. philosophical

13. Help other less fortunate than yourself
    1. dangerous 2. strong 3. weak 4. luckily

14. Do not express personal resentment
    1. appreciation 2. hatred 3. praise 4. admission

15. Ability is important but dependability is crucial
    1. departure 2. polite 3. reliability 4. joking

PART - III (5x2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.
16. Birds of the same feather ———— together
1. flock  2. fight  3. swim  4. chase

17. Spare the rod and ———— the child
1. love  2. spoil  3. shake  4. fix

18. All that ———— is not gold
1. glitters  2. scorns  3. laughs  4. strikes

19. Do in Rome as ———— do

20. Empty vessels make much ————
1. voice  2. noise  3. singing  4. fight

SECTION - B
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE
This section has 30 multiple choice questions. 30x2 = 60 Marks
Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet.
Each question carries two marks.

21. Who discovered Oxygen?

22. North-East monsoon come in India during

23. Which of the following is the currency used in Bangladesh?

24. Constitution of the Indian Republic came into force on

25. The Capital of Nagaland is
26. **The Indian National tree is**

1. Banyan  
2. Mango  
3. Teak  
4. Neem

27. **Through which insect is the disease Malaria spread?**

1. Butterfly  
2. Cockroach  
3. Housefly  
4. Mosquito

28. **Lunar Eclipse occurs when**

1. The Earth comes between the Sun and the Moon  
2. The Moon comes between the Sun and Earth  
3. The Mars comes between the Sun and the Moon  
4. None of the above

29. **In which state Ajanta and Ellora caves are located?**

1. Andhra Pradesh  
2. Maharashtra  
3. Orissa  
4. West Bengal

30. **Kurnool district belongs to the following region**

1. Andhra region  
2. Rayalaseema region  
3. Telangana region  
4. Free area

31. **The term of Rajya Sabha members is**

1. 4 years  
2. 10 years  
3. 5 years  
4. 6 years
32. The largest river in India is

33. Which of the following countries has the largest population?

34. Who invented Television?

35. Who appoints the Governor of a State?
1. Chief Minister 2. Vice-president 3. President 4. Prime Minister

36. Who is known as Andhra Kesari?

37. Who is the Chairman of Planning commission?
1. Finance Minister 2. Prime Minister 3. Planning Secretary 4. President

38. Who is the author of the book ‘Kanya Sulkam’?

39. Which is the largest Ocean in the world?
1. Pacific 2. Atlantic 3. Arctic 4. None of the above
40. Aids day is celebrated on

41. Rajeev Gandhi International Airport is situated in the following Place

42. Who is the author of Kumara Sambhavam?

43. Which city is called Pink city?

44. The year 2008 is a leap year. When will the next leap year occur?

45. Which of the following metal is the hardest metal?

46. The average runs scored by eleven players in a cricket team is 31. When the runs scored by the captain are substracted, the average increases by 2. How many runs were scored by the captain?
47. A circular playground with 9,000 meters diameter is to be fenced. If the cost of fencing is Rs. 50 for each meter, then the total cost of fencing is 9,000 meters.

Cost of fencing = 9,000 meters × Rs. 50/meter

Options:
1. Rs. 50,000
2. Rs. 90,000
3. Rs. 4,50,000
4. Rs. 45,000

48. If a number exceeds 25 percent of itself by 40 then the number is

Let the number be x.

x = 0.25x + 40

Options:
1. 120
2. 50
3. 80
4. 60

49. Bhanu and Sudha did a business. They earned some profit and they divided it in the ratio of 2 : 3. If Bhanu invested Rs. 70,000, the amount invested by Sudha is

Investment ratio = 2 : 3

Bhanu's investment = Rs. 70,000

Sudha's investment = 3 units

Total investment = 2 + 3 = 5 units

Option:
1. 1,05,000
2. 1,25,000
3. 1,50,000
4. 80,000

50. A person deposits Rs. 10,000 in a Bank at a simple interest. If the total money returned after 5 years Rs. 20,000. What is the rate of interest per annum?

Principal (P) = Rs. 10,000

Total amount after 5 years = Rs. 20,000

Interest = Total amount - Principal = Rs. 20,000 - Rs. 10,000 = Rs. 10,000

Rate of interest (R) = (Interest / (Principal × Time)) × 100

Options:
1. 10%
2. 12%
3. 15%
4. 20%
PART-I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)
Read the passage given below and pickup the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

Last night (1).................in my room. I (2)....................a peculiar dream in which I (3)............to fly in the air. I (4)..................see the houses, trees, the river and the port. I don’t know how long I (5).........................flying like that. The second (6)......................you count all the tributaries and look at the area it covers, the Amazon is the biggest river in the world. Its (9)....................flow through five countries (10)..............great speed.

2. 1. have 2. has 3. had 4. having
3. 1. begin 2. began 3. begun 4. beginning
4. 1. Lean 2. could 3. will 4. have
5. 1. have 2. been 3. have been 4. has been
6. 1. longest 2. long 3. large 4. best
7. 1. country 2. world 3. universe 4. continent
8. 1. when 2. if 3. unless 4. as
9. 1. water 2. tributaries 3. followers 4. canals
10. 1. with 2. in 3. through 4. from

PART-II 5x2 = 10 Marks
Pick up the .option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. She needs some solace
   1. complaint 2. comfort 3. pain 4. help
12. The smugglers were hounded out of the forest.
   1. arrested 2. searched 3. chased 4. transported
13. You must choose your vocation
   1. holiday 2. profession 3. career 4. study
14. Many boxers were knocked down Mahammad Ali
   1. finished 2. warned 3. defeated 4. succeeded
15. Familiarity breeds contempt.
   1. control 2. scorn 3. influence 4. satisfaction

PART-III 5x2 = 10 Marks
Pick the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.
16. Slow and....................wins the race
   1. study  2. steady  3. strong  4. mighty

17. Where there’s will, there is a.........................
   1. fight  2. wave  3. way  4. goal

18. Art is.........................and life is short
   1. shorter  2. long  3. longer  4. spectacular

19. All is fair in......................the war.
   1. sports  2. riding  3. love  4. quarrel

20. The.........................is the index of the mind
   1. face  2. body  3. hand  4. leg

SECTION - B
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. 30 X 2 = 60 Marks

Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet.

Each question carries two marks.

21. The mountain ranges that divide India into North and South are.....
   1. Himalaya mountains  2. Aravali mountains
   3. Hindukush mountains  4. Vindhyas mountains

22. Chilka Lake is located in the state of.......................

23. The city of Hyderabad was constructed by
   1. Nizam-ul-mulk  2. Osman All Khan

24. The most polluted river in India is
25. ‘Arthasastra’ the work on polity, was authored by

26. ‘Meghasandesam’ a famous Sanskrit kavya was brought by

27. The state with highest population in India is

28. The Hirakud project was constructed across the river

29. The major Kharif crop in India is

30. Which planet is nearer to the Sun

31. The First Women Prime Minister in the World
32. ‘Insulin’ is used to control which of the following ailments?

33. During which king’s rule was the famous poet Tenali Ramakrishna’ known as one of the ‘Ashta Diggajas’?

34. International Women’s day is celebrated on

35. Who is called architect of Indian constitution?

36. How many players are in a Cricket Team?
1. 10 2. 11 3. 12 4. 15

37. Who elect the speaker of Lok Sabha

38. Which of the following is India’s national bird?
39. How many States are there in India?
   1. 25  2. 26  3. 27  4. 28

40. What is the normal body temperature of a healthy human being?
   1. 70.8°C  2. 98.4°C  3. 98.4°F  4. 104.3°F

41. Who imposes emergency in our country?
   1. Prime Minister  2. President  3. Home Minister  4. Defence Minister

42. The deficiency of which of the following causes night blindness?

43. In the following which is the odd one out?

44. Who is the author of "Geethanjali"?

45. Two sections A and B of the class consists of 20 and 30 students respectively. The average percentage of marks scored by the two sections respectively are 90 and 80. What is the class average percentage of marks?
   1. 86  2. 84  3. 85  4. 87

46. The present population of a town is 8 lakhs and the growth rate of population per annum is 5 per cent. The population of a town after 3 years is
47. The market price of a Television is Rs.15,000 and discount is 15 per cent. Find the selling price?

1) Rs. 16,275  
2) Rs. 16,000  
3) Rs. 12,275  
4) Rs. 12,750

48. Find the missing number in the following series 6, 12, 21, ....... , 48

1. 38
2. 45
3. 40
4. 33

49. A person borrows Rs. 12,000 from a bank at an interest of 11 percent per annum. If the total money is to be paid in 12 equal instalments?; what is the monthly instalment?

1. Rs.1300  
2. Rs.1200  
3. Rs.1110  
4. Rs.1100

50. Which of the following is the currency used in Japan?

1. Dinar  
2. Lira  
3. Yuan  
4. Yen
B.A. / B.Com. Common Entrance Examination
MODEL QUESTION PAPER (5) Paper -1 General English,
General Knowledge and Aptitude

PART - I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)
Read the passage given below and pickup the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

Cricket on the other hand, is(1).......................easier. In Bombay where Sachin grew (2)......................and in many other places, boys 3).................cricket all over the place, in (4)..............streets and in parks. They need only a (5)...............and a ball, and a few friends to play with. Sachin was coached (6)...............Ramakant Achrekar, and very soon he was playing for his school. (7)...............hundred of runs. When he was sixteen, he played his first Ranji Trophy (8).................and hit a century. Not much (9)...............he was in the national team, playing (10).................India.

2. 1. On 2. up 3. in 4. upon
3. 1. playing 2. playful 3. play 4. are played
4. 1. all 2. the 3. an 4. a
5. 1. ball 2. stick 3. batting 4. bat
6. 1. by 2. with 3. from 4. on
7. 1. counting 2. scoring 3. getting 4. finding
8. 1. game 2. sport 3. match 4. event
9. 1. late 2. earlier 3. later 4. lately
10. 1. from 2. for 3. by 4. to

PART - II 5x2 = 10 Marks
Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. Mother Teresa was Compassionate

1. greedy 2. kind 3. Selfless 4. Selfseeking
12. He seems ill at ease.
   1. unwell  2. unreasonable  3. uneasy  4. easy to talk

13. You must use your discretion.
   1. disturbance  2. speech  3. prudence  4. differentiation

14. He passed out in the subsequent attempt
   1. real  2. previous  3. first  4. following

15. The speech was monotonous.
   1. tiresome  2. interesting  3. worthy  4. reasonable

PART-III 5x2 = 10 Marks

Pick the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. A _______ in time saves nine
    1. Game  2. Stitch  3. run  4. buy

17. Great talkers are never great
    1. doers  2. players  3. speakers  4. politicians

18. Haste makes
    1. great  2. rich  3. waste  4. paste

19. Count not your _______ before they are hatched.
    1. money  2. chickens  3. insects  4. cats

20. All is well that _______ well
    1. Lends  2. builds  3. thinks  4. walks

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE

This section has 30 multiple choice questions

Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in ten enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.  30 X 2 = 60 Marks

21. Which of the following is the largest peninsula in the world?
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Arabian peninsula</td>
<td>2. Indian peninsula</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Malaya peninsula</td>
<td>4. None of the above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Which of the following countries is to the West of India?</td>
<td>1. Sri Lanka</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. China</td>
<td>3. Pakistan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Nepal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The number of districts in Andhra Pradesh State.</td>
<td>1. 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 23</td>
<td>3. 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. 25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Temple is located in the city of</td>
<td>1. Brussels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Chandigarh</td>
<td>3. Amritsar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Delhi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Capital of Pakistan is</td>
<td>1. Baghdad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Dhaka</td>
<td>3. Islamabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Chitgong</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Which of the following is India’s National Emblem?</td>
<td>1. Lily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Crescent</td>
<td>3. Lion capital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Corn Flower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
28. Which of the following is the currency used in Sri Lanka?

29. Who is the author of Andhra Mahabagavatham?

30. High intake of which of the following is regarded as the main cause of heart diseases?

31. Who wrote our National Anthem Janaganamana?
   1. Bankin Chandra Chetterjee 2. Subhas Chandra Bose

32. Which is the birch place of Krishna river?

33. Who discovered Oxygen?

34. Who is the founder of Arya Samaj?
   1. Swami Vivekananda 2. Tulasi das
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39. How many acres of Sand make a hectare?</td>
<td>1.2.47 2.1.74 3.4.24 4. 7.14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
41. The term of Rajya Sabha chairman in India is
   1. 5 years  2. 6 years  3. 4 years  4. 3 years

42. Who was the first president of India?
   1. Jawaharlal Nehru  2. Rajendra Prasad
   3. Lal Bahadur Sastry  4. Rajagopalachary

43. Which of the following states has the lowest literacy rate?

44. When North-East monsoon come in India?

45. The difference between 12 times and 8 times of a number is 64. What is the number?
   1.16  2.24  3.32  4.40

46. An employee spends 40 per cent of his monthly salary on food items, 20 per cent on house rent and 30 per cent on other miscellaneous expenses. If he saves 2000/- a month then his monthly salary is
   1. 1600  2. 2240  3. 3320  4. 4400
47. Sarala Kumari has taken a loan from the Bank an amount of Rs.10,000 and the rate of interest is 18 percent. At the end of the year how much she should pay the interest.

1. Rs.2,000  
2. Rs.1,800  
3. Rs.1,500  
4. Rs.1,600

48. The cost of 10 note books is Rs.85. What is the cost of 15 note books?

1. Rs. 127.50  
2. Rs. 130.50  
3. Rs. 120.50  
4. Rs. 140.50

49. Which is the next number in the sequence of numbers?

1, 3, 9, 27, 81 ...................... ?

1. 263  
2. 243  
3. 162  
4. 135

50. B is the father and C is mother of D. The father of B is A. What is the relationship of A to D?

1. Aunt  
2. Uncle  
3. Grand father  
4. Uncle

1. అంటం  
2. పటేడ్వుడు  
3. కౌర్ణక ప్రధానుడు  
4. పటేడ్వుడు
SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
B.A. / B.Com., Common Entrance Examination
Reg. No. (Revised Pattern)
MODEL ANSWER SHEET

Instructions:

**PAPER - I**
ENGLISH LANGUAGE, GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & APPTITUDE

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Paper - II : Telugu / Hindi / Sanskrit / Oriya / Urdu**

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>