SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

MODEL QUESTION PAPERS

B.A./B.COM.
COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION
(Revised Pattern)

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FROM THE DIRECTOR’S DESK

You are welcome to the Distance Education fraternity. This prospectus covers all important points pertaining to B.A./B.Com., Common Entrance Examination under the Revised Pattern with effect from the examination of June, 2001. There is no prescribed Syllabus for this examination. The objective of this examination is to test the aptitude of the learner and his or her communicative skills. This would provide the base for seeking higher education effectively through the School of Distance Education, Andhra University.

The learners are advised to give their own postal address only, so that they receive all the information directly sent by the School from time to time. We have no agents or intermediaries and hence the school is not responsible for any promises or prospectus issued by them. The learners are advised to be in touch with the School either directly or through the Study Centres.

We would be happy to serve you at every stage until you complete your degree.

With best wishes.

Prof. N.L. NARASIMHA RAO
Director
SECTION - A

SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

A BRIEF PROFILE

Distance Education is now accepted as an effective system of education. It helps learners to seek higher education who otherwise would have no access due to many disadvantages.

The School of Distance Education, Andhra University was established on 1st July, 1972 with the objective of offering courses under distance mode for different sections consisting of house-wives socially disadvantaged and economically weaker sections of the society.

Initially B.A. and B.Com., Degree Courses were offered with the Assistance of the U.G.C. Liberalised admissions into B.A./B.Com. Courses under open system was introduced in 1976. No formal academic qualification is required to take the entrance examination, but the candidate should have completed 18 years of age by 1st July / 1st January of the year of appearance for the B.A./B.Com. Common Entrance Examination. The Entrance examinations is now common for both B.A. and B.Com and revised pattern is effective from June, 2001. The revised pattern is based on objective type consisting of questions on general knowledge and communication skills to test the aptitude of the candidates to pursue higher studies.

At present about 48 courses are on offer covering Degree, P.G. Degree and P.G. Diploma Courses. These courses comprise of conventional, non-conventional and professional courses.

A student admitted in the school studies the same syllabus and is awarded the same degree as in the case of regular students of this University.

Self - Instructional study material and face to face interaction is the main stay of academic component, supplemented by multi - media package wherever possible.
B.A. / B.COM COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

Model Question Paper (1)

Paper - I : General English, General Knowledge and Aptitude

Time : 1 Hour : 10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.       Max. Marks : 100

Booklet No.          Hall Ticket No.

Name of the Centre : ____________________________

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

01. This is an objective type test and questions are of multiple choice. Out of the given four multiple options, the candidates have to choose the correct / appropriate answer and have to write in the relevant question number box on the answer sheet.

02. Do not open the Booklet till you are instructed.

03. Mark your answer in numbers 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 in the block provided for the respective question on the Answer Sheet.

04. Answer with over writing will be ignored while awarding marks.
05. Before answering, check your booklet. In case you find the booklet defective, report immediately to the Invigilator.

06. Enter your Hall Ticket No. (in digits) in the blocks provided on the cover page and also on the Answer Sheet. If the hall ticket number on the cover page and the Answer Sheet do not tally, it is considered as a case of malpractice and the script will not be valued.

07. Answers must be written on the Answer Sheet in blue / black / blue - black using fountain pen or ball point pen only.

08. The candidate has to return only the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator after the examination is over, and he / she has to take with him / her the question paper booklet.

09. The candidates are advised to follow all the instructions, scrupulously.
SECTION - A
ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PART - I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

Read the passage given below and pick up the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

One common mistake that (1) _______ people (2) _______ made (3) _______ this; they have (4) _______ that it would be (5) _______ very good thing (6) _______ every body (7) _______ exactly (8) _______ same amount of money, no matter whether (9) _______ worked hard (10) _______ lived quite idly.

01. (1) a (2) many (3) an (4) they
02. (1) have (2) has (3) be (4) did
03. (1) had (2) do (3) has (4) is
04. (1) think (2) thinks (3) thought (4) thinking
05. (1) a (2) an (3) the (4) some
06. (1) and (2) if (3) this (4) though
07. (1) do (2) done (3) be (4) had
08. (1) the (2) a (3) an (4) more
09. (1) he (2) she (3) they (4) you
10. (1) but (2) if (3) whether (4) or

PART - II (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. He is very obstinate in his attitude
(1) smooth (2) stubborn (3) happy (4) cordial

12. Sita was stricken with grief
(1) affected by (2) concerned (3) pivoted (4) represented

13. Gandhiji was assassinated by Godse.
(1) loved (2) assisted (3) murdered (4) glorified

14. Ravi's behaviour this morning was strange.
(1) very cordial (2) jovial (3) peaceful (4) unusual

15. Patience is a virtuous quality.
(1) bad (2) unwanted (3) chaste (4) Regressive
PART - III (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. *A rolling *___________ *gathers no moss*
   (l) car (2) cart (3) stone (4) jewel

17. *___________ is a kind of wild justice*
   (1) joke (2) revenge (3) magic (4) cricket

18. *___________ is the spice of life.*
   (1) Food (2) Exercise (3) Health (4) variety

19. *Sweet are the uses of _____________*
   (1) Adversity (2) Killing (3) Abusing (4) Pollution

20. *The child is _____________ of the man.*
   (1) Son (2) Relation (3) Father (4) Taste

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE (30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.

21. *Chilka Lake is located in the state of*
   (1) Andhra Pradesh (2) Orissa (3) Tamilnadu (4) West Bengal

22. *North - East monsoon come in India during*
   (1) May - September (2) November - January (3) June - September (4) February - May

23. *Which of the following is not a metal?*
   (1) Ammonia (2) Copper (3) Plutonium (4) Zinc

24. *Which of the following is the largest Peninsula in the world?*
   (1) Arabian Peninsula (2) Indian Peninsula
25. Which of the following Vitamin is essential for the formation of bones and teeth?
   (1) Vitamin A   (2) Vitamin B   (3) Vitamin C   (4) Vitamin D

26. Which country won the 2011 World Cup Cricket tournament?
   (1) Australia   (2) England   (3) Sri Lanka   (4) India

27. Which of the following temples was constructed out a single rock?
   (1) Kailasanath Temple at Ellora   (2) Brihedeswara Temple at Tanjore
   (3) Thousand Pillar Temple at Hanumakonda   (4) Shore Temple at Mahabalipuram

28. Starch and Sugar together are named as
   (1) Carbohydrates   (2) Fats   (3) Glucose   (4) Proteins

29. How many centimeters make a meter?
   (1) 10   (2) 100   (3) 1000   (4) 10000

30. What is the name of the woman astronaut of Indian Origin who was killed in the tragic accident of the spaceship Columbia in February 2003?
   (1) Kalpana Singh   (2) Kalpana Roy   (3) Kalpana Chawla   (4) Rupa Chawla
31. According to 2011 census, India's population is
(1) 121.01 Crores (2) 120.53 crores (3) 123.01 crores (4) 115.53 crores

32. Chairman of the Planning Commission of India is
(1) President (2) Prime Minister (3) Finance Minister (4) Finance Secretary

33. Who appoints the Governor of State in India?
(1) Chief Minister (2) President (3) Prime Minister (4) Vice-President

34. Antibiotics are drugs used for the cure of
(1) Bacterial diseases (2) Cancer (3) Malaria (4) Nervous disorders

35. Which of the following is suited for dry land agriculture
(1) Paddy (2) Wheat (3) Maize (4) Sugar Cane

36. Every year April 14th is celebrated as the birthday of which of the following famous persons?
(1) Babu Jagjeevan Ram (2) Gurunanak (3) Baba Saheb Ambedkar (4) Sardar Patel.

37. Which of the following is the currency used in France?
38. Which planet is nearer to Sun?
(1) Earth (2) Pluto (3) Saturn (4) Mercury

39. Which is the next number in the sequence of numbers? 1, 3, 9, 27, 81--?
(1) 99 (2) 135 (3) 162 (4) 243

40. Which one is different from the rest of the three?
(1) Mango Fruit (2) Banana Fruit (3) Brinjal (4) Orange

41. A man goes 150 metres to the East and then 200 metres to the North. How far is he from the starting point?
(1) 175 metres (2) 225 metres (3) 250 metres (4) 375 metres

42. One bell strikes at every 6 seconds, the second bell strikes at every 9 seconds, and the third bell strikes at every 12 seconds. When will they all strike together?
(1) 12 seconds (2) 18 seconds (3) 24 seconds (4) 36 seconds

43. Who is the author of ‘Geethanjali’?
(1) Mrunalini Sen (2) Rabindranath Tagore (3) R.K. Narayan (4) Premchand
44. Which is the birth place of Krishna river?
   (1) Nasik       (2) Mahabaleswaram
   (3) Kailasasikaram       (4) Gangotri

45. Who is the author of “Panduranga Mahatyam”?
   (1) Tenali Rama Krishnudu (2) Tikkana
   (3) Sri Krishna Devarayulu       (4) Pothana

46. “Human Rights Day” is celebrated on
   (1) January 10       (2) March 10       (3) December 10       (4) November 10

47. Who is the leader of Parliament in India?
   (1) President       (2) Vice-President       (3) Speaker       (4) Prime-Minister

48. “Mohini Attam” dance is related to the following state.
   (1) Andhra Pradesh       (2) Gujarat       (3) Kerala       (4) Tamilnadu

49. In India, Attorney General is appointed by the following
   (1) President       (2) Prime Minister       (3) Law Minister       (4) Supreme Court Judge

50. Bokaro Steel Factory is situated in the following state.
   (1) Assam       (2) Bihar       (3) Orissa       (4) West Bengal
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B.A. / B.COM COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION
Model Question Paper

Time: 1 Hour, 11a.m. to 12 Noon  Max. Marks : 100

Paper - II (A) TELUGU

1. సహా, తమ్మెను నావనవ ప్రాంతం. వారి ప్రత్యేక తమ్మె ప్రాంతం.

2. సహా, తమ్మెను నావనవ ప్రాంతం. వారి ప్రత్యేక తమ్మె ప్రాంతం.

(10x2 = 20 మార్క్స్)

ప్రకటించిన ఉపయోగాంశాలను బాగట పినరిడ్డించండి. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ మల్లికం ఖాతా ప్రాంతం. ప్రత్యేక సంఖ్య - మల్లికం ప్రాంతానికి అప్సహరంపై పినరిడ్డించండి. మల్లికం - మల్లికం నావనవం ప్రాంతం. అన్నారు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతాం ప్రాంతం. అది అంటే మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. ఉపయోగంగా మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం.

ఎందుకు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. అందుకు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. అందుకు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. అన్నారు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. అది అంటే మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. ఉపయోగంగా మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం.

ఉపయోగంగా మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం.

51. ఎందుకు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం. అందుకు మల్లికం ప్రాంతం మల్లికం ప్రాంతం.

1. సహా, తమ్మెను నావనవ ప్రాంతం

2. సహా, తమ్మెను నావనవ ప్రాంతం
| 1. కుడి చిన్న మంటు ధర్మా | 2. నవంబర్ కన్న ధర్మా | 3. కుడి చిన్న మంటు ధర్మా | 4. కుడి చిన్న మంటు ధర్మా |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 52.వివాదం చేసే ప్రపంచవ్యాప్తా విస్తారం |
| 1. స్పందాను చేసే ప్రపంచవ్యాప్తా విస్తారం | 2. అంతరీకరణ విస్తారం | 3. కుడి చిన్న మంటు ధర్మా | 4. కుడి చిన్న మంటు ధర్మా |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 53.మృగాసంస్థలు మీద ప్రాంతా | 1. చిన్నమూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. చిన్నమూసంస్థలు | 4. వివాదం చేసే ప్రపంచవ్యాప్తా విస్తారం |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 54.మృగాసంస్థలు అంగంలో స్పందాను విస్తారం | 1. అంగంలో స్పందాను | 2. అంగంలో స్పందాను | 3. అంగంలో స్పందాను | 4. అంగంలో స్పందాను |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 55.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 56.చిన్నమూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 57.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 58.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 59.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 60.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 61.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 62.ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 1. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 2. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 3. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు | 4. ప్రాంతామూసంస్థలు |
63. పత్రికల నమస్కారం 32 నుంచి మిగతా విద్యార్థులకు
1. పత్రికల నమస్కారం 2. అభివృద్ధి 3. అభివృద్ధి స్థానికం 4. అహావాయితి

64. పత్రికల నమస్కారం గొడ్డడు
1. పత్రికల నమస్కారం 2. అభివృద్ధి 3. అభివృద్ధి 4. అహావాయితి

65. పత్రికల నమస్కారం పేరుగాయలు మందిపేరు మంది కోసం
1. పత్రికల నమస్కారం 2. అభివృద్ధి 3. అభివృద్ధి 4. అహావాయితి

66. పరిస్థితి నమస్కారం
1. పనిచేతుల నమస్కారం 2. మనస్తత నమస్కారం 3. నీని నమస్కారం 4. నీని నమస్కారం

67. పరిస్థితి కట్టడం లాభాలు ప్రతి పదార్థ
1. పనిచేతుల నమస్కారం 2. నీని నమస్కారం 3. నీని నమస్కారం 4. నీని నమస్కారం

68. పత్రికల నమస్కారం ముందు నుండి మందిపేరు
1. పాఠశాలలు 2. నీని నమస్కారం 3. నీని నమస్కారం 4. నీని నమస్కారం

69. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం బండిలు పేరు
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం

70. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం ప్రధాన పాఠశాలలు
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం

3. ఇతర అభివృద్ధి కొరకు నమస్కారం మందిపేరు మందిపేరు మందిపేరు మందిపేరు

(5x2=10 మార్కస్)

71. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం

72. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం

73. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం

74. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం
1. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 2. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 3. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం 4. పాఠశాలల నమస్కారం
Congratulations
1. 2. 3. 4.

Wish you happy life
1. 2. 3. 4.

When one is angry, he loses energy
1. 2. 3. 4.

Precaution is better than cure
1. 2.
85. Youth and beauty are not permanent
1. যouth and beauty are not permanent
2. যouth and beauty are not permanent
3. যouth and beauty are not permanent
4. যouth and beauty are not permanent

86. National interest must rank first to a good citizen
1. নাতিশ গুরুত্ব প্রাপ্ত হওয়া উচিত
2. নাতিশ গুরুত্ব প্রাপ্ত হওয়া উচিত
3. নাতিশ গুরুত্ব প্রাপ্ত হওয়া উচিত
4. নাতিশ গুরুত্ব প্রাপ্ত হওয়া উচিত

87. Eschew anatomy of religion and pathology of caste
1. ধর্ম মূলধন ছাড়া বিশ্বাস সৃষ্টি
2. ধর্ম মূলধন ছাড়া বিশ্বাস সৃষ্টি
3. ধর্ম মূলধন ছাড়া বিশ্বাস সৃষ্টি
4. ধর্ম মূলধন ছাড়া বিশ্বাস সৃষ্টি

88. Innocence is pardonable, ignorance not
1. সচেতন নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে
2. সচেতন নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে
3. সচেতন নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে
4. সচেতন নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে নিষ্ঠুরতার চেয়ে

89. Scolding others spoils your tongue
1. আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়, আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়
2. আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়, আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়
3. আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়, আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়
4. আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়, আচরণের জ্বলন্ত অনুভূতি হয়

90. Money can’t buy you love
1. প্রিয়তার অভাবের প্রতীক
2. প্রিয়তার অভাবের প্রতীক
3. প্রিয়তার অভাবের প্রতীক
4. প্রিয়তার অভাবের প্রতীক
5.2. విషయాలలో పాటు పాటు ఉండి, కాని శాసనాల పంచసంఖ్యలు ఉంచండి (5x2=10 పంచసంఖ్యలు)

91. 1. ప్రతి ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. కాని బిలింగ్స్ పరస్పర వివాదాల పరిశీలనలు సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. కాని వ్యాప్తి పరిశీలనలు సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. 
2. ప్రతి ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. కాని బిలింగ్స్ పరస్పర వివాదాల పరిశీలనలు సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. 
3. ప్రతి ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. కాని బిలింగ్స్ పరిశీలనలు సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. 
4. ప్రతి ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి. 

92. 1. తమ్ముడు దిని ఆశిశాల వివాదం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
2. తమ్ముడు దిని ఆశిశాల వివాదం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
3. తమ్ముడు దిని ఆశిశాల వివాదం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
4. తమ్ముడు దిని ఆశిశాల వివాదం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 

93. 1. అప్సరి లో సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
2. అప్సరి లో సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
3. అప్సరి లో సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
4. అప్సరి లో సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 

94. 1. ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
2. ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
3. ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి, ప్రతిదినం ఉండండి, 
4. ప్రతిదినం సాధారణంగా ఉండండి.
95. 1. ఉదాహరణలో నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
2. ఉదాహరణలో నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
3. ఉదాహరణలో నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
4. ఉదాహరణలో నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి ఉపయోగించారు

5. రూపాలను అందించడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
   రూపాలను అందించడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
   రూపాలను అందించడానికి ఉపయోగించారు
అంభికులు సాధారణంగా నియంత్రణ చేయబడినా (5×2=10 రూపాను)

96. వాటి నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   1. నియంత్రణ విషయాలు ఉపయోగించడానికి
   2. వాటి నియంత్రణ విషయాలు ఉపయోగించడానికి
   3. వాటి నియంత్రణ విషయాలు ఉపయోగించడానికి
   4. వాటి నియంత్రణ విషయాలు ఉపయోగించడానికి

97. రవాణా నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   1. రవాణా నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   2. రవాణా నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   3. రవాణా నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   4. రవాణా నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి

98. సంయుక్త నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   1. సంయుక్త నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   2. సంయుక్త నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   3. సంయుక్త నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   4. సంయుక్త నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి

99. సంచాలన నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   1. సంచాలన నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   2. సంచాలన నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   3. సంచాలన నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   4. సంచాలన నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి

100. ప్రత్యేక నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   1. ప్రత్యేక నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   2. ప్రత్యేక నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   3. ప్రత్యేక నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
   4. ప్రత్యేక నియంత్రణలో ఉపయోగించడానికి
भारतेन्दु हरिश्चंद्र आधुनिक हिंदी काव्य के प्रमुख नाम हैं। उन का निवास और कर्म स्थल था काशी। वाय विश्वनाथ की नगरी और गंगा की नगरी। वे जीवन भर गंगा से बहुत निकट से जुड़े रहे।

गंगा उनके नाम को गरिमा, मुख्य एवं समृद्ध प्रदान करनेवाली थी, साथ ही गंगा भारत के लाखों - करोड़ों व्यक्तियों को जीवन और वीरति देने रही। भारतेन्दु ने जिस काल में काव्य रचना प्रारंभ की, उस समय देश को गरीब संस्कृति एवं साहस की आकारणता थी। विदेशी शासन के प्रारंभ से पूरा भारत अंधकार के गर्व में वृद्धि गया था। अन्तिम गौरव को कोई याद नहीं करता थी और विदेशी शासकों से मुक्ति करने का साहस किसी के पास न था। ‘भारत दुःश्च’, ‘नीलदेबी’ आदि नाटकों के माध्यम से भारतेन्दु जी ने समय समय पर विदेशी शासकों के प्रति अपनी अनावश्यक एवं भारत के प्रति अपना गरीब मोह स्वरूप किया। गंगा भारतेन्दु की कल्पना का प्रयोग रोकने रही। काशी ता भगवान शंकर की नगरी है और जिस गंगा ने भवन शंकर के जंगल में वास किया हो वह काशी में न हो तो काशी का अर्थ ही बड़ा रह जाएगा। फिर भी बड़ी गंगा प्रयाग में जाकर यमुना से भी उस में समा कर अलंकार अनुभव करती है।

51. आधुनिक हिंदी काव्य के प्रसन्ना की है?
   1. जय शंकर प्रसाद 2. भारतेन्दु हरिश्चंद्र 3. महादेवी वर्मा 4. प्रेमचंद

52. भारतेन्दु का करंडेल की नगरी सा है?
   1. काशी 2. मुंगेर 3. हेदराबाद 4. कलकत्ता

53. विश्वनाथ की नगरी की सी है?
   1. प्रबंधन 2. काशी 3. सिंधु 4. गंगा

54. भारतेन्दु जीवन या हिस से जुड़े थे?
   1. यमुना 2. कृष्णा 3. सिंधु 4. गंगा

55. भारत के लाखों नगरों की जीवन देनेवाली की है?
   1. काशी 2. हरिश्चंद्र 3. यमुना 4. गंगा
56. गंगा उस नगर में क्या प्रदास करने वाली थी?
   1. दुख  2. भान  3. फसल  4. सुख - समृद्धि

57. 'भारत की दुर्गा' के लेखक कौन है?
   1. भारतेन्दु  2. पंच  3. प्रसाद  4. निराला

58. नीलकंद का लेखक कौन है?
   1. पंज  2. भारतेन्दु  3. निराला  4. महानदी वर्मा

59. विशेष शासन से कौनसा देश अंधकार में डूब गया था?
   1. बीन  2. आयस्ट  3. अमेरिका  4. भारत

60. काशी किस महादेव की नगरी है?
   1. विष्णु  2. गा  3. शंकर  4. इंद्र

प्रश्न और उत्तर ध्यान से पढ़िए और सही उत्तर की सेल्फ़ उत्तर पुस्तिका में भरिए।

61. राम चार दिन पहले (आ)
   1. आयोगा  2. आया था  3. आया है  4. आता है

62. लक्ष्मी ने यह बात प्लसी (कह) -
   1. कही  2. कहा  3. कहेगा  4. कहता है

63. लक्ष्मण ने पुलक (पढ़)
   1. पढ़ेगा  2. पढ़ाता है  3. पढ़ा  4. पढ़ी

64. यह वक्त भुकाम में है
   1. लक्ष्मी ने गोटी खाई 2. लक्ष्मी गोटी खाएगी 3. लक्ष्मी गोटी खाती हैं 4. लक्ष्मी गोटी खा रहा है।

65. यह पहला है। बच्चे बदलने पर
   1. वे पड़ते हैं  2. वह पड़ते हैं  3. आप पड़ते हैं  4. वे पड़ती हैं

66. लड़की खेलती है। लिंग बदलने पर
   1. लड़की खेलता हैं  2. लड़की खेलता है  3. लड़की खेलते हैं  4. लड़का खेलता है।

67. सीता मंटर लड़की है। विशेषण है -
   1. सीता  2. बुन्दित  3. मंटर  4. है

68. स्वाम नेत्र दिया है। क्या विशेषण है
   1. स्वाम  2. तेज़  3. दीपिता  4. है

69. में पुस्तक लिखनी है। इस वक्त का वाच्य है
   1. कर्म वाच्य  2. श्रवण वाच्य  3. भाव वाच्य  4. विशेषण वाच्य

70. 'ने' इस कारक का प्रत्यय है -
1. कर्म  
71. दुखला का विलोम  
1. मोटा  
2. नाटा  
3. लंबा  
4. पतला  
72. ‘सुख’ का विलोम  
1. संतोष  
2. असंतोष  
3. दुःख  
4. आक्रोश  
73. धुन का विलोम  
1. प्रवाह  
2. छावा  
3. क्रिया  
4. अंधेरा  
74. रात का विलोम  
1. अंधकार  
2. प्रवाह  
3. दिन  
4. सप्ताह  
75. लंबा का विलोम है  
1. बड़ा  
2. पतला  
3. नाटा  
4. दुखला  
76. लड़का स्कूल जाता है - वचन बदलिए।  
1. लड़का स्कूल जाता है।  
2. लड़का स्कूल जाता है।  
3. लड़के स्कूल जाते हैं।  
4. लड़के स्कूल जाती है।  
77. लड़की पुलक पड़ रही है - लिंग बदलिए।  
1. लड़की पुलक पड़ रहा है।  
2. लड़की पुलक पड़ रहे हैं।  
3. लड़की पुलक पड़ती है।  
4. लड़की पुलक पड़ता है।  
78. लड़का खाना खा रहा है। वचन बदलिए।  
1. लड़का खाना खा रहा है।  
2. लड़के खाना खा रहे हैं।  
3. लड़की खाना खा रही है।  
4. लड़के खाना खा रही है।  
79. प्रयत्नित निकलनेवाली पत्रिका  
1. दैनिक  
2. मासिक  
3. वार्षिक  
4. अर्ध वार्षिक  
80. धोबी का ग्राम लिंग रूप  
1. धोबा  
2. धोबी  
3. धोबी  
4. धोबिन  
81. Who are you?  
1. तुम कौन हों?  
2. तुम कैसे हों?  
3. तुम कैसा हों?  
4. आप क्या हैं?  
82. What is this?  
1. यह क्या है?  
2. यह कैसा है?  
3. यह कैसा है?  
4. यह कैसा है?  
83. Telugu is my Mother tongue  
1. तेलुगु मेरा मातृभाषा है।  
2. तेलुगू मेरी मातृभाषा है।
84. Radha comes hero often
1. Radha यहाँ अबसर आता है।
2. Radha यहाँ अबसर आते हैं।
3. Radha यहाँ अबसर आता रहता है।
4. Radha यहाँ अबसर आती है।

85. What are you doing?
1. आप क्या करता हैं?
2. आप क्या कर रहे हैं?
3. आप क्या है?
4. आप क्या करे हैं?

86. Santhi is in he shop.
1. शांति दुकान है।
2. शांति दुकान में है।
3. शांति दुकान का है।
4. शांति दुकान पायी है।

87. Saritha will go to Visakhapatnam tomorrow.
1. सारिता कल विशाखापट्तनम जाएगी।
2. सारिता कल विशाखापट्तनम गई।
3. सारिता कल विशाखापट्तनम जाती होगी।
4. सारिता कल विशाखापट्तनम गई होगी।

88. There is a book on the table.
1. मेज पर एक पुस्तक है।
2. मेज पर एक पुस्तक होगी।
3. मेज पर एक पुस्तक था।
4. मेज पर एक पुस्तक रही।

89. Rama went to Bangalore Yesterday
1. राम कल बंगलूर गया।
2. राम कल बंगलूर जाएगा।
3. राम कल बंगलूर जाता होगा।
4. राम कल बंगलूर जा रहा है।

90. I want to go to Bazar.
1. मैं बाजार जाऊंगा।
2. मैं बाजार जाना चाहता हूँ।
3. हम बाजार जाता है।
4. हम बाजार जाता है।

91. शुद्ध तक्त पह चानिए।
1. प्रमोद खाना खाता है।
2. प्रमोद खाना खाते हैं।
3. प्रमोद खाना खाए।
4. प्रमोद खाना खाए।

92. शुद्ध तक्त पहचानिए।
1. हम अब जाना है।
2. हम अब जाना है।
3. हम अब जाता है।
4. हम अब जायें।

93. शुद्ध तक्त पहचानिए।
1. राम ने रेटी खाया।
2. राम ने रेटी खाया।
3. राम ने रेटी खाता है।
4. राम ने रेटी खा रहा है।

94. शुद्ध तक्त पहचानिए।
1. उसने कहा था। 2. उसने कहा है। 3. वह कहा है। 4. वह कही है।

95. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. वह आता है। 2. वह आता है। 3. उसे आती है। 4. उसे आता है।

96. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. हम से कहा जाता है। 2. हम से किया जाता है। 3. हम से कर लेता है। 4. हम से करता है।

97. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं। 2. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।
3. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं। 4. इस कमरे में चार लोग हैं।

98. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. यह मेरी बहन है। 2. ये मेरा बहन है। 3. यह मेरी बहन है। 4. यह मेरे बहन है।

99. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. यह अच्छी लड़का है। 2. ये अच्छा लड़का है। 3. इन्हें अच्छा लड़का है। 4. उनों अच्छी लड़का है।

100. शुद्ध वाक्य पहचानिए।
1. सीता कल चेंद्री जाएगी। 2. सीता कल चेंद्री जाएगी।
3. सीता कल चेंद्री जाती है। 4. सीता ने कल चेंद्री जाता है।
Model Question Paper

Time: 1 Hour, 11 a.m. to 12 Noon  Max. Marks: 100

Paper - II (E) SANSKRIT

Attempt all questions, Each question carries two marks

सब्ब प्रश्नः समाचेवः | समानांब्दकः |

Select the correct answer among the given four for each question

51. रामायणस्य कर्त्ता कः?
   1. व्यास: 2. कालिदास: 3. भव्वभूति: 4. वालमीकि:

52. कुमारसंभव महाकाव्यस्य कर्त्ता कः?
   1. कालिदास: 2. वालमीकि: 3. भव्वभूति: 4. माघ:

53. वेदः कर्ति?
   1.1.8 2.8 3.4 4.12

54. आदिकृति: कः?
   1. व्यास: 2. कालिदास: 3. भास: 4. वालमीकि:

55. गीतगोपालकस्य कर्त्ता कः?
   1. वालमीकि: 2. व्यास: 3. जयदेव: 4. कालिदास:

56. रामायणं नारिका कः?
   1. सीता 2. कौशल्या 3. कैंक्री: 4. मण्डोदारी

57. भगवद्गीता कस्मिन् ग्रंथे लत्ते?
   1. गीतायां 2. महाभारते 3. विष्णुपुराणे 4. भगवते

58. रामायणं नायकः कः?
   1. दशरथ: 2. लक्षण: 3. राम: 4. रावण:

59. भमसेन्द्रश्च कथ्य कृति:?
   1. वालमीकः 2. व्यास्य 3. भारवे: 4. कालिदासस्य

60. उत्तरायमणिर्न नाटकस्य कर्त्ता कः?
   1. भव्वभूति: 2. महानायण: 3. कालिदास: 4. शूकर:

61. सत्यंमेव......
   1. जयति 2. जयते 3. जयु: 4. जय

62. सत्यं सुभूयमाः ......
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. धनम्</th>
<th>2. खम्</th>
<th>3. बिया</th>
<th>4. मदम्</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>63. अतिज्ञाना ............ ्भवति।</td>
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<th>2. मुख्याय</th>
<th>3. पुण्याय</th>
<th>4. स्वराय</th>
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<tr>
<td>64. आजातशतु : इति कौशिकचे?</td>
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<td>65. ......... मुखमिंडे जगतु।</td>
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<th>3. स्मृत्व्यः</th>
<th>4. ब विस्मरणोऽवम्</th>
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<td>68. हुयमससरसम्</td>
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<th>3. कूह</th>
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<td>69. परोपकार। .........।</td>
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<td>70. नारीणा मुहुणम् ......।</td>
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<td>71. माध्य श्लोकायः</td>
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<th>3. केशवः</th>
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<td>72. भवानी श्लोकायः</td>
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<td>73. रितु श्लोकायः</td>
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<td>74. कपि श्लोकायः</td>
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<th>1. चाय</th>
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<td>75. जन्मी श्लोकायः</td>
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<th>3. उलिता</th>
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<tr>
<td>76. कृपण: जलं......</td>
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<tr>
<td>77. अहं ग्रामं .........।</td>
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26
1. गर्भसिस
2. गर्भानि
3. गर्भामि
4. गर्भतः

78. वायं जानाय अनु.......
1. पदति
2. पदानि
3. पदसि
4. पदामः

79. लं कुञ्ज
1. गर्भति
2. गर्भसिस
3. गर्भानि
4. गर्भामि

80. प्राणिन: अभ्रेन अनु.......
1. जीवति
2. जीवानि
3. जीवानि
4. जीतः

81. कविन्दः इति शब्दः कौं सधे: उदाहरण भवति
1. गुणसंबंधः
2. बृहस्पंदः
3. सवर्णदीपंसंबंधः
4. परम्परांसंबंधः

82. देवनः
1. गुणसंबंधः
2. बृहस्पंदः
3. सवर्णदीपंसंबंधः
4. विशंसंबंधः

83. विविकः
1. गुणसंबंधः
2. बृहस्पंदः
3. सवर्णदीपंसंबंधः
4. सवर्णादेशसंबंधः

84. जमानतिः
1. विशंसंबंधः
2. जमानसंबंधः
3. गुणसंबंधः
4. श्रुवसंबंधः

85. सं इति पदम्
1. पुलिङ्गः
2. स्तोलिङ्गः
3. ततुसकलिङ्गः
4. तियुलिङ्गः समान

86. रम्य शब्दः
1. अकारान्तः
2. आकारान्तः
3. इकारान्तः
4. आकारान्तः

87. नदी शब्दः
1. पुलिङ्गः
2. ततुसकलिङ्गः
3. स्तोलिङ्गः
4. तियुलिङ्गः समान

88. गम्बुझणी .........
1. हिन्दुमानः
2. बहुव्रीहः
3. इकारान्तः
4. कर्मधाराय समासः

89. हरिभिः
1. तृतीया एकचवनम्
2. तृतीया बहुवचनम्
3. तृतीया ढिवचनम्
4. चतुर्भूति बहुवचनम्

90. कथम्
1. प्रथमा बहुवचनम्
2. प्रथमा ढिवचनम्
3. प्रथमा एकचवनम्
4. द्वितीया एकचवनम्

91. कथं विचं जातीयात्
1. युन्ते
2. विनेतु
3. व्यसनेतु
4. आपत्तु

92. ........... हता लहङ्का
1. अनिलपान्  2. अतिवद्यांत्  3. अतिभलान्  4. अतिशिवपान्
93. मृयलय ....... आद्यम्
   1. असि  2. अस्तु  3. मास्तु  4. नास्ति
94. अहं सम्येव ....... ।
   1. वद्यमि  2. वद्वति  3. वद्वति  4. वद्वति
95. हर शब्दश्वर्थः:
   1. हरः  2. इद्धः  3. विषुः  4. मिष्यः
96. अहं सर्वं जेद्यः तेषां .........
   1. भज्यमि  2. भज्ति  3. भज्तसि  4. भज्ञः
97. अनन्ति: इति शब्दश्वर्थः:
   1. आधिः  2. जलम्  3. वत्:  4. मुर्वः
98. अरण्ण शब्दश्वर्थः:
   1. रग्ना  2. सरस्वती  3. परव्यः  4. लश्मी
99. नमस्कृत्व पुण्यम् ...
   1. रागना  2. चन्द्रः  3. विषा  4. दिलः
100. धन्मो  .............. रक्षितः।
    1. रक्षितः  2. रक्ष्यति  3. रक्षितिः  4. रक्षतः
Read the passage given below and pick up the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

I had never (1) __________________ a house (2) ______________ fire before. So, one evening when I (3) ____________________ fire engines (4) __________________ loud alarm bells rushing past my house, I quickly (5) ___________________ out (6) ______________ a few streets away, joined (7) ___________________ large crowd (8) _______________________________________ people; but we could (9) ___________________ the fire only from___________________ a distance because the police would not allow anyone (10) ___________________ the building on fire.

01. (l) see (2) seen (3) saw (4) seed
02. (l) on (2) in (3) over (4) from
03. (1) hearing (2) hear (3) heard (4) was hearing
04. (l) in (2) on (3) above (4) with
05. (l) run (2) ran (3) was run (4) running
06. (l) and (2) by (3) because (4) from
07. (l) the (2) few (3) an (4) a
08. (l) in (2) on (3) of (4) over
09. (l) saw (2) was seen (3) seen (4) see
10. (1) above (2) near (3) in (4) on

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. The water in the village was contaminated
   (1) made impure (2) pure (3) good (4) sweet

12. He who obeys instructions guards his life
   (1) spoils (2) protects (3) shoots (4) loses

13. The honest officer detests corruption in the society
PART - III (5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. Speech is silver, but silence is ————
   (1) red  (2) golden  (3) yellow  (4) white

17. Can two walk together, except they be ————
   (1) agreed (2) fighting  (3) different (4) enemies

18. They speak like saints, and ———— like devils.
   (1) dance  (2) fight  (3) act  (4) go

19. The best way to learn a language, is to ———— it
   (1) forget (2) throw  (3) sing  (4) speak

20. ———— are the uses of adversity.
   (1) Terrible  (2) Sweet  (3) Dangerous  (4) Decent

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE (30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.

21. Which of the following countries is to the west of India?
   (1) Sri Lanka  (2) China  (3) Pakistan  (4) Nepal

22. Chilaka Lake is located in the State of
   (1) West Bengal  (2) Orissa  (3) Tamilnadu  (4) Andhra Pradesh

23. Who is the present president of India?
   (1) A.P.L. Abdul Kalam  (2) Sonia Gandhi
24. **International Women’s day is celebrated on**
   (1) April 11th  (2) March 8th  (3) August 15th  (4) January 26th
   (1) 11th April  (2) 8th March  (3) 15th August  (4) 26th January

25. **During which kings rule was the famous poet “Tenali Rama Krishna” known as one of the ‘Asta Diggajas’?**
   (1) RajarajaNarendra  (2) Harsha  (3) Sri Krishna Devarayalu  (4) Tippusultan
   (1) Rajaraja  (2) Harsha  (3) Sri Krishna  (4) Tipu Sultan

26. **Earth completes one rotation on its axis in**
   (1) 23 hours and 30 minutes  (2) 24 hours  (3) 23 hours 56 minutes and 49 seconds  (4) 23 hours, 1 minute and 10 sec.
   (1) 23:30:00  (2) 24:00:00  (3) 23:56:49  (4) 23:01:10

27. **How many Districts are in Andhra Pradesh?**
   (1) 20  (2) 21  (3) 22  (4) 23

28. **Which of the following is India’s National Emblem?**
   (1) Lion Capital  (2) Lily  (3) Crescent  (4) Golden Rod
   (1) Lion Capital  (2) Lily  (3) Crescent  (4) Golden Rod

29. **Who was the last British Governor General?**
   (1) Atlee  (2) Mountbaten  (3) Wellessly  (4) WarenHastings
   (1) Atlee  (2) Mountbatten  (3) Wellesley  (4) Warren Hastings

30. **Who is the chairman of 13th Finance Commission?**
   (1) Manmohan Singh  (2) K.C. Pant  (3) Vyaya Kelkar  (4) S. Ranga Rajan
31. Which of the following vitamins is essential for the formation of bones and teeth?
(1) Vitamin A  (2) Vitamin B  (3) Vitamin D  (4) All of these

32. Which of the following is the biggest Public Sector Bank in India?
(1) State Bank of India  (2) Union Bank of India  (3) City Bank  (4) Indian Bank

33. The Book “India Wins Freedom” was written by
(1) Subas Chandra Bose  (2) Sardar Patel  (3) Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad  (4) M.K. Gandhi

34. Which of the following Country Won the first Twenty - Twenty World Cricket Cup?
(1) Australia  (2) Sri Lanka  (3) India  (4) South Africa

35. Who invented Telephone?
(1) Samuel F. B. Morse  (2) Alexander Graham Bell  (3) G Markoni  (4) J. L. Byard

36. The first Indian who got Noble Prize
(1) C. Rajagopalachari  (2) Ravindranadha Tagore  (3) C.V. Raman  (4) A. K. Sen
37. Which of the following is the Longest river in India?
(1) Ganga  (2) Brahmaputra  (3) Godavari  (4) Yamuna

38. Among the following who is known as “Master Blaster”?
(1) Suneel Gavaskar  (2) Mahender Singh Dhoni  (3) Verandra Sewag  (4) Sanchin Tendulkar

39. How many centimeters make a feet?
(1) 12  (2) 24  (3) 30  (4) 60

40. Which is the next number in the following sequence 3, 9, 81 -------
(1) 162  (2) 6561  (3) 346  (4) 246

41. Which city is called ‘Pink City’?
(1) Jaipur  (2) Mysore  (3) NewYork  (4) Mumbai

42. Among the following countries which is not a member in ‘SAARC’?
(1) Sri Lanka  (2) Bangladesh  (3) West Indies  (4) Pakistan

43. If the fourth day of April is Sunday, then what is the first day of the next month?
(1) Saturday  (2) Sunday  (3) Friday  (4) Monday
44. Tamilnadu Express starts from Chennai at 22.00 hours and reaches to Warangal Morning 8 hours. The distance between Chennai and Warangal is 640 Kms. Find the average speed of the train
   (1) 70 Km/hp  (2) 80 Km/hp  (3) 90 Km/hp  (4) 64 Km/hp
   Tamilnadu Express starts from Chennai at 22.00 hours and reaches to Warangal Morning 8 hours. The distance between Chennai and Warangal is 640 Kms. Find the average speed of the train?
   (1) 70 Kmph  (2) 80 Kmph  (3) 90 Kmph  (4) 64 Kmph

45. The difference between 12 times and 8 times of a number is 64. What is the number?
   (1) 16  (2) 24  (3) 32  (4) 40
   The difference between 12 times and 8 times of a number is 64. What is the number?
   (1) 16  (2) 24  (3) 32  (4) 40

46. Bhanu Prasad bought a TV for Rs.15,000 and sold it for Rs. 18,000. Find the profit percentage?
   (1) 20%  (2) 15%  (3) 12.5%  (4) 17.5%
   Bhanu Prasad bought a TV for Rs.15,000 and sold it for Rs. 18,000. Find the profit percentage?
   (1) 20%  (2) 15%  (3) 12.5%  (4) 17.5%

47. Which of the following is the hardest metal?
   (1) Gold  (2) Iron  (3) Platinum  (4) Tungsten
   Which of the following is the hardest metal?
   (1) Gold  (2) Iron  (3) Platinum  (4) Tungsten

48. Who defeated in Waterloo War?
   (1) Hitler  (2) Mussolini  (3)Akbar  (4) Nepolan
   Who defeated in Waterloo War?
   (1) Hitler  (2) Mussolini  (3)Akbar  (4) Nepolan

49. Which of the following is Andhra Pradesh formation day?
   (1) 15th August  (2) 26th January  (3) 5th September  (4) 1st November
   Which of the following is Andhra Pradesh formation day?
   (1) 15th August  (2) 26th January  (3) 5th September  (4) 1st November
50. The place of India in the production of Mica in the World
   (1) First   (2) Second   (3) Third   (4) Fourth

School of Distance Education B.A. / B.Com., Common Entrance Examination -
2010 (Revised Pattern)
Reg. No.    Model Answer Sheet
Instructions:

Part - I
(1) 2   (2) 1   (3) 3   (4) 4   (5) 2   (6) 1   (7) 4   (8) 3   (9) 4   (10) 2

Part - II
(11) 1   (12) 2   (13) 4   (14) 3   (15) 1

Part - III
(16) 2   (17) 1   (18) 3   (19) 4   (20) 2

General Knowledge & Aptitude
(21) 3   (22) 2   (23) 4   (24) 2   (25) 3   (26) 3   (27) 4   (28) 1   (29) 1   (30) 3
(31) 3   (32) 1   (33) 3   (34) 3   (35) 2   (36) 2   (37) 1   (38) 4   (39) 3   (40) 2
(41) 1   (42) 3   (43) 1   (44) 4   (45) 1   (46) 1   (47) 4   (48) 4   (49) 4   (50) 1
B.A./B.Com. Common Entrance Examination
MODEL QUESTION PAPER (2) Paper -I General English,
General Knowledge and Aptitude

PART - I (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)
Read the passage given below and pickup the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

To many people (1)........................... stamp (2)..................... merely something necessary for (3).............. a letter. They regard stamp-col-lecting (4).................. a waste of time, effort and money. But there are many people (5)................. love (6).................... stamps and find this hobby worthwhile and more profitable. (7)............. other leisure pursuits. Collecting stamps (8)......................... to pass (9).................. time quickly (10).................. pleasantly.

1. 1. a 2. an 3. all 4. many
2. 1. was 2. is 3. are 4. has
3. 1. send 2. sent 3. sending 4. is sending
4. 1. for 2. about 3. and 4. as
5. 1. whom 2. who 3. which 4. on
6. 1. bought 2. buy 3. buying 4. buyer
7. 1. than 2. about 3. for 4. and
8. 1. helping 2. is helping 3. helps 4. was helping
9. 1.a 2. an 3. about 4. the
10. 1. but 2. and 3. because 4. about

PART - II (5x2 = 10 Marks)
Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. The tiger is a ferocious animal
1. domestic 2. friendly 3. cruel 4. meek

12. Be diligent and you will succeed
1. lazy 2. evil 3. hard working 4. idle

13. Suresh is an indolent boy
1. clever 2. lazy 3. bright 4. healthy
14. The meeting started with a cautious note
1. careful  2. careless  3. bad  4. violent

15. Religion is not the monopoly of any country
1. model  2. sole control  3. motive  4. property

**PART - III**  
(5x2 = 10 Marks)

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the word in appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. To err is —————————————————, to forgive divine.
1. good  2. great  3. human  4. must

17. Man Proposes, God ————————————
1. disposes  2. fails  3. shows  4. withholds

18. Am / my brother’s ————————?
1. friend  2. enemy  3. keeper  4. boss

19. Give us this day our daily ——————————— ————
1. wheat  2. bread  3. rice  4. tea

20. What a piece of work is ————————!
1. man  2. horse  3. elephant  4. child

**SECTION - B**

**GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE**

This section has 30 multiple choice questions. Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks.  
(30 x 2 = 60 Marks)

21. Sahara desert is located in the following continent

22. Golden temple is located in the city of
23. The first lady to become a judge of supreme court in India was

24. The mountain ranges that divided India into North and South are
1. Himalaya Mountains  2. Hindukush mountains

25. Who was the first chairman of Rajya Sabha?
1. C. Rajagopalachari  2. Babu Rajendra Prasad

26. The City of Hyderabad was constructed by

27. High intake of which of the following is regarded as the main cause of heart diseases?

28. In India population census is taken once in
1. 10 years  2. 12 years  4. 6 years  4. 8 years
29. Which of the following is not a computer language?

30. Find the pair of words below, which is different from the other three pairs of words.

31. The following is a Kharif Crop

32. The State with highest population in India is

33. Who is the Governor of Reserve Bank of India at Present?

34. Hiracud Project is in the following State

35. Khadhambari was authored by
36. What is the normal body temperature of a healthy human being?

- 36.7°C
- 37.5°C
- 104.3°F
- 70.8°C

37. The blood pressure of young human beings is

- 120/80
- 135/70
- 110/70
- 140/80

38. How many days in the leap year?

- 366
- 365
- 364
- 363

39. Who is invented X-ray?

- David Hughes
- Rant Zen
- Karl Benz
- Edward Butler

40. Which is the birth place of Brahmaputra river?

- Brahmagiri
- Tibet
- Srinagar
- Penna

41. There are 2600 books in a library. Of which 38% are English books and the remaining are Telugu books. How many Telugu books are there in the library?

- 988
- 1612
- 620
- 1516

42. There are three groups of students each containing 25, 50 and 25 students respectively. The average marks that are obtained by the first two groups are 60 and 50. The combined average of all the three groups is 58. What is the average of the marks that are scored by the third group?

- 62
- 72
- 70
- 65
43. Cost price of an article is Rs. 105. If that was sold at 20 % profit, find the sale price?
   1. Rs.125/-  2. Rs.115/-  3. Rs.145/-  4. Rs.126/-

44. An amount of Rs.8400 is distributed among A, B and C in the ratio of 1:2:4. The difference between the shares of B and C is
   1. Rs.2200  2. Rs.3600  3. Rs.2400  4. Rs.1200

45. Which of the following classical dance form associated with Andhra Pradesh?

46. The capital of Pakistan is
   1. Dhaka  2. Ashkabad  3. Islamabad  4. None of the above

47. The National game of India is

48. The Nagarjuna Sagar Dam is constructed on the following river

49. Diamonds are richly available in the following State
50. **International Literacy day is celebrated on**

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<td>Telugu</td>
<td>ఎన్నిక్కలు అధికారిక అధ్యక్షుడు నిర్ణయించిన తేది</td>
<td>పరుగు</td>
<td>ఆగస్టు 15</td>
<td>సెప్టెంబర్ 8</td>
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School of Distance Education B.A./B.Com., Common Entrance Examination - 2010 (Revised Pattern)

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**Part - I**

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**General Knowledge & Aptitude**

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B.A. / B.Com. Common Entrance Examination
MODEL QUESTION PAPER (3) Paper -1 General English,
General Knowledge and Aptitude

PART - I
Read the passage given below and pick up the correct word to fill in the blanks
by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

If we permit ourselves to (1) ....................... a lie once, it is a lot
(2)................... to do it a second and a (3) .............. time until it (4)................. a habit.
Success lies (5).................. the philosophy of “sustain and abstain”. Sustain
(6)..................needs to be done and abstain (7)........... What is detrimental
(8)....................this becomes habitual Honesty and integrity (9).............. the
result of (10).................. our belief system and practice.

1. 1. tell 2. tell 3. told 4. have told
2. l. easy 2. easiest 3. difficult 4. easier
3. 1. third 2. fourth 3. first 4. fifth
4. 1. became 2. becoming 3. becomes 4. become
5. 1. by 2. in 3. for 4. at
6. 1. which 2. through 3. unless 4. what
7. 1. from 2. by 3. for 4. at
8. l.to 2. at 3. until 4. for
9. 1.is 2. are 3. were 4. being
10. 1. both 2. as well as 3. what 4. which

PART - II (5x2 = 10 Marks)
Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and
put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. He prefers solitude
l. group 2. company 3. loneliness 4. comparison

12. Successful people are courageous
1. bold 2. timid 3. miserly 4. philosophical

13. Help other less fortunate than yourself
1. dangerous 2. strong 3. weak 4. luckily

14. Do not express personal resentment
1. appreciation 2. hatred 3. praise 4. admission

15. Ability is important but dependability is crucial
1. departure 2. polite 3. reliability 4. joking

PART - III (5x2 = 10 Marks)
Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and
put in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.
16. Birds of the same feather———together
   1. flock  2. fight  3. swim  4. chase

17. Spare the rod and———-the child
   1. love  2. spoil  3. shake  4. fix

18. All that———-is not gold
   1. glitters  2. scorns  3. laughs  4. strikes

19. Do in Rome as———-do

20. Empty vessels make much———-
   1. voice  2. noise  3. singing  4. fight

SECTION - B
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE
This section has 30 multiple choice questions. 30x2 = 60 Marks
Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet.
Each question carries two marks.

21. Who discovered Oxygen?

22. North-East monsoon come in India during

23. Which of the following is the currency used in Bangladesh?

24. Constitution of the Indian Republic came into force on

25. The Capital of Nagaland is
26. The Indian National tree is

27. Through which insect is the disease Malaria spread?

28. Lunar Eclipse occurs when
1. The Earth comes between the Sun and the Moon
2. The Moon comes between the Sun and Earth
3. The Mars comes between the Sun and the Moon
4. None of the above

29. In which state Ajanta and Ellora caves are located?

30. Kurnool district belongs to the following region
1. Andhra region 2. Rayalaseema region
3. Telangana region 4. Free area

31. The term of Rajya Sabha members is
1. 4 years 2. 10 years 3. 5 years 4. 6 years
<table>
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<th>Question</th>
<th>Options</th>
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<tr>
<td>33. <em>Which of the following countries has the largest population?</em></td>
<td>1. India 2. Canada 3. U.S.A 4. Australia</td>
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<tr>
<td>37. <em>Who is the Chairman of Planning commission?</em></td>
<td>1. Finance Minister 2. Prime Minister 3. Planning Secretary 4. President</td>
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<tr>
<td>41. Rajeev Gandhi International Airport is situated in the following Place</td>
<td>1. Mumbai 2. Delhi 3. Chennai 4. Hyderabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46. The average runs scored by eleven players in a cricket team is 31. When the runs scored by the captain are substracted, the average increases by 2. How many runs were scored by the captain?</td>
<td>1. 10 2. 15 3. 25 4. 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
47. A circular playground with 9,000 meters diameter is to be fenced. If the cost of fencing is Rs. 50 for each meter, then the total cost of fencing is 9,000

1. Rs. 50,000 2. Rs. 90,000 3. Rs. 4,50,000 4. Rs. 45,000

48. If a number exceeds 25 percent of itself by 40 then the number is

1. 120 2. 50 3. 80 4. 60

49. Bhanu and Sudha did a business. They earned some profit and they divided it in the ratio of 2 : 3. If Bhanu invested Rs. 70,009, the amount invested by Sudha is

1. 1,05,000 2. 1,25,000 3. 1,50,000 4. 80,000

50. A person deposits Rs. 10,000 in a Bank at a simple interest. If the total money returned after 5 years Rs. 20,000. What is the rate of interest per annum?

1. 10% 2. 12% 3. 15% 4. 20%

48
Read the passage given below and pickup the correct word to fill in the blanks by putting in the brackets in the answer sheet given separately.

Last night (1)............................. in my room. I (2).............................. a peculiar dream in which I (3)............................... to fly in the air. I (4).......................... see the houses, trees, the river and the port. I don’t know how long I (5)............................... flying like that. The second (6).............................. you count all the tributaries and look at the area it covers, the Amazon is the biggest river in the world. Its (9)............................. flow through five countries (10).......................... great speed.

2. 1. have 2. has 3. had 4. having
3. 1. begin 2. began 3. begun 4. beginning
4. 1. Lean 2. could 3. will 4. have
5. 1. have 2. been 3. have been 4. has been
6. 1. longest 2. long 3. large 4. best
7. 1. country 2. world 3. universe 4. continent
8. 1. when 2. if 3. unless 4. as
9. 1. water 2. tributaries 3. followers 4. canals
10. 1. with 2. in 3. through 4. from

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. She needs some solace
   1. complaint 2. comfort 3. pain 4. help
12. The smugglers were hounded out of the forest.
   1. arrested 2. searched 3. chased 4. transported
13. You must choose your vocation
   1. holiday 2. profession 3. career 4. study
14. Many boxers were knocked down by Muhammad Ali
   1. finished 2. warned 3. defeated 4. succeeded
15. Familiarity breeds contempt.
   1. control 2. scorn 3. influence 4. satisfaction
16. Slow and....................wins the race
   1. study        2. steady        3. strong        4. mighty

17. Where there’s will, there is a......................
   1. fight        2. wave          3. way            4. goal

18. Art is......................and life is short
   1. shorter      2. long          3. longer         4. spectacular

19. All is fair in....................the war.
   1. sports       2. riding        3. love           4. quarrel

20. The......................is the index of the mind
   1. face         2. body          3. hand           4. leg

SECTION - B
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE

This section has 30 multiple choice questions.                   30 X 2 = 60 Marks
Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the
appropriate brackets in the enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two
marks.

21. The mountain ranges that divide India into North and South are.....
   1. Himalaya mountains 2. Aravali mountains
   3. Hindukush mountains 4. Vindhya mountains

22. Chilka Lake is located in the state of.......................
   1. Andhra Pradesh 2. Orissa
   3. Tamilnadu 4. West Bengal

23. The city of Hyderabad was constructed by
   1. Nizam-ul-mulk 2. Osman All Khan

24. The most polluted river in India is
   1. Ganga 2. Godavari
   3. Yamuna 4. Saraswathi
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
32. ‘Insulin’ is used to control which of the following ailments?

33. During which king’s rule was the famous poet Tenali Ramakrishna known as one of the ‘Ashta Diggajas’?

34. International Women’s day is celebrated on

35. Who is called architect of Indian constitution?

36. How many players are in a Cricket Team?
1. 10 2. 11 3. 12 4. 15

37. Who elect the speaker of Lok Sabha?

38. Which of the following is India’s national bird?
39. How many States are there in India?
- 1. 25
- 2. 26
- 3. 27
- 4. 28

40. What is the normal body temperature of a healthy human being?
- 1. 70.8°C
- 2. 98.4°C
- 3. 98.4°F
- 4. 104.3°F

41. Who imposes emergency in our country?
- 1. Prime Minister
- 2. President
- 3. Home Minister
- 4. Defence Minister

42. The deficiency of which of the following causes night blindness?
- 1. Vitamin A
- 2. Vitamin B
- 3. Vitamin C
- 4. Vitamin D

43. In the following which is the odd one out?
- 1. Godavari river
- 2. Krishna river
- 3. Kaveri river
- 4. Bay of Bengal

44. Who is the author of 'Geethanjali'?
- 1. Mrunalini Sen
- 2. Rabindranath Tagore
- 3. R.K. Narayan
- 4. Premchand

45. Two sections A and B of the class consists of 20 and 30 students respectively. The average percentage of marks scored by the two sections respectively are 90 and 80. What is the class average percentage of marks?
- 1. 86
- 2. 84
- 3. 85
- 4. 87

46. The present population of a town is 8 lakhs and the growth rate of population per annum is 5 per cent. The population of a town after 3 years is
47. The market price of a Television is Rs.15,000 and discount is 15 per cent. Find the selling price?

1) 16,00,000  2) 9,26,100  3) 9,20,000  4) 8,94,000

48. Find the missing number in the following series 6,12,21,......, 48

6, 12, 21 ........................ 48

1. 38  2. 45  3. 40  4. 33

49. A person borrows Rs. 12,000 from a bank at an interest of 11 percent per annum. If the total money is to be paid in 12 equal instalments; what is the monthly instalment?

1.Rs.1300  2. Rs.1200  3. Rs.1110  4. Rs.1100

50. Which of the following is the currency used in Japan?

Cricket on the other hand, is (1) ............... easier. In Bombay where Sachin grew (2) ............... and in many other places, boys (3) ............... cricket all over the place, in (4) ............... streets and in parks. They need only a (5) ............... and a ball, and a few friends to play with. Sachin was coached (6) ............... Ramakant Achrekar, and very soon he was playing for his school. (7) ............... hundred of runs. When he was sixteen, he played his first Ranji Trophy (8) ............... and hit a century. Not much (9) ............... he was in the national team, playing (10) ............... India.

2. 1. On 2. up 3. in 4. upon
3. 1. playing 2. playful 3. play 4. are played
4. 1. all 2. the 3. an 4. a
5. 1. ball 2. stick 3. batting 4. bat
6. 1. by 2. with 3. from 4. on
7. 1. counting 2. scoring 3. getting 4. finding
8. 1. game 2. sport 3. match 4. event
9. 1. late 2. earlier 3. later 4. lately
10. 1. from 2. for 3. by 4. to

Pick up the option which gives the correct meaning of the word underlined and put it in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

11. Mother Teresa was Compassionate
   1. greedy 2. kind 3. Selfless 4. Selfseeking
12. He seems ill at ease.
   1. unwell  2. unreasonable  3. uneasy  4. easy to talk

13. You must use your discretion.
   1. disturbance  2. speech  3. prudence  4. differentiation

14. He passed out in the subsequent attempt
   1. real  2. previous  3. first  4. following

15. The speech was monotonous.
   1. tiresome  2. interesting  3. worthy  4. reasonable

PART-III 5x2 = 10 Marks

Pick the option which gives the correct meaning of the blank provided and put in the appropriate brackets in the answer sheet.

16. A __________ in time saves nine
   1. Game  2. Stitch  3. run  4. buy

17. Great talkers are never great __________
   1. doers  2. players  3. speakers  4. politicians

18. Haste makes __________
   1. great  2. rich  3. waste  4. paste

19. Count not your __________ before they are hatched.
   1. money  2. chickens  3. insects  4. cats

20. All is well that __________ well
   1. Lends  2. builds  3. thinks  4. walks

SECTION - B

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND APTITUDE

This section has 30 multiple choice questions
Choose the correct answer for each question and put that answer in the appropriate brackets in ten enclosed answer sheet. Each question carries two marks. 30 X 2 = 60 Marks

21. Which of the following is the largest peninsula in the world?
1. Arabian peninsula  
2. Indian peninsula  
3. Malaya peninsula  
4. None of the above

22. Which of the following countries is to the West of India?  
1. Sri Lanka  
2. China  
3. Pakistan  
4. Nepal

23. The number of districts in Andhra Pradesh State.  
1. 22  
2. 23  
3. 24  
4. 25

24. Golden Temple is located in the city of  
1. Brussels  
2. Chandigarh  
3. Amritsar  
4. Delhi

25. The chairman of the planning commission of India is  
1. Finance Minister  
2. Finance Secretary  
3. President  
4. Prime Minister

26. The Capital of Pakistan is  
1. Baghdad  
2. Dhaka  
3. Islamabad  
4. Chitgong

27. Which of the following is India’s National Emblem?  
1. Lily  
2. Crescent  
3. Lion capital  
4. Corn Flower
28. Which of the following is the currency used in Sri Lanka?

29. Who is the author of Andhra Mahabagavatham?

30. High intake of which of the following is regarded as the main cause of heart diseases?

31. Who wrote our National Anthem Janaganamana?
   1. Bankin Chandra Chetterjee 2. Subhas Chandra Bose

32. Which is the birthplace of Krishna river?

33. Who discovered Oxygen?

34. Who is the founder of Arya Samaj?
   1. Swami Vivekananda 2. Tulasi das
3. Unnava Lakshmi Narayana 4. Raja Ram Naohan Roy

35. Who elect the Vice-president of India?
1. Members of Lok Sabha 2. Assembly Members
3. Both Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha Members 4. Members of Rajya Sabha

36. Which is the smallest planet in solar system?

37. Which of the following is suited for dry land agriculture?

38. Which of the following players is associated with Chess?

39. How many acres of sand make a hectare?
1. 2.47 2. 2.174 3. 3.424 4. 4.714

40. Who discovered computer?
1. The term of Rajya Sabha chairman in India is
   1. 5 years  2. 6 years  3. 4 years  4. 3 years

2. Who was the first president of India?

3. Which of the following states has the lowest literacy rate?

4. When North-East monsoon come in India?

5. The difference between 12 times and 8 times of a number is 64. What is the number?
   1. 16  2.24  3.32  4.40

6. An employee spends 40 per cent of his monthly salary on food items, 20 per cent on house rent and 30 per cent on other miscellaneous expenses. If he saves 2000/- a month then his monthly salary is
   1. 8000  2. 9000  3. 10000  4. 12000
47. Sarala Kumari has taken a loan from the Bank an amount of Rs. 10,000 and the rate of interest is 18 percent. At the end of the year how much she should pay the interest.

1. Rs. 2,000  
2. Rs. 1,800  
3. Rs. 1,500  
4. Rs. 1,600

48. The cost of 10 note books is Rs. 85. What is the cost of 15 note books?

1. Rs. 127.50  
2. Rs. 130.50  
3. Rs. 120.50  
4. Rs. 140.50

49. Which is the next number in the sequence of numbers?

1, 3, 9, 27, 81, .................?

1. 263  
2. 243  
3. 162  
4. 135

50. B is the father and C is mother of D. The father of B is A. What is the relationship of A to D?

1. Aunt  
2. Uncle  
3. Grand father  
4. Uncle

1. गुजर  
2. नानाक  
4. नानाक
SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION  
B.A. / B.Com., Common Entrance Examination  
Reg. No. (Revised Pattern)  
MODEL ANSWER SHEET  
Instructions:  
PAPER - I  
ENGLISH LANGUAGE, GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & APPTITUDE  
1. [ ] 14. [ ] 27. [ ] 40. [ ]  
2. [ ] 15. [ ] 28. [ ] 41. [ ]  
3. [ ] 16. [ ] 29. [ ] 42. [ ]  
4. [ ] 17. [ ] 30. [ ] 43. [ ]  
5. [ ] 18. [ ] 31. [ ] 44. [ ]  
6. [ ] 19. [ ] 32. [ ] 45. [ ]  
7. [ ] 20. [ ] 33. [ ] 46. [ ]  
8. [ ] 21. [ ] 34. [ ] 47. [ ]  
9. [ ] 22. [ ] 35. [ ] 48. [ ]  
10. [ ] 23. [ ] 36. [ ] 49. [ ]  
11. [ ] 24. [ ] 37. [ ] 50. [ ]  
12. [ ] 25. [ ] 38. [ ]  
13. [ ] 26. [ ] 39. [ ]  
Paper - II : Telugu / Hindi / Sanskrit / Oriya / Urdu  
51. [ ] 64. [ ] 77. [ ] 90. [ ]  
52. [ ] 65. [ ] 78. [ ] 91. [ ]  
53. [ ] 66. [ ] 79. [ ] 92. [ ]  
54. [ ] 67. [ ] 80. [ ] 93. [ ]  
55. [ ] 68. [ ] 81. [ ] 94. [ ]  
56. [ ] 69. [ ] 82. [ ] 95. [ ]  
57. [ ] 70. [ ] 83. [ ] 96. [ ]  
58. [ ] 71. [ ] 84. [ ] 97. [ ]  
59. [ ] 72. [ ] 85. [ ] 98. [ ]  
60. [ ] 73. [ ] 86. [ ] 99. [ ]  
61. [ ] 74. [ ] 87. [ ] 100. [ ]  
62. [ ] 75. [ ] 88. [ ]  
63. [ ] 76. [ ] 89. [ ]  