M.A. Public Administration

Scheme and Syllabus



School of Distance Education Andhra University, Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh

PREVIOUS

Sl.No.	Code No.	Name of the paper
	M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS) (Revised Model Question Paper w.e.f. 2014-15 admitted batch)	
01.	SAPA - 330 A	Paper –I : Administrative Theory
02.	SAPA - 331 A	Paper II:
		Public Personal Administration
03.	SAPA - 332 A	Paper III: Indian Administration
04.	SAPA- 333 A	Paper –IV: Financial Administration
05.	SAPA - 334 A	Paper –V (a) : Rural Local Government
06.	SAPA - 335 A	Paper –V (b): Urban Local Government
07.	SAPA – 336 A	P –V (c): E-Governance in India (New Syllabus w.e.f. 2013-14 admitted batch)

FINAL

Sl.No.	Code No.	Name of the paper
	M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS) (Revised Model Question Paper w.e.f. 2014-15 admitted batch)	
01.	SAPA - 330 A	Paper –I : Administrative Theory
02.	SAPA - 331 A	Paper II:
		Public Personal Administration
03.	SAPA - 332 A	Paper III: Indian Administration
04.	SAPA- 333 A	Paper –IV: Financial Administration
05.	SAPA - 334 A	Paper –V (a): Rural Local Government
06.	SAPA - 335 A	Paper –V (b): Urban Local Government
07.	SAPA – 336 A	P –V (c): E-Governance in India (New Syllabus w.e.f. 2013-14 admitted batch)

M.A (PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION)

The objectives of the M. A. Public Administration are:

- Provide students with learning experiences that develop broad knowledge and understanding of key concepts of Public Administration and equip them with advanced knowledge and understanding for analyzing and performing the tasks concerning Public Affairs and Public System;
- Nurture ability among students to apply the acquired knowledge and skills to find solutions to specific theoretical and applied problems in Public Administration settings;
- Develop abilities in students to come up with innovative prescriptions/solutions for the benefit of society by diligence, leadership, team work and lifelong learning;
- Provide students with skills that enable them to get employment in public, private and
 Non-governmental sectors pursue higher studies or research assignments.

PROGRAMME OUT COME

- *To understand the nature and scope of Public Administration;
- *To appreciate the methodological pluralism and synthesizing nature of knowledge in Public Administration;
- *To comprehend the changing paradigms of Public Administration;
- *To acquaint with the theories, approaches, concepts and principles of Public

Administration;

- *To understand the administrative theories and concepts to make sense of administrative practices.
- * To Understand public administration theory and concepts from multiple perspectives;

- *To appreciate the nature, scope and changing paradigms of Public Administration;
- *To understand the synthesizing nature of knowledge of public administration from public Perspective.
- * Grasp the administrative theories, concepts and principles to make sense of administrative Practices with emerging trends.
- * Role of Public Services in the Emergence and Development of New State of Telangana
- *To appreciate the emerging issues in New State of Telangana in the context of changing role of state, market and civil society
- * understand the world of public administration from the public perspective and provide foundation for further studies in Public Administration

To understand the historical evolution and socio-economic, political, cultural and global context of Indian Administration;

- * Acquaint with India's development experience and changing role of administration
- *To identify the transformative role of Indian Administration;
- *To make out the multi-dimensionality of problems and processes of Indian Administration;
- *To understand the form and substance of Indian Administration;
- * Acquaint with the functioning of the Indian administration, at central levels and the responses of these systems in addressing the concerns of the people
- *To appreciate the emerging issues in Indian Administration in the context of changing role of state, market and civil society.
- * Discern the connects and disconnects between structure, purpose and process and results in Indian Administration;

- * Understand the Indian Administration role as the main instrument of State to achieve its developmental goals;
- * Acquaint with the functioning of the Indian administration, at State levels
- * Appreciate the varying historical, socio-economic, political and other conditioning factors that gave Indian Administration its distinct nature to the learner
- * Acquaint the learner with the required knowledge of administrative science and government in action and the contemporary issues in public affairs management
- * Understand the role of Public Services in the new State of Telangana.
- *To understand the role of public services in Redressal of Citizen Grievances:

Transparency, Accountability and Right to Information Act

* Acquaint with the functioning of the Administrative Accountability: Legislative and Judicial Control.

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (Previous)

PAPER I: ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY

Objectives:

- Provide students with learning experiences that develop broad knowledge and understanding of key concepts of Public Administration and equip them with advanced knowledge and understanding for analyzing and performing the tasks concerning Public Affairs and Public System;
- Nurture ability among students to apply the acquired knowledge and skills to find solutions to specific theoretical and applied problems in Public Administration settings;

Unit 1: Fundamental Aspects

- 1. Kautilya's Contribution.
- 2. Politics Administration Dichotomy Wilson & Goodnow.
- 3. Public Administration Vs Private Administration.
- 4. Evolution of Administrative Theory 1 (Upto New Public Administration)
- 5. Evolution of Administrative Theory-II (After New Public Administration)

Unit II: Classical Theory

- 6. Theory of Administrative Management-Henry Fayol, Guillick and Urwick.
- 7. Scientific Management F.W. Taylor
- 8. Bureaucracy Max Weber
- 9. Critics of Bureaucracy 10. Representative Bureaucracy Donald Kingsley
- 11. Other Related Contributions Herman, Follet, etc.,

Unit III: Behaviour School

- 12. Emergence of Behaviouralism
- 13. Barnard's Contribution
- 14. Decision-Making Theory Simon
- 15. Theory of Need Hierarchy Maslow
- 16. Theory X and Theory Y-Me Gregor
- 17. Two Factor Theory Herzberg
- 18. Aggrris' Contribution
- 19. Management Systems Likert.

Unit IV: Development Administration

- 20. System Approach F.W. Riggs 21. Contribution of Edward Weidner
- 22. Comparative Public Administration Ferrel Heady
- 23. Politics and Development Easman
- 24. Time Demension of Development Haanbeenlee

Unit - V: Emerging Trends

- 25. New Public Administration
- 26. Policy Sciences Approach Dror

- 27. Post-Modern Public Administration
- 28. Public Choice School Vincent Ostram
- 29. Critical Theory

- 30. Discourse Theory Fox & Miller31. New Public Management32. Public Administration in the context of Globalisation

PAPER-II:PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION

Objectives: The objective of the paper is to understand in depth nature, scope, definition and etc., the students public and personnel administration

Unit-I:Introduction

- 1. Nature, scope and importance of Public Personnel Administration
- 2. DifferenttypesofPersonnelSystems-Bureaucratic
- 3. DemocraticandRepresentativesystems.
- 4. GrowthofCivilServicesinIndia.
- 5. MeritSystem-Origin, Development and Significance
- 6. Equality of Opportunity Vs Reservation of Appointments of Posts.
- 7. RoleofCivilServicesinDevelopingSociety.

Unit-2:Civil Services

- 8. GeneralistVsSpecialist
- 9. CivilServiceNeutrality, Anonymity, Impartiality or Commitment
- 10. CivilServantsrelationswithPoliticalExecutive
- 11. CivilService'sRoyaltyandSecurityofService
- 12. Ethics, professional Standards, Morale and Motivation
- 13. IntegrityinAdministration,Corruption-causesandremedies.

Unit-3:Staffing and WorkSituation

- 14. Recruitment, Examination and Selection;
- 15. PositionandRankClassification
- 16. Training, Career Development
- 17. PayScales, Allowances and Conditions of Service
- 18. PromotionandPerformanceEvaluation-ConfidentialReports,
- 19. SuperannulationandretirementBenefits.

Unit-4: Civil Services in India.

- 20. CivilservicesinIndia-The UnionPublicServiceCommission-itstruefunctionsandpowers
- 21 StatePublicServiceCommissionforRecruitmentanditsworking.
- 22. StaffSelectionCommissionforRecruitmentanditsindependence,
- 23. AllIndiaservices: Creation, Nature and Distinct Features.
- 24. AllIndiaservices:ConditionsofServices,DisciplineandMorale.
- 25. AllIndiaservices -RecruitmentTraining PromotionandCareerDevelopment.

Unit-5:Employer-EmployeeRelationsandDiscipline

- 26. CivilServiceUnionism,RighttoStrikeandRighttoPoliticalActivity
- 27. WhitelycouncilinU.K.StaffcouncilandJ.C.M.inIndia.
- 28. CompulsoryArbitrationforcentralGovernmentemployeesinIndia.
- 29. CodeofConduct:Discipline-Dismissalandremoval
- 30. ParticipativeManagement.

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS)

PAPER III INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Objective: The objective of the paper is to know about the systems of Indian Administration

UNIT-I: Context of Indian Administration

- 1. Historical context of administration
- 2. Socio-cultural context of administration
- 3. Political context of administration
- 4. Economic context of administration

UNIT-II: Organization of Government at

- 5. President and Prime Minister
- 6. Cabinet Secretariat
- 7. Prime Minister's Office (PMO)
- 8. Parliament Secretariat
- 9. Home Ministry
- 10. Ministry of HRD
- 11 Ministry of External Affairs

UNIT-III: Federal Structure

- 12. Planning Commission
- 13. National Development Council
- 14. Zonal Councils
- 15. National Integration Council
- 16. Center-State Administrative Relations
- 17. Inter-state Council

UNIT-IV: State and District Administration

- 18. General Administrative Department
- 19. Chief Secretary
- 20. Secretariat Vs Directorates
- 21. Administrative Reforms and Innovations in Andhra Pradesh
- 22. District Collector
- 23 Urban local Government
- 24. Rural Local Government

UNIT-V: ISSUES OF ADMINISTRATION

- 25. Grievance and Redressal
- 26. Administrative Reforms
- 27. Minster-Civil Servant Relations

- 28. Corruption and Integrity29. Public Participation30. Liberalization and Role of Public Administration.

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS)

PAPER IV

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

Objective: The objective of the paper is to explore the financial administration in India at State and National Level.

Unit-1: Introduction

- 1. Nature and Scope of Financial Administration
- 2. Budget-concept, principles and Role
- 3. Approaches to Budgeting-Classical, Keynishian Approaches for oped countries.
- 4. Revenue Vs Capital Budget
- 5. Budgetary Policy
- 6. Cannons of Taxation and Tax Policy

Unit II: Budgetary process and design

- 7. Budget classification objectives. Budget classification-functional and organiza-tional
- 8. Budget preparation 9. Budget approval.
- 10. Budget execution and review
- 11. Techniques of budgeting
- 12. Performance of budget PPBS
- 13. Zero based budget

Unit-III: Accounting and auditing

- 14. Nature, purposes and objectives of accounting.
- 15. Separation of accounts from audit
- 16. Meaning, nature and types of audit
- 17. Audit department and its functions
- 18. Comptroller and auditor general (C & AG)

Unit - IV: Union financial control

- 19. Structure, functions and role of finance ministry
- 20. Delegation of financial powers
- 21. Financial advisors
- 22. Parliamentary financial control
- 23. Public accounts committee
- 24. Estimates committee

Unit-V: Union - States Financial Relations

- 25. Federal fiscal relations: constitutional position
- 26. Mechanisms for rectification of Fiscal imbalances.

- 27. Finance commission: Composition. Functions and role28. Grants-in-aid under articles 275 and 282: Nature and scope29. Treasury system. Banking of credit policy 30.Reserve bank of India.

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS) RURAL GOVERNMENT

PAPER V(A)

Objective: To know the village administration in the rural governance.

UNIT 1: Conceptual & Historical Perspective

- 1. Nature, Scope & Importance of Local Governmetns.
- 2. Rural Local Government in Ancient Medieval India...
- 3. Rural Local Government during British Period.
- 4. CDP and National Extension Service.
- 5. Democratic Decentralisation BalwantRai Mehta
- 6. Ashok Mehta and other committees of Panchayat Raj.
- 7. 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act.

UNIT-II: Patterns and Units of Panchayat Raj

- 8. Patterns of Panchayat Raj.
- 9. Village Level.
- 10. Intermediate Level.
- 11. District Level.
- 12. Panchayat Raj in Tribal Areas.
- 13. Panchayat Raj in Andhra Pradesh (1994 A.P. Panchayat Raj Act)
- 14. Panchayat Raj and Rural Development

UNIT-III: Personnel & Financial Administration in Panchayat Raj

- 15. Personnel system in Panchayat Raj.
- 16. Financial Resources in Panchayat Raj Institutions.
- 17. State Finance Commission.
- 18. Studies on Personnel in Panchayat Raj Institutions.
- 19. Studies on Panchayat Raj Finances in India.

UNIT-IV: State - Panchayat Raj Relations

- 20. Autonomy for Panchayat Raj Institutions Concept and Need.
- 21. Control over Panchayat Raj Institution Legislative & Judicial.
- 22. Control over Panchayat Raj Institution Administration & Financial
- 23. District Collector & Panchayat Raj Institution 24. Changing status of Panchayat Raj Institution.

UNIT-V: Panchayat Raj Politics

- 25. Panchayat Raj Elections & State Election Commission
- 26. Panchayat Raj and Disadvantaged sections
- 27. Panchayat Raj Leadership
- 28. Political Parties & Panchayat Raj
- 29. Women empowerment and Panchayat Raj Institution.
- 30. Studies on Panchayat Raj Politics

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS) URBAN LOCAL GOVERNMENT

PAPER V(B)

Objectives: To understand the urban local government in India.

UNIT I: Instruction:

- 1 Nature, Scope and Importance of Urban Local Governments
- 2. Urbanisation, causes and consequences
- 3. Evolution of Urban Local Governments in India.
- 4. Urban Local Governments in UK and U.S.A
- 5. Demographic profile of urban areas
- 6. Urban Local Bodies in India an overview.

Unit II: Urban Local Bodies in India

- 7. 74th Constitutional Amendment Act
- 8. Municipalities and structure of Municipal Corporations.
- 9. Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
- 10. Calcutta Municipal Corporation
- 11 Bombay Municipal Corporation
- 12. New Delhi Municipal Corporation

Unit-III: Administration of Local Bodies in Andhra Pradesh.

- 13. Municipal Act in Andhra Pradesh
- 14. Committee system in Municipalities
- 15 Role of Commissioner
- 16. Local Finances
- 17. State control over Local Bodies
- 18 Relations between Urban Local Bodies and other agencies

Unit-IV: Metropolitan Administration

- 19. Concept of Metropolitan Administration
- 20. Urban Development Authorities
- 21. HUDA
- 22. CMDA
- 23. DDA
- 24. Problems of Metropolitan Cities

Unit-V: Problems of Urbanisation

25. Problems of migration:
26. Urban Housing
27. Urban Pollution
28. Urban Crime
29. Slums & Slums Clearances
30 Crime Control

31Urban Water Supply

M.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (PREVIOUS) GOVERNANCE IN INDIA

PAPER V(C)

Objective: To know about the governance in India.

UNIT-1: E-Governance and Related Concepts

- 1. Concept of Governance; Meaning
- 2. Governance versus Administration and Management
- 3. Evolution and Scope of E-Governance
- 4. Digital Technology and Services Delivery
- 5. E-Governance and Challenges

UNIT-2: E-Governance and Theoretical Aspects

- 6. E Governance Theories
- 7. Public-Private Partnership
- 8. Right to Information Act
- 9. Information Technology Act
- 10. Organization of Government Information (Study of the Information & Broadcasting Ministry)

UNIT-3: E-Governance in India

- 11. E-Governance in Agricultural & Rural Development
- 12. E-Governance in Urban Administration
- 13. E-Governance in Social Welfare Administration
- 14. E-Governance in Higher Education
- 15. E-Governance in Health Administration

UNIT--Governance in Andhra Pradesh

- 16. E-Seva
- 17. Mee-Seva
- 18. CARD
- 19. E-procurement
- 20. E-Learning

UNIT-5: E-Governance Issues

- 21. Public Participation
- 22. Administrative Reforms
- 23. IT Security
- 24. Grievance and Redressal
- 25. Accountability and Transparency

M.A. (Final) - Public Administration

PAPER -I: Behavioral Science Methodology

Objectives: To learn behavioural science methodology in public administration and also it moulds the individual and societal behavior in the governance.

Unit-I: Concepts & Concerns

- 1. Nature of Research in Behavioural Sciences
- 2. Scope of Research in Behavioural Sciences
- 3. Objectives & Values of Research in Behavioural Sciences
- 4. Need for Concept formulation and Importance of Concepts
- 5. Sources and Requirements of Hypothesis
- 6. Principles of Operationalism: Validity
- 7. Principles of Operationalism: Reliability

Unit -II: Research Designs

- 8. Research Designs: Experimental Design
- 9. Non-Experimental Research-Field studies
- 10. Survey Research
- 11. Case Studies
- 12. Ethnographic Studies

Unit -III: Research Design & Modeling

- 13. Problem Formulation & Modeling
- 14. Types of Variables & Problems of Measurement
- 15. Methods of Sampling: Probability
- 16. Methods of Sampling Non-Probability
- 17. Linear Programming
- 18. Dynamic Programming
- 19. Inventory Planning & Control
- 20. Queuing Theory/waiting line Analysis

Unit - IV: Data Collection

- 21. Observation
- 22. Interview
- 23. Questionnaires
- 24. Rating Scales
- 25. Electronic Methods
- 26. Graphic Analysis

Unit -V: Data Analysis & Interpretation

- 27. Measures of Variability
- 28. Co-Relational Techniques
- 29. Problems of Interpretation
- 30. Report writing

PAPER -II: (Readings) in Public policy Analysis

Objective: To study the public policy analysis in Public Administration.

Unit-I: Public Policy -Study and Relevance:

- 1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Policy
- 2. Public Policy as Inter Disciplinary Science
- 3. Relevance of Public Policy for the Study of Political Science
- 4. Relevance of Public Policy for the Study of Public Administration
- 5. Determinants of Public policy
- a)Economy b) Political Culture c) Leadership
- 6. Concepts- Meta Policy, Mega Policy and Micro Policy
- 7. Process of Policy Formulation of Alternative Choices

Unit -II: Models/ Approaches for the study of Public Policy.

- 8. Decision making Theory (Lasswell)
- 9. Rational-Comprehensive Approach
- 10. Incremental model
- 11. Elite Theory
- 12. Group Theory
- 13. Muddling-Through Process (Charles Lindblom)
- 14. Systems Model

Unit-III: Policy Formulation and Institutional Framework

- 15. Organization Theory for Policy Analysis.
- 16. Role of Legislature in Policy Making.
- 17. Role of Political Executive in Policy Making
- 18. Role of Judiciary in Policy Making
- 19. Role of Civil Service/Bureaucracy in Policy Making
- 20. Political Parties
- 21. Pressure Groups
- 22. Media and Public Opinion

Unit -IV: Evaluation and Implementation of Public Policy

- 23. Nature of Policy Evaluation
- 24. Cost-Benefit Analysis
- 25. P.P.B.S
- 26. Program me Evaluation
- 27. Monitoring of Policy Implementation

Unit - V: Review of the Policies

- 28. Reservation Policy
- 29. Fiscal Policy
- 30. Welfare Policies in India
- 31. Agriculture and Irrigation Policies
- 32. Land Reforms

PAPER - III: Local Administration in Asia & West

Objective: To understand about the local administration all over the world.

Unit - I:

- 1. Need and Significance of Local Government
- 2. Evolution of Local Government and their Significance
- 3. Personnel Systems Local Government
- 4. Salient Features of Rural Local Government
- 5. Salient Features of Urban Local Government
- 6. Recent Trends in Local Government

Unit - II:

- 7. Organization of Local Government in Japan
- 8. Functions of Local Government in Japan
- 9. Organization of Local Government in China
- 10. Functions of Local government in China
- 11. Local Government in Singapore
- 12. Functions of Local Government in Singapore

Unit - III:

- 13. Evolution of English Local Government
- 14. Structure of Local Government in Greater London
- 15. Council- Composition Power and Functions
- 16. Committee Systems in England Local Government
- 17. Local Finance and Grants -in-aid in England
- 18. Central Government and Local Authorities

Unit -IV:

- 19. Local Government in America.
- 20. Different forms of Urban Local Government and their merits
- 21. Local Finance
- 22. State Local Relations
- 23. Distinguishing Features of Local Government-devices of Direct Legislation
- 24. Administrative Controls
- 25. Finances for Local Government
- 26. Official, non-official relations in the Local Government
- 27. Local Government in Relation to Higher Governments

- 28. Nature of Public Participation in the Local Governments
- 29. Problems & Challenges to Local Governments.

PAPER -IV: Development Administration

Objectives: To know the importance of development in the Public Administration in under developed countries.

Unit-I: Introduction

- 1. Evolution of the Concept of Development Administration
- 2. Definition, Significance and Scope of Development Administration
- 3. Bureaucratic Approach to Development.
- 4. General Systems Approach to Development
- 5. Structural Fictional Approach of Development.
- 6. Administrative Ecology and Models.

Unit-II: Development of Administration

- 7. Organizational Development- Bennis Warns
- 8. Communications Theory Karl Deutesch
- 9. Leadership and Leadership Environment
- 10. Civil Service Reforms
- 11. Training
- 12. Motivation
- 13. Performance Appraisal

Unit-III: Administration for Development

- 14. Development and Society
- 15. Development and Political System
- 16. Development and Economic System
- 17. Development and Culture
- 18. Administration and Environment Ecological System.

Unit-IV: Development of Select Departments

- 19. Agricultural Administration in India
- 20. Health Administration in India
- 21. Educational Administration in India
- 22. Industrial Development Administration in India
- 23. Welfare Administration in India
- 24. Human resource Development Administration in India
- 25. Development of Local Administration in India

Unit-V: Development administration - Some Issues

- 26. Globalization and Problems of development
- 27. Regionalism and Problems of Development
- 28. Problems of Planning and Development
- 29. Science and Technology versus Development
- 30. Social Problems (Terrorism) and Development
- 31. Problems of Evaluation and Development.

PAPER-V(A) SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION

Objectives: To know about the social welfare measures for the different sections including weaker sections in India in Social Welfare Administration.

Unit-I: Introduction

- 1. Basic Concepts
- 2. Welfare State in India
- 3. Constitutional Provisions on Welfare
- 4. Principles of Social welfare Administration
- 5. Approaches to Social Welfare Administration

Unit-II: Social welfare Policy and Legislation

- 6. Social Policy
- 7 .Economic Policy
- 8. Educational Policy
- 9. Labour Policy
- 10. Reservation Policy

Unit-III: Social welfare programmes and implementation

- 11. Women and Child welfare
- 12. Welfare Programmes of the Senior Citizens.
- 13. Welfare of Religion Minorities
- 14. Welfare of Scheduled Castes
- 15. Tribal Welfare
- 16. Welfare of other Backward Classes
- 17. Welfare of Physically and Mentally challenged Persons
- 18. Welfare of Industrial Labour
- 19. Welfare of Agricultural Labour

Unit-IV: Social Welfare Administration

- 20. Central Social Welfare Board
- 21. State Social Welfare Board
- 22. International Welfare Agencies
- 23. Non-Governmental Organizations
- 24. Co-Ordination and Linkages

25. Social Welfare Personnel

Unit-V: Issues

- 26. Liberalisation
- 27. Consumerism
- 28. Politics of Social Welfare
- 29. Funding for the Social Welfare
- 30. Studies on Social Welfare

PAPER –V(B):Management of Public Enterprises

Objectives: To know about the management skills in the public enterprises.

Unit -I: Introduction

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- 1. Meaning, History, Objectives and importance of Public Enterprises in India
- 2. Nationalisation
- 3. Rationale and Objectives of Public Enterprises
- 4. Organisational patterns: Departmental form
- 5. Public Corporation form
- 6. Company form –Government Companies
- 7. Holding Company

Unit - II: Government Control and Public Accountability

- 8. Public Enterprises Relationship with Government.
- 9. Ministerial control Over Public Enterprises
- 10. Public Accountability
- 11. Parliament control Over Public Enterprises
- 12. Committee on Public Undertakings
- 13. Autonomy of Public Enterprises

Unit - III: Board of Management and Policy making

- 14. Functions of Board of Director
- 15. Types of Governing Boards Composition and Features
- 16. Chairman of the Board
- 17. Chief Executive /Managing Director

Unit - IV: Human Resource Management

- 18. Introduction to Human Resource Management
- 19. Personnel Planning
- 20. Recruitment
- 21. Training
- 22. Morale and Motivation

- 23. Workers participation in Management
- 24. Industrial Relations
- 25. Employees Welfare and Social Security
- 26. Consumer Protection
- 27. Pricing policies
- 28. Measurement of Efficiency
- 29. Performance Appraisal
- 30. Public Enterprises and Public Relations

PAPER-V©: Office Planning & Management

Objectives: To study about the office organization, office accommodation etc., in office planning and management.

Unit-I: Office Organization

- 1. Office Planning
- 2. Office Layout
- 3. Office environment
- 4. Principle of office organization
- 5. Issues in office planning

Unit-II

- 6. Nature & Scope
- 7. Significance of office management
- 8. Forms management
- 9. Filing system
- 10. Forms control

Unit-III

- 11. Office communication
- 12. Office correspondence
- 13. Periodical reports
- 14. Management of office records
- 15. Office inventory management

Unit-IV

- 16. Office stationery
- 17. Work study
- 18. Work measurement
- 19. Work simplification
- 20. Management by objectives

Unit-V

- 21. Office supervisors training
- 22. Staff welfare (statutory &voluntary)
- 23. Office automation
- 24. Paperless office
- 25. Back-office operation

Unit-VI

- 26. Front-office delivery27. Social system & Public office Administration28. Issues in office management29. Trends in office management