# SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR FOUR YEAR DEGREE PROGRAMME B. TECH (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY) [W.E.F. 2021-22 ADMITTED BATCH]



# DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND COMPUTER APPLICATIONS AU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS) ANDHRA UNIVERSITY VISAKHAPATNAM-530 003



# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY & COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

# SCHEME AND SYLLABI (with effect from 2021-22)

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

#### I Year - I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
IT1101	BS	Mathematics – I	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1102	BS	Chemistry	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1103	HSS	English	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1104	ES	Computer Programming & Numerical Methods	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1105	ES	Discrete Mathematical Structures	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1106	HSS	English Language Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1107	BS	Chemistry Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1108	ES	Computer Programming & Numerical Methods Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
		Total C	redits		,			19.5

#### I Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
Couc			L	P	1/141115	1,141113	1,141115	
IT1201	BS	Mathematics – II	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1202	BS	Physics	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1203	ES	Engineering Graphics	2	3	30	70	100	3
IT1204	ES	Data Structures	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1205	ES	Digital Logic Design	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1206	ES	Workshop Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1207	BS	Physics Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1208	ES	Data Structures Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
		To	otal Cr	edits				19.5

# II Year - I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	p we	ours er eek	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
IT2101	BS	Elements of Electronics	4	P 0	30	70	100	3
IT2102	PC	Engineering Computer Organization	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2102	PC	& Architecture Systems Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2104	PC	Internet Concepts & Java Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2105	PC	Python Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2106	PC	Computer Organization & Architecture Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2107	PC	Internet Concepts & Java Programming Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2108	PC	Python Programming Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2109	SC	Embedded System Design using Arduino	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT2110	MC	Environmental Science	0	0	-	100	100	0
	I	Total ci	redits	1				21.5

# II Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title		urs week P	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
IT2201	ES	Formal Languages & Automata Theory	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2202	PC	Operating Systems	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2203	PC	Database Management Systems	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2204	PC	Probability, Statistics & Queuing Theory	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2205	HSS	Managerial Economics	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2206	PC	Operating Systems Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2207	PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2208	SC	Intellectual Property Rights	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT2209	MC	Professional Ethics& Universal Human Values	0	0	0	100	100	0
IT2210	MC	NCC/NSS	0	2	-	-	-	0
	1	Total c	redits					20
		In	ternsh	ip - I				

# III Year - I Semester

Course	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits	
			L	P					
IT3101	PC	Data Communications & Computer Networks	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3102	PC	Artificial Intelligence	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3103	PC	Object Oriented Software Engineering	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3104	PE	Professional Elective – I	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3105	OE	Open Elective – I	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3106	PC	Data Communications & Computer Networks Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5	
IT3107	PC	Object Oriented Software Engineering Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5	
IT3108	SC	Soft Skills	1	2	50	50	100	2	
IT3109	INT	Internship - I			50	50	100	2	
	Total Credits								

#### III Year - II Semester

Course	Category	Course Title		urs week	Internal	External	Total	Credits	
code				P	Marks	Marks	Marks		
IT3201	PC	Internet of Things	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3202	PC	Data Warehousing & Data Mining	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3203	PC	Cryptography & Network Security	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3204	PE	Professional Elective - II	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3205	OE	Open Elective - II	4	0	30	70	100	3	
IT3206	PC	Internet of Things Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5	
IT3207	PC	Knowledge Engineering Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5	
IT3208	PC	Cryptography & Network Security Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5	
IT3209	SC	Web Technologies	1	2	50	50	100	2	
Total Credits									
		Ir	iternsl	nip - II					

# IV Year - I Semester

Course	Category	Course Title		urs week	Internal	External	Total	Credits
code	January ,		L	P	Marks	Marks	Marks	
IT4101	PE	Professional Elective - III	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4102	PE	Professional Elective - IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4103	PE	Professional Elective - V	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4104	OE	Open Elective - III	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4105	OE	Open Elective - IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4106	HSSE	HSS Elective	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4107	SC	Computer Graphics and Multimedia	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT4108	INT	Internship - II			50	50	100	2
Total Credits							22	

# IV Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
IT4201	PROJ	Project work	100	100	200	14
			_	_	<b>Total Credits</b>	14

#### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

- 1. Principles of Programming Languages
- 2. Compiler Design
- 3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms
- 4. Distributed Systems
- 5. Sensor Networks
- 6. Software Project Management
- 7. Grid Computing
- 8. Cloud Computing
- 9. Digital Image Processing
- 10. Machine Learning
- 11. Deep Learning
- 12. Big Data Analytics
- 13. Natural Language Processing
- 14. Soft Computing
- 15. E-Commerce

#### **OPEN ELECTIVES**

- 1. Cyber Security & Digital Forensics
- 2. Block Chain Technology
- 3. Mobile Computing
- 4. Mobile Adhoc Networks
- 5. Recommender Systems
- 6. Information Retrieval
- 7. NoSQL Databases
- 8. Database & Web Application Security
- 9. Data Science
- 10. Business Analytics
- 11. Human Computer Interaction
- 12. Bio-Informatics

#### **HSS ELECTIVES**

- 1. Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship
- 2. Organizational Behaviour
- 3. Operations Research

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IT1108	ES	Computer Programming & Numerical Methods Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
		Total C	redits					19.5

# <u>B.Tech – INFORMATION TECHNO</u>LOGY

#### **Programme Educational Objectives:**

PEO1: To Apply concepts of Information Technology, to solve real-world problems by proposing innovative solutions as a major contribution to the society in various interdisciplinary areas.

PEO2: To be a Skilled IT professional, meets the demands of the industry.

PEO3: To apply emerging technologies and to develop relevant applications.

PEO4: Adapt to changing technologies and societal needs, by engaging in lifelong learning improving the carrier opportunities and also to make advancements in this sector paving a path to industrial research.

#### **Programme Outcomes**

PO1: Able to apply knowledge of computing, mathematics, & engineering principles.

PO2: Able to identify, formulate, and solve complex problems related to information technology and computer applications.

PO3: Able to design, implement, and evaluate a computer-based system, component, processor program to meet desired needs.

PO4: Able todesign and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data in information technology and computer applications.

PO5: Able to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering & computational tools which are necessary in the field of information technology and computer applications.

PO6: Understand the impact of contextual knowledge on social and cultural issues.

PO7: Understand contemporary issues related to social & environmental context for sustainable development of engineering solutions.

PO8: Understand professional & ethical responsibility.

PO9: Able to function effectively as an individual, as a member / leader in diverse & multidisciplinary teams.

PO10: To prepare technical presentation and reports for effective communication.

PO11: Understand engineering & management principles to manage projects.

PO12: Ability to understand the need for in lifelong learning.

# **Programme Specific Outcomes**

PSO1: An ability to design hardware and software models in diverse environments using latest and upcoming technologies.

PSO2: An ability to design and develop programs, algorithms and projects using open-source tools and efficient data structures.

PSO3: An ability to adapt to changing technologies.

PS04:An ability to program in advanced programming languages using the latest technologies.

#### (Multiple Integrals-Applications)

Area enclosed by plane curves - Volumes of solids - Area of a curved surface - Calculation of Mass - Center of gravity - Moment of inertia - product of inertia - principal axes- Beta Function - Gamma Function - Relation between Beta and Gamma Functions. Error Function or Probability Integral.

#### (Fourier Series)

Introduction - Euler's Formulae - Conditions for a Fourier Expansion - Functions having points of discontinuity - Change of Interval - Odd and Even Functions - Expansions of Odd or Even Periodic Functions, Half-Range Series - Parseval's Formula. Practical Harmonic analysis

#### **Text Book**

1. Scope and Treatment as in "Higher Engineering Mathematics", by Dr. B.S. Grewal, 43rd Edition, Khanna publishers.

- 1. Graduate Engineering Mathematics by V B Kumar Vatti., I.K.International publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig.
- 3. A text book of Engineering Mathematics, by N.P. Bali and Dr. Manish Goyal, Lakshmi Publications.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K. Dass. S. Chand Company
- 5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B.V. Ramana, Tata Mc Graw Hill Company. 6.
- 6. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr. M.K. Venkataraman.

#### IT1102 CHEMISTRY

#### **Course Objectives**

- To apply the basic knowledge of Chemistry to the Engineering Discipline.
- To develop knowledge about water and its treatment for industrial and potable purposes.
- To develop understanding in the areas of Polymers, Mechanism of Corrosion of Metals and Corrosion Control Methods, Fuels, Lubricants and Nanomaterials for of conducting polymers, bio-degradable polymers and fiber reinforced plastics and apply the knowledge for solving existing challenges faced in various engineering and societal areas.

#### **Course outcomes**

- This course applies the basic concepts and principles studied in Chemistry to Engineering.
- It provides an application of chemistry to different branches of engineering
- The students will be able acquire knowledge in the areas of Water Chemistry, Polymers, Corrosion, Fuels and Lubricants and nanomaterials and suggest innovative solutions for existing challenges in these areas.

#### **Syllabus**

#### **Water Chemistry**

Sources of Water – Impurities and their influence of living systems – WHO Limits – Hardness and its Determination – Boiler Troubles and their removal – Water Softening Methods – Lime-Soda, Zeolite and Ion Exchange - Municipal Water Treatment-Break Point Chlorination – Desalination of Sea Water – Reverse Osmosis Method, Electro-dialysis.

#### **Polymers and Plastics Polymers**

Definition – Types of Polymerization (Addition & Condensation) – Mechanisms of Addition Polymerization – Radical and Ionic – Thermodynamics of Polymerization Process. Plastics: Thermosetting and Thermoplastics – Effect of Polymer Structure on Properties of Cellulose Derivatives – Vinyl Resins – Nylon (6,6), Reinforced Plastics – Conducting Polymers.

#### **Corrosion**

Corrosion: Origin and Theory – Types of Corrosion: Chemical and Electrochemical; Pitting, Inter granular, Waterline, Stress – Galvanic Series – Factors Effecting Corrosion. Corrosion Controlling Methods: Protective Coatings: Metallic Coatings, Electroplating and Electroless Plating – Chemical conversion Coatings – Phosphate, Chromate, Anodized, Organic Coatings – Paints and Special Paints.

#### **Fuels and Lubricants**

Solid Fuels: Wood and Coal, Ranking of Coal – Analysis (Proximate and Ultimate) Coke Manufacture – Otto Hoffmann's Process – Applications; Liquid Fuels: Petroleum Refining – Motor Fuels – Petrol and Diesel Oil – Knocking – Octane number – Cetane Number; Gaseous Fuels: Biogas, LPG and CNG – Characteristics – Applications; Rocket Fuels: Propellants – Classification – Characteristics Lubricants: Classification – Mechanism – Properties of Lubricating Oils – Selection of Lubricants for Engineering Applications.

#### **Nanomaterials**

Nanomaterials, Properties and application of fullerenes, fullerols, Carbon nanotubes and nanowires. Synthesis - Top-down and Bottom-up approaches - Nanocomposites - Nanoelectronics- Applications of nanomaterials in catalysis, telecommunication and medicine.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry PC Jain and M. Jain Dhanpath Rai and Sons, New Delhi.
- 2. A Text book of Engineering Chemistry–S.S. Dara–S.Chand & Co. New Delhi.

- 1. Engineering Chemistry B. K. Sharma Krishna Prakashan Meerut.
- 2. Introduction to Nanoscience S. M. Lindsay Oxford University Press
- 3. Engineering Chemistry -B.L.Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S.Krishnan, (NPTEL).

#### IT1103 ENGLISH

#### **Course Objectives**

- To make students understand the explicit and implicit meanings of a text/topic;
- To give exposure to new words and phrases, and aid to use them in different contexts;
- To apply relevant writing formats to draft essays, letters, emails and presentations; and
- To adapt oneself to a given situation and develop a functional approach to finding solutions: adaptability and problem solving.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Students will be able to analyse a given text and discover the various aspects related to language and literature;
- Learn the various language structures, parts of speech and figures of speech;
- Develop one's reading and writing abilities for enhanced communication; and
- Learn to apply the topics in real-life situations for creative and critical use.

#### **Syllabus**

On the conduct of life: William Hazlitt

**Life skills: Values and Ethics** 

If: Rudyard Kipling

The Brook: Alfred Tennyson Life skills: Self-Improvement

How I Became a Public Speaker: George Bernard Shaw

The Death Trap: Saki

Life skills: Time Management

On saving Time: Seneca

Chindu Yellama

**Life skills: Innovation** *Muhammad Yunus* 

Politics and the English Language: George Orwell

**Life skills: Motivation** 

Dancer with a White Parasol: Ranjana Dave

#### Grammar

Prepositions – Articles – Noun-Pronoun Agreement, Subject-Verb Agreement – Misplaced Modifiers–Clichés, Redundancies.

#### Vocabulary

Introduction to Word Formation–Root Words from other Languages–Prefixes and Suffixes–Synonyms, Antonyms–Common Abbreviations

#### Writing

Clauses and Sentences – Punctuation – Principals of Good Writing – Essay Writing – Writing a Summary

Writing: Essay Writing
Life skills: Innovation
Muhammad Yunus

#### **Textbook**

Language and Life: A Skills Approach Board of Editors, Orient Blackswan Publishers, India.2018.

- 1. Practical English Usage, Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- 2. Remedial English Grammar, F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007
- 3. On Writing Well, William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- 4. Study Writing, Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
- 5. Communication Skills, Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English, Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

#### IT1104 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & NUMERICAL METHODS

# **Course Objectives**

- The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of C language.
- To provide students with understanding of code organization and functional hierarchical decomposition with using complex data types.
- To provide knowledge to the Students to develop logics which will help them to create programs, applications in C.
- This course aims to identify tasks in which the numerical techniques learned are applicable and apply them to write programs, and hence use computers effectively to solve the task.
- This course provides the fundamental knowledge which is useful in understanding the other programming languages.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Identify basic elements of C programming structures like data types, expressions, control statements, various simple functions and Apply them in problem solving.
- Apply various operations on derived data types like arrays and strings in problem solving.
- Design and Implement modular Programming and memory management using Functions, pointers.
- Apply Structure, Unions and File handling techniques to Design and Solve different engineering programs with minimal complexity.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve complex Engineering problems.

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to C**: Basic structure of C program, Constants, Variables and data types, Operators and Expressions, Arithmetic Precedence and associativity, Type Conversions. Managing Input and Output Operations Formatted Input, Formatted Output.

**Decision Making, Branching, Looping, Arrays & Strings**: Decision making with if statement, Simple if statement, The if...else statement, Nesting of if...else statement, the else..if ladder, switch statement, the (?:) operator, the GOTO statement., The while statement, the do statement, The for statement, Jumps in Loops ,One, Two-dimensional Arrays, Character Arrays. Declaration and initialization of Strings, reading and writing of strings, String handling functions, Table of strings.

**Functions**: Definition of Functions, Return Values and their Types, Function Calls, Function Declaration, Category of Functions: No Arguments and no Return Values, Arguments but no Return Values, Arguments with Return Values, No Argument but Returns a Value, Functions that Return Multiple Values. Nesting of functions, recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, the scope, visibility and lifetime of variables.

**Pointers**: Accessing the address of a variable, declaring pointer variables, initializing of pointer variables, accessing variables using pointers, chain of pointers, pointer expressions, pointers and arrays, pointers and character strings, array of pointers, pointers as function arguments, functions returning pointers, pointers to functions, pointers to structures-Program Applications

**Structure and Unions**: Defining a structure, declaring structure variables, accessing structure members, structure initialization, copying and comparing structure variables, arrays of structures, arrays within structures within structures, structures and functions and unions, size of structures and bit-fields- Program applications.

**File handling**: Defining and opening a file, closing a file, Input/ Output operations on files, Error handling during I/O operations, random access to files and Command Line Arguments- Program Applications

**Numerical Methods**: Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations, Bisection Method, Newton Raphson Method. Newton's forward and backward Interpolation, Lagrange's Interpolation in unequal intervals. Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rules. Solutions of Ordinary First Order Differential Equations: Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method and Runge-Kutta Method

#### **Text Book**

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, E Balagurusamy, 6th Edition. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.
- 2. Introduction to Numerical Methods, SS Sastry, Prentice Hall

- 1. Let Us C, YashwantKanetkar, BPB Publications, 5th Edition.
- 2. Computer Science, A structured programming approach using C", B.A.Forouzan and R.F.Gilberg, "3rd Edition, Thomson, 2007.
- 3. The C Programming Language' B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, PHI.
- 4. Scientific Programming: C-Language, Algorithms and Models in Science, Luciano M. Barone (Author), EnzoMarinari (Author), Giovanni Organtini, World Scientific.

#### IT1105 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers and verify the validity of logical flow of arguments using propositional ,predicate logic and truth tables.
- To understand about permutations and combinations.
- To understand various types of relations and discuss various properties of the relations.
- To study graphs, graph isomorphism and spanning trees.
- To study about Boolean algebra and Finite State Machines.

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course student will be able to

- Rewrite mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers and verify the validity of logical flow of arguments using propositional, predicate logic.
- Identify and give examples of various types of relations and describe various properties of the relations.
- Ability to solve problems using permutations and combinations.
- Determine isomorphism of graphs and spanning tree of a given graph using BFS/DFS algorithms. Also determine minimal spanning tree of a given graph

#### **Syllabus**

**The Foundations-Logic and Proofs**: Propositional Logic, Propositional Equivalences, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers Rules of Inference, Introduction to Proofs, Proof Methods and Strategy, Basic Structures-Sets, Functions, Sequences and Sums: Sets, Set Operations, Functions, Sequences and Summations.

**The Fundamentals-Algorithms, the Integers and Matrices**: Algorithms, The Growth of Functions, Complexity of Algorithms, The Integers and Division, Primes and Greatest Common Devisors, Integers and Algorithms, Applications of Number Theory, Matrices.

**Induction and Recursion**: Mathematical Induction, Strong Induction and Well-Ordering, Recursive Definitions and Structural Induction, Recursive Algorithms, Program Correctness. Counting: The Basics of Counting, The Pigeonhole Principle, Permutations and Combinations, Binomial Coefficients, Generalized Permutations and Combinations, Generating Permutations and Combinations.

**Advanced Counting Techniques**: Recurrence Relations, Solving Linear Recurrence Relations, Divide-and-Conquer Algorithms and Recursion Relations, Generating Functions, Inclusion-Exclusion, and Applications of Inclusion-Exclusion.

**Relations**: Relations and their properties, n-ary relations, applications, Representation, closure, equivalence relations, Partial orderings.

**Graphs**: Graphs and Graph Models, Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamilton Paths, Shortest-Path Problems, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring

**Trees**: Introduction to Trees, Applications of Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees,

**Boolean Algebra**: Boolean Functions, Representing Boolean Functions, Logic Gates, Minimization of Circuits

**Modeling Computation**: Languages and Grammars, Finite-State Machines with Output, Finite-State Machines with No Output, Language Recognition, Turing Machines

#### Text Book

1. Discrete Mathematics & Its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory by Kenneth H Rosen, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.

- 1. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians by Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, Prentice-Hall, India.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics by Richard Johnson Baug, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics by Ralph. G. Grimaldi, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

#### IT1106 ENGLISH LANGUAGE LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- To make students recognize the sounds of English through Audio-Visual aids;
- To help students build their confidence and help them to overcome their inhibitions and self-consciousness while speaking in English;
- To familiarize the students with stress and intonation and enable them to speak English effectively; and
- To give learners exposure to and practice in speaking in both formal and informal contexts.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Students will be sensitized towards recognition of English sound patterns and the fluency in their speech will be enhanced;
- A study of the communicative items in the laboratory will help students become successful in the competitive world;
- Students will be able to participate in group activities like roleplays, group discussions and debates; and
- Students will be able to express themselves fluently and accurately in social as well professional context.

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Phonetics**: The Sounds of English (Speech sound – vowels and consonants) - Stress and Intonation - Accent and Rhythm.

**Listening Skills**: Listening for gist and specific information - listening for Note taking, summarizing and for opinions - Listening to the speeches of eminent personalities.

**Speaking Skills**: Self-introduction - Conversation Skills (Introducing and taking leave) - Giving and asking for information - Role Play - Just A Minute (JAM) session - Telephone etiquette.

**Reading and Writing skills**: Reading Comprehension – Précis Writing - E-Mail writing - Punctuation.

**Presentation skills**: Verbal and non-verbal communication - Body Language - Making a Presentation

- 1. Ashraf Rizvi. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 2. Speak Well. Orient Blackswan Publishers, Hyderabad.
- 3. Allan Pease. Body Language. Manjul Publishing House, New Delhi.

#### IT1107 CHEMISTRY LAB

#### **Course Objectives**

- To develop the fine skills of quantitative determination of various chemical components through titrimetric analysis
- To prepare and use ion exchange/ zeolite columns for the removal of hardness of water
- To develop the skill of organic synthesis through the preparation of a polymer/drug

#### **Course Outcomes**

- The course provides quantitative determine the amount of various chemical species in solutions by titrations and conduct the quantitative determinations with accuracy
- The course provides to develop novel materials to be used as zeolite and prepare columns for removal of hardness of water
- The course provides to synthesise a polymer or a drug

#### **Syllabus**

- 1. Determination of Sodium Hydroxide with HCl (Na2CO3 Primary Standard)
- 2. Determination of Alkalinity (Carbonate and Hydroxide) of water sample
- 3. Determination of Fe(II)/Mohr's Salt by Permanganometry
- 4. Determination of Oxalic Acid by Permanganometry
- 5. Determination of Chromium (VI) by Mohr's Salt Solution
- 6. Determination of Zinc by EDTA method
- 7. Determination of Hardness of Water sample by EDTA method
- 8. Determination of Chlorine in water by Iodometric Titration
- 9. Ion exchange/ Zeolite column for removal of hardness of water
- 10. Synthesis of Polymer/drug

- 1. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis V Edition Longman.
- 2. Experiments in Applied Chemistry (For Engineering Students) Sinita Rattan S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi

#### IT1108 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & NUMERICAL METHODS LAB

#### **Course Objectives**

- To impart writing skill of C programming to the students and solving problems.
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.,
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as arrays, files, strings, structures and different numerical methods.
- This reference has been prepared for the beginners to help them understand the basic to advanced concepts related to Objective-C Programming languages.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Understand various computer components, Installation of software. C programming development environment, compiling, debugging, and linking and executing a program using the development environment.
- Analyzing the complexity of problems, Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.
- Construct programs that demonstrate effective use of C features including arrays, strings, structures, pointers and files.
- Apply and practice logical ability to solve the real world problems.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve the complex Engineering problems.

#### **Syllabus**

- 1. Write a program to read x, y coordinates of 3 points and then calculate the area of a triangle formed by them and print the coordinates of the three points and the area of the triangle. What will be the output from your program if the three given points are in a straight line?
- 2. Write a program, which generates 100 random integers in the range of 1 to 100. Store them in an array and then print the arrays. Write 3 versions of the program using different loop constructs. (e.g. for, while, and do while).
- 3. Write a set of string manipulation functions e.g. for getting a sub-string from a given position, Copying one string to another, Reversing a string, adding one string to another.

- 4. Write a program which determines the largest and the smallest number that can be stored in different data types like short, int, long, float, and double. What happens when you add 1 to the largest possible integer number that can be stored?
- 5. Write a program, which generates 100 random real numbers in the range of 10.0 to 20.0, and sort them in descending order.
- 6. Write a function for transposing a square matrix in place (in place means that you are not allowed to have full temporary matrix).
- 7. First use an editor to create a file with some integer numbers. Now write a program, which reads these numbers and determines their mean and standard deviation.
- 8. Given two points on the surface of the sphere, write a program to determine the smallest arc length between them.
- 9. Implement bisection method to find the square root of a given number to a given accuracy.
- 10. Implement Newton Raphson method to det. a root of polynomial equation.
- 11. Given table of x and corresponding f(x) values, Write a program which will determine f(x) value at an intermediate x value by using Lagrange's interpolation/
- 12. Write a function which will invert a matrix.
- 13. Implement Simpson's rule for numerical integration.
- 14. Write a program to solve a set of linear algebraic equations.

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, E Balagurusamy, 6th Edition. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.
- 2. Introduction to Numerical Methods, SS Sastry, Prentice Hall

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# I Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week L P		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L					
IT1201	BS	Mathematics – II	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1202	BS	Physics	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1203	ES	Engineering Graphics	2	3	30	70	100	3
IT1204	ES	Data Structures	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1205	ES	Digital Logic Design	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT1206	ES	Workshop Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1207	BS	Physics Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT1208	ES	Data Structures Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
		To	tal Cr	edits				19.5

#### IT1201 MATHEMATICS - II

# **Course Objectives**

- The way of obtaining rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix.
- To know the importance of Cayley-Hamilton theorem and getting canonical form from a given quadratic form.
- To solve the system of equations by using direct and indirect methods.
- To solve first order and higher order differential equations by various methods.
- To obtain the Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms for a given functions and their applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Find rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix and understand the importance of Cayley- Hamilton theorem.
- Reduce quadratic form to canonical forms and solving linear systems by direct and indirect methods.
- Demonstrate solutions to first order differential equations by various methods and solve basic applications problems related to electrical circuits, orthogonal trajectories and Newton's law of cooling
- Discriminate among the structure and procedure of solving higher order differential equations with constant and variable coefficients.
- Understand Laplace transforms and its properties and finding the solution of ordinary differential equations.

#### **Syllabus**

#### (Linear Algebra)

Rank of a matrix- Echelon form, Normal Form - Solution of Linear System of Equations - Consistency of Linear System of Equations - Direct & Indirect Methods: Gauss elimination method, LU Factorization method, Gauss Seidal Method. Complex Matrices: Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian and Unitary Matrices and their Properties.

#### (Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors)

Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors of a Matrix - Cayley-Hamilton theorem - Inverse and Powers of a Matrix using Cayley-Hamilton's theorem and its applications. Diagonalization of a Matrix - Quadratic Forms - Reduction of Quadratic Form to Canonical Form - Nature of a Quadratic Form.

#### (Ordinary Differential Equations of First Order and its Applications)

Formation of ordinary differential equations (ODEs) - Solution of an ordinary differential equation - Equations of the first order and first degree - Linear differential equation - Bernoulli's equation - Exact differential equations - Equations reducible to exact equations - Orthogonal Trajectories - Simple Electric (LR & CR) Circuits - Newton's Law of Cooling - Law of Natural growth and decay.

#### (Differential Equations of Higher Order)

Solutions of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients - Rules for finding the complimentary function - Rules for finding the particular integral - Method of variation of parameters - Cauchy's linear equation - Legendre's linear equation - Simultaneous linear differential equations.

#### (Laplace Transforms)

Introduction - Existence Conditions - Transforms of Elementary Functions - Properties of Laplace Transforms - Transforms of Derivatives - Transforms of Integrals - Multiplication by tn - Division by t - Evaluation of integrals by Laplace Transforms - Inverse Laplace Transform - Applications of Laplace Transforms to Ordinary Differential Equations - Simultaneous Linear Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients - Second Shifting Theorem - Laplace Transforms of Unit Step Function, Unit Impulse Function and Laplace Transforms of Periodic Functions.

#### **Text Book**

1. Scope and Treatment as in "Higher Engineering Mathematics", by Dr. B.S. Grewal, 43rd edition, Khanna Publishers.

- 1. Graduate Engineering Mathematics by V B Kumar Vatti., I.K. International publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley
- 3. A text book of Engineering Mathematics, by N.P. Bali and Dr. Manish Goyal. Lakshmi Publications.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K. Dass. S. Chand Company.
- 5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B.V. Ramana, Tata Mc Graw Hill Company.

#### IT1202 PHYSICS

#### **Course Objectives**

- To impart knowledge in basic concept of physics of Thermodynamics relevant to engineering applications.
- To grasp the concepts of physics for electromagnetism and its application to engineering. Learn production of Ultrasonics and their applications in engineering.
- To Develop understanding of interference, diffraction and polarization: connect it to a few engineering applications.
- To Learn basics of lasers and optical fibers and their use in some applications.
- To Understand concepts and principles in quantum mechanics and Nanopahse Materials. Relate them to some applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Understand the fundamentals of Thermodynamics and Laws of thermodynamics. Understand the working of Carnot cycle and concept of entropy.
- Gain Knowledge on the basic concepts of electric and magnetic fields. Understand the concept of the nature of magnetic materials. Gain knowledge on electromagnetic induction and its applications.
- Understand the Theory of Superposition of waves. Understand the formation of Newton's rings and the working of Michelson's interferometer. Remember the basics of diffraction, Evaluate the path difference. Analysis of Fraunhofer Diffraction due to a single slit
- Understand the interaction of matter with radiation, Characteristics of Lasers, Principle, working schemes of Laser and Principle of Optical Fiber. Realize their role in optical fiber communication.
- Understand the intuitive ideas of the Quantum physics and understand dual nature of matter. Compute Eigen values, Eigen functions, momentum of Atomic and subatomic particles using Time independent one Dimensional Schrodinger's wave equation. Understand the fundamentals and synthesis processes of Nanophase materials.

#### **Syllabus**

**Thermodynamics:** Introduction, Heat and Work, First law of thermodynamics and applications, Reversible and Irreversible process, Carnot cycle and Efficiency, Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot's Theorem, Entropy, Second law in terms of entropy, Entropy and disorder, Third law of thermodynamics (statement only).

**Electromagnetism:** Concept of electric flux, Gauss's law - some applications, Magnetic field - Magnetic force on current, torque on current loop, The Biot-Savart's Law, B near a long wire, B for a circular Current loop, Ampere's law, B for a solenoid, Hall effect, Faraday's law of induction, Lenz's law, Induced magnetic fields, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations (no derivation), Magnetic materials: Classification of magnetic materials and properties.

**Ultrasonics**: Introduction, Production of Ultrasonics – Piezoelectric and Magnetostriction methods, acoustic grating, applications of ultrasonics.

#### **OPTICS**

**Interference**: Principles of superposition – Young's Experiment – Coherence - Interference in thin films (reflected light), Newton's Rings, Michelson Interferometer and its applications.

**Diffraction**: Introduction, Differences between interference and diffraction, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit (Qualitative and quantitative treatment).

**Polarisation**: Polarisation by reflection, refraction and double refraction in uniaxial crystals, Nicol prism, Quarter and Half wave plate, circular and elliptical polarization.

Lasers and Fibre Optics: Introduction, characteristics of a laser beam, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, Semiconductor laser, applications of lasers Introduction to optical fibers, principle of propagation of light in optical fibers, Acceptance Angle and cone of a fibre, Numerical aperture, Modes of propagations, classification of fibers, Fibre optics in communications, Application of optical fibers.

**Modern Physics:** Introduction, De Broglie concept of matter waves, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, Schrodinger time independent wave equation, application to a particle in a box. Free electron theory of metals, Kronig - Penney model (qualitative treatment), Origin of energy band formation in solids, Classification of materials into conductors, semi conductors and insulators.

Nanophase Materials Introduction, properties, Top-down and bottom up approaches, Synthesis - Ball milling, Chemical vapour deposition method, sol-gel methods, Applications of nano materials.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Physics by David Halliday and Robert Resnick Part I and Part II Wiley.
- 2. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar S. Chand
- 3. Engineering Physics by R.K. Gaurand S.L. Gupta-Dhanpat Rai

- 1. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vadudeva S. Chand
- 2. University Physics by Young and Freedman Pearson

#### IT1203 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

The course enables the students to convey the ideas and information graphically that come across in engineering. This course includes projections of points, lines, planes, solids, isometric drawings, and utility of drafting and modelling packages in orthographic and isometric drawings.

#### **Course Objectives**

- Create awareness of the engineering drawing as the language of engineers.
- Familiarize how industry communicates, practices for accuracy in presenting the technical information.
- Develop the engineering imagination essential for successful design.
- Demonstrate the usage of drafting and modelling packages in representation of orthographic and isometric views.
- Train in 2D and 3D modelling software.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Apply BIS standards and conventions while drawing Lines, printing letters and showing dimensions.
- Classify the systems of projection with respect to the observer, object and the reference planes.
- Construct orthographic views of an object when its position with respect to reference planes is defined
- Develop Isometric View from orthographic views
- Obtain multiview projections and solid models of objects using CAD tools

#### **Syllabus**

*Introduction:* Drawing instruments and their uses, Types of lines, Lettering, General rules for dimensioning, geometrical constructions using instruments..

Orthographic Projection: Methods of projection, Principles of Orthographic projection, First angle versus third angle of projection, 3 views of an object.

*Projection of Points:* Projections of points when they are situated in different quadrants.

*Projections of Lines*: Projections of a line parallel to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, inclined to both the reference planes, traces.

*Projections of Planes:* Projections of a plane perpendicular to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, oblique planes.

*Projections of Solids:* Projections of solids whose axis is parallel to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, axis inclined to both the reference planes.

*Isometric Views*: Isometric axis, Isometric Planes, Isometric View, Isometric projection, Isometric views of simple objects.

Introduction to AutoCAD: (To be conducted in CAD Lab) Basic introduction and operational instructions of various commands in AutoCAD,Role of CAD in design and development of new products, Advantages of CAD. Creating 2D and 3D drawing with dimensions using suitable software. At least three sheets of orthographic and isometric drawings using CAD packages.(Auto CAD drawing will be evaluated internally by sessional marks and not by final theory paper)

#### **Text Book**

• N.D. Bhat and V.M. Panchal, Engineering Graphics, Charotar Publishers, 2016.

- Agarwal, B, Engineering Drawing, Second edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2015
- Prof. Sham Tickoo, AutoCAD 2017 for Engineers & Designers, 23ed, Dreamtech Press

#### IT1204 DATA STRUCTURES

# **Course objectives**

- Assess how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs.
- Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.
- Solve problems using data structures such as linear lists, stacks, queues, binary trees, heaps binary search trees, and graphs and writing programs for these solutions.

# **Course outcomes**

- Describe how arrays, records, linked structures, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs are represented in memory and used by algorithms.
- Demonstrate different methods for traversing trees.
- Compare alternative implementations of data structures with respect to performance.
- Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting and searching

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Data Structures**: Review of C Programming, Recursive Definition and Processes, Recursion in C, Simulation of Recursion, Efficiency of Recursion, Abstract Data Types, Meaning and Definition of Data Structures, Arrays

**Stacks**: Stack as an Abstract Data Type, Primitive Operations, Implementing Stack Operations using Arrays, Infix, Postfix and Prefix: Definitions, Evaluation and Conversions.

**Queues**: Queue as an Abstract Data Type, Sequential Representation, Types of Queues, Operations, Implementation using Arrays.

**Linked List**: Operations, Implementation of Stacks, Queues and priority Queues using Linked Lists+, Circular Lists: Insertion, Deletion and Concatenation Operations, Stacks and Queues as Circular Lists, Doubly Linked Lists.

**Trees**: Binary Trees - Definitions and Operations, Binary Tree Representation: Node Representation, Implicit array Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, Threaded Binary Trees and their Traversal, Trees and their Applications; Tree Searching: Insertion and Deletion of a node from a Binary Search Tree, Efficiency of Binary Search Tree operations.

**Searching**: Basic Searching Techniques: Dictionary as an Abstract Data Type, Algorithmic Notation, Sequential Searching and its Efficiency, Binary Search, Interpolation Search.

**Sorting**: General Background: Efficiency, Asymptotic Notations, Efficiency of Sorting, Bubble Sort and Quick Sort and their Efficiency, Selection Sorting, Binary Tree Sort, Heap Sort, Insertion Sorts , Shell Sort , Address calculation Sort , Merge and Radix Sorts.

**Graphs and Their Application**: Definition of Graphs, Representation of Graphs, Transitive closure, Linked Representation of Graphs, Topological Ordering of nodes, Graph Traversal and Spanning Forests, Undirected Graphs and their Traversals, Applications of Graphs, Minimal Spanning Trees.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Data Structures Using C and C++ Yddish Langsam, Moshe J. Augenstein and Aaron M.Tanenbaum, Prentice Hall Of India (2nd Edition)
- 2. Data Structures, Algorithms and Applications with C++, Sahani Mc-Graw Hill.

#### IT1205 DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

#### **Course objectives**

- To introduce the basic principles for design of combinational circuit and sequential circuits.
- To learn simple digital circuits in preparation for computer engineering.

#### **Course Outcomes**

A student who successfully fulfills the course requirements will have demonstrated:

- An ability to define different number systems, binary addition and subtraction, 2's complement representation and operations with this representation.
- An ability to understand the different Boolean algebra theorems and apply them for logic functions.
- An ability to define Karnaugh map for a few variables and perform algorithmic reduction of logic functions.
- An ability to define the following combinational circuits: multiplexer, de-multiplexers encoders/decoders, comparators, arithmetic-logic units; and to be able to build simple circuits.
- An ability to understand asynchronous and synchronous sequential circuits, like counters and shift registers.
- An ability to understand memories like RAM and ROM, Programmable Logic Array and Programmable Array Logic.

#### **Syllabus**

**Binary Systems:** Digital Systems. Binary Numbers. Number Base Conversions. Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers. Complements. Signed Binary Numbers. Binary Codes. Binary Storage and Registers. Binary Logic

**Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates**: Basic Definitions. Axiomatic Definition of Boolean Algebra. Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra. Boolean Functions. Canonical and Standard Forms. OtherLogicOperations.Digital Logic Gates. Integrated Circuits.

**Combinational Logic Design, Gate-Level Minimization**: The Map Method. Four Variable Map. Five-Variable Map. Product of Sums Simplification. Don't-Care Conditions. NAND and NOR Implementation. Other Two- Level Implementations. Exclusive-OR Function. Hardware Description Language(HDL).

**Combinational Logic**: Combinational Circuits. Analysis Procedure. Design Procedure. Binary Adder Subtractor. Decimal Adder. Binary Multiplier. Magnitude Comparator. Decoders. Encoders. Multiplexers. HDL For Combinational Circuits.

**Sequential Logic Design, Synchronous Sequential Logic**: Sequential Circuits. Latches FlipFlops. Analysis of Clocked Sequential Circuits. HDL For Sequential Circuits. State Reduct ion and Assignment. Design Procedure.

**Registers ad Counters**: Registers. Shift Registers. Ripple Counters. Synchronous Counters. Other Counters. HDL for Registers and Counters.

**Memory and Programmable Logic**: Introduction. Random-Access Memory. Memory Decoding, Error Detection and Correction. Read-Only Memory. Programmable Logic Array. Programmable Array Logic. Sequential Programmable Devices.

#### **Text Book**

1. Digital Design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, M.Morris Mano, Pearson Education.

- 1. Digital Logic Design Principles, Norman Balabanian & Bradley Carlson, John Wiley &Sons(Asia) Pvt.Ltd.,2002
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Logic with VHDL Design, Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, TataMcGraw HillEdition,2002

### IT1206 WORKSHOP LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- Get hands on experience with the working skills in Carpentry trade.
- Know how to work with Sheet Metal tools.
- Get familiar with the working skills of Metal Fitting operations.
- Get hands on experience with household electrical wiring.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Can be able to work with Wood Materials in real time applications.
- Can be able to build various parts with Sheet Metal in day-to-day life.
- Can be able to apply Metal Fitting skills in various applications.
- Can be able to apply this knowledge to basic house electrical wiring and repairs.

#### **Syllabus**

**Carpentry**: Any three jobs from – Half lap joint, Mortise and Tenon joint, Half – lap Dovetail joint, Corner Dovetail joint, Central Bridle joint.

**Sheet Metal**: Any three jobs from – Square tray, Taper tray(sides), Funnel, Elbow pipe joint.

Fitting: Any three jobs from – Square, Hexagon, Rectangular fit, Circular fit and Triangular fit.

**House wiring**: Any three jobs from – Tube light wiring, Ceiling fan wiring, Stair-case wiring, Corridor wiring.

- 1. Elements of workshop technology, Vol.1 by S. K. and H. K. Choudary.
- 2. Work shop Manual / P.Kannaiah/ K.L.Narayana/ SciTech Publishers.
- 3. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapoovan, Saravana Pandian, 4/e Vikas.

### IT1207 PHYSICS LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- To enable the students to acquire skill, technique and utilization of the Instruments
- Draw the relevance between the theoretical knowledge and to imply it in a practical manner with respect to analyze various electronic circuits and its components.
- To impart the practical knowledge in basic concepts of Wave optics, Lasers and Fiber optics.
- To familiarize the handling of basic physical apparatus like Vernier callipers, screw gauge, spectrometers, travelling microscope, laser device, optical fibre, etc.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Ability to design and conduct experiments as well as to analyze and interpret
- Ability to apply experimental skills to determine the physical quantities related to Heat, Electromagnetism and Optics
- The student will learn to draw the relevance between theoretical knowledge and the means to imply it in a practical manner by performing various relative experiments.

### **Syllabus**

- 1. Determination of Radius of Curvature of a given Convex Lens By forming Newton's Rings.
- 2. Determination of Wavelength of Spectral Lines in the Mercury Spectrum by Normal Incidence method.
- 3. Study the Intensity Variation of the Magnetic Field along axis of Current Carrying Circular Coil.
- 4. Determination of Cauchy's Constants of a Given Material of the Prism using Spectrometer.
- 5. Determination of Refractive Index of Ordinary ray µo and Extraordinary µe ray.
- 6. Determination of Thickness Given Paper Strip by Wedge Method.
- 7. Calibration of Low Range Voltmeter.
- 8. Calibration of Low Range Ammeter.
- 9. Determination of Magnetic Moment and Horizontal Component of Earth's Magnetic Field.

- 10. Lees Method Coefficient of thermal Conductivity of a Bad Conductor.
- 11. Carey Foster's Bridge Verification of laws of Resistance and Determination of Specific Resistance.
- 12. Melde's Apparatus Frequency of electrically maintained Tuning Fork.
- 13. Photoelectric cell-Characteristics.
- 14. Planks Constants.
- 15. Laser- Diffraction.

# **Reference Book**

1. Physics by David Halliday and Robert Resnick – Part I and Part II - Wiley.

# IT1208 DATA STRUCTURES LAB

### **Course Objectives**

- To implement stacks and queues using arrays and linked lists.
- To develop programs for searching and sorting algorithms.
- To write programs using concepts of various trees.
- To implement programs using graphs.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Student will be able to write programs to implement stacks and queues.
- Ability to implement various searching and sorting techniques.
- Ability to implement programs using trees and graphs.

#### **Syllabus**

# **List of Programs:**

- 1. Write a C program for sorting a list using Bubble sort and then apply binary search.
- 2. Write a C program to implement the operations on single linked list.
- 3. Write a C program for demonstrate operations on double linked list.
- 4. Write a C program to implement the operations on priority queues.
- 5. Write a C program to implement the operations on stacks.
- 6. Write a C program to implement the operations on circular queues.
- 7. Write a C program for evaluating a given postfix expression using stack.
- 8. Write a C program for converting a given infix expression to postfix form using stack.
- 9. Write a C program for implementing the operations of a dequeue
- 10. Write a C program for the representation of polynomials using circular linked list and for the addition of two such polynomials
- 11. Write a C program to create a binary search tree and for implementing the in order, pre order, post order traversal using recursion
- 12. a) Write a C program for finding the transitive closure of a digraph
  - b) Write a C program for finding the shortest path from a given source to any vertex in a digraph using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 13. a) Write a C program for finding the Depth First Search of a graph.
  - b) Write a C program for finding the Breadth First Search of a graph

- 1. Data Structures Using C and C++ Yddish Langsam, Moshe J. Augenstein and Aaron M.Tanenbaum, Prentice Hall Of India (2nd Edition)
- 2. Data Structures, Algorithms and Applications with C++, Sahani Mc-Graw Hill.

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# II Year - I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P				
IT2101	BS	Elements of Electronics Engineering	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2102	PC	Computer Organization & Architecture	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2103	PC	Systems Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2104	PC	Internet Concepts & Java Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2105	PC	Python Programming	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2106	PC	Computer Organization & Architecture Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2107	PC	Internet Concepts & Java Programming Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2108	PC	Python Programming Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2109	SC	Embedded System Design using Arduino	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT2110	MC	Environmental Science	0	0	-	100	100	0
Total credits						21.5		

### IT2101 ELEMENTS OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

# **Course Objectives**

- Introduce students to basics of semiconductors, their classification and properties
- To provide theory of PN junction diode, its characteristics and applications
- To introduce basics of rectifying circuits and bipolar junction transistor
- To provide basics of transistor biasing, transistor amplifiers and field effect transistors

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Explain the basics of semiconductors and their classification
- Understand the theory of PN junction diode, rectifying circuits and bipolar junction transistor
- Explain the concepts of transistor biasing, transistor amplifiers and field effect transistors

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Electronics and Semiconductors**: Energy band theory, Conduction in Insulators, Semiconductors and metals, Electron emission from metals, Classification of semiconductors, Carrier concentration in an intrinsic semiconductor, Properties of intrinsic semiconductor, Drift and diffusion currents.

**Semi-Conductor Diode**: Theory of PN junction diode, Open circuited PN junction, V-I characteristics of a PN diode, Diode current equation, Transition and diffusion capacitances, Break down in PN diode, Applications of PN diodes. Zener diode, Zener regulator, Tunnel diode, Schottky diode.

**Rectifying circuits**: Half wave and full wave rectifiers, Bridge rectifiers, Efficiency, Ripple and regulation of each rectifier, Capacitor filters.

**Bipolar Junction Transistor**: Introduction, construction, Operation of PNP and NPN Transistors – Transistor Circuit configurations- Characteristics of a CE configurations – h parameters, low frequency small signal equivalent circuit of a Transistor.

**Transistor Biasing and thermal stabilization**: Transistor Biasing, Stabilization, Different methods of transistor biasing – Fixed bias, Collector feedback bias – self bias – Bias compensation.

**Transistor Amplifiers**: CE, CB, CC amplifier configurations –Multistage amplifier – A Two Stage RC coupled amplifier – frequency response curve and bandwidth.

**Field Effect Transistors**: Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET) – JFET characteristics, JFET Parameters, Small signal equivalent circuit – MOSFETS – Depletion and Enhancement MOSFETS.

# **Text Book**

1. Electronic Device and Circuits by Sanjeev Guptha – Dhanpat Rai Publications

- 1. Electronic Device and Circuits Theory by Robert L. Boylested Pearson
- 2. Electronic Device and Circuits by David. A. Bell Oxford

# IT2102 COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

### **Course Objectives**

- To study about structure and functional components of a computer.
- Understanding the hierarchical organization of a computer system which consists of instruction set of commands.
- Learn about the architecture of a computer from a programming view.
- To design a balance system that minimizes performance and utilization of all elements.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge about major components of a computer such as processor, memory and I/O modules along with their interconnections internally with outside world.
- have detailed idea about architecture of central processing unit, functions of control unit, memory, I/O devices and their issues.
- Understand simple and multiple processor organization and their issues.

#### **Syllabus**

**Register Transfer and Micro operations:** Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, Logic Micro operations, Shift Micro operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory-Reference Instructions, Input- Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description, Design of Basic Computer, Design of Accumulator Logic.

**Micro programmed Control**: Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Micro program Example, Design of Control Unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** Introduction, General Register Organization, Stack Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer (RISC), Architecture and Programming of 8085 Microprocessor

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISK Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors.

**Input/output Organization:** Peripheral Devices, I/O interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of transfer, priority Interrupt, Direct memory access, Input-Output Processor (IOP), Serial Communication.

**Memory Organization**: Memory Hierarchy, Main memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory, and Virtual memory, Memory Management Hardware.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Computer System Architecture, M. Morris Mano, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., Third Edition, Sept.2008.
- 2. Computer Architecture and Organization, P.Chakraborty Jaico Publishing House
- 3. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 by Ramesh S Gaonkar Pearson

- 1. Computer Architecture and Organization, William Stallings, PHI Pvt. Ltd., Eastern Economy Edition, Sixth Edition, 2003.
- 2. Computer Organization and Architecture, Linda Null, Julia Lobur, Narosa Publications ISBN 81-7319-609-5
- 3. Computer System Architecture, John. P.Hayes McGraw Hill Education;

## IT2103 SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING

#### **Course Objectives**

- to introduce students to assembly language programming
- to provide basics of assembler design
- to understand macro processors, loaders, their functions, types and design
- to understand design of compilers

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- read and understand basic programs written in assembly language
- understand the design of assembler and difference between single pass and double pass
- gain knowledge on the types of macros, design of macro processor, loaders, compilers and their design
- have knowledge on tools such as text editors, interpreters, debug monitors, etc.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Systems Programming**: Background, Introduction to Assembly Language Programming - Instruction Formats, Data formats - Role of Base Register, Index Register.

Assemblers: Databases used in assembler design, Design of a Two Pass Assembler -

**Macro language and Macro Processor**: Various types of Macros, Design of Macro Processor – Macro Implementation – Two Pass and Single Pass algorithms

**Loaders**: Functions of a loader, types of Loaders, databases used in Loaders, Design of Loaders - Absolute Loader, Direct Linking Loader.

**Compilers:** Statement of Problem, Phases of the Compiler

**Introduction to Software Tools**: Text editors, Interpreters, Program Generators, Debug Monitors.

#### **Text Book**

1. Systems Programming by Donovan Tata McGraw Hill

## **Reference Book**

1. System Programming by Dhamdhere Tata McGraw Hill, IInd Revised Edition

## IT2104 INTERNET CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING

#### **Course Objectives**

- provide fundamental knowledge of HTML and Object Oriented Programming concepts
- introduce students to Java programming language, its syntax, data types, expressions, control statements, arrays and functions
- provide basics of classes, interfaces, multi-threading and various packages in Java
- introduce students to event driven programming and applets
- provide basics of networking including client/server, sockets, internet addressing, etc.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- explain the basic concepts in Object Oriented Programming
- write Java programs involving control statements, arrays, structures, functions, classes, interfaces and use various packages available in Java
- develop event driven programs and applets
- understand the basics of networking including client/server, sockets, internet addressing, etc.

### **Syllabus**

**Fundamentals**: HTML, OOP Concepts, Comparing JAVA with C & C++, JAVA Programming language Syntax, Variables, Data types, statements and expressions

**Control Statements**: If else, for, while, and do while loops, Switch statements.

**Arrays & Structures**: One Dimensional &Two Dimensional Arrays, Named Structures.

Functions: Parameter Passing, Static Modifier.

**Features of JAVA**: Classes and Interfaces, Threads and multithreaded programming, Exception handling, Introduction to packages, Math package, Lang package, Util package.

**Applet Programming**: Events, Event driven programming, Events like buttons, mouse, keyboards etc., Applets, Applets package, Fonts, colors, Graphics, images. AWT components, layout managers, writing event driven program using components.

**Networking**: Networking Basics: Socket overview, Client/Server, Reserved sockets. Proxy servers, Internet addressing; Java and the net,Inet address, TCP/IP client sockets, URL, URL connection, TCP/IP server sockets, Data grams.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Introduction to Java programming, a primar, Balaguruswamy Tata Mcgraw Hill
- 2. Java Complete Reference, Herbt Schild Mcgraw Hill

# **Reference Book**

1. Introduction to Java programming|, Daneal/Young PHI

### IT2105 PYTHON PROGRAMMING

#### **Course Objectives**

- To develop skills on procedural oriented and object oriented programming in Python
- To understand and apply different data wrangling techniques using Python.
- To perform data analysis using Python libraries like NumPy, Pandas and exploratory data analysis using Matplotlib

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, a student should be able to:

- acquire programming knowledge on basics of Python
- acquire programming knowledge on Text and File Handling
- develop Python programs to Mean, Median, Mode, Correlation
- acquire programming knowledge on NumPy, Pandas Library
- acquire programming knowledge on Graph Visualizations in Python and Data Analysis using Python

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Python**: Rapid Introduction to Procedular Programming, Data Types: Identifiers and Keywords, Integral Types, Floating Point Types

**Strings**: Strings, Comparing Strings, Slicing and Striding Strings, String Operators and Methods, String formatting with str.format

Collections Data Types: Tuples, Lists, Sets, dictionaries, Iterating and copying collections

Python Control Structures, Functions and OOP:Control Structures and Functions: Conditional Branching, Looping, Exception Handling, Custom Fuctions

**Python Library Modules**: random, math, time, os, shutil, sys, glob, re, statistics, creating a custom module

**Object Oriented Programming**: Object Oriented Concepts and Terminology, Custom Classes, Attributes and Methods, Inheritance and Polymorphism, Using Properties to Control Attribute Access

File Handling: Writing and Reading Binary Data, Writing and Parsing Text Files

**NumPy Arrays and Vectorized Computation**: NumPy arrays, Array creation, Indexing and slicing, Fancy indexing, Numerical operations on arrays, Array

functions, Data processing using arrays, Loading and saving data, Saving an array, Loading an array, Linear algebra with NumPy, NumPy random numbers

**Data Analysis with Pandas**: An overview of the Pandas package, The Pandas data structure-Series, The DataFrame, The Essential Basic Functionality: Reindexing and altering labels, Head and tail, Binary operations, Functional statistics, Function application Sorting, Indexing and selecting data, Computational tools, Working with Missing Data, Advanced Uses of Pandas for Data Analysis - Hierarchical indexing, The Panel data

**Data Analysis Application Examples**: Data munging, Cleaning data, Filtering, Merging data, Reshaping data, Data aggregation, Grouping data

**Data Visualization**: The matplotlib API primer-Line properties, Figures and subplots, Exploring plot types-Scatter plots, Bar plots, Histogram plots, Legends and annotations, Plotting functions with Pandas

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Programming in Python 3: A Complete Introduction to Python Language, Mark Summerfield, Second Edition, Addison-Wesley Publications
- 2. Python: End-to-End Data Analysis Learning Path, Module 1: Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Phuong VothiHong, Martin Czygan,, Packt Publishing Ltd

- 1. Learning Python, 5th Edition, Mark Lutz, Orielly Publications
- 2. Python for Data Analysis, Wes McKinney, Orielly Publications
- 3. How to Think Like a Computer Scientist: Learning with Python 3 Documentation 3rd Edition, Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey, Chris Meyers
- 4. Core Python Programming, Second Edition, Wesley J. Chun, Prentice Hall
- 5. Python Cookbook Recipes for Mastering Python 3,3rdEdition, David Beazley, Brian K. Jones, Oreilly

### IT2106 COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ARCHITECTURE LAB

### **Course Objectives**

- to design and analyze the operational behavior of IC gates, multiplexers, decoders, flip-flops, counters, shift registers, binary adders and subtractors and ALU
- to implement assembly language programming using various trainers
- to make students familiar with Pentium class PC architecture

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- analyze the operational behavior of various digital logic units such as multiplexers, decoders, flip-flops, counters, shift registers, binary adders and subtractors and ALU
- write assembly language code using various trainers
- understand Pentium class PC architecture.

### **Syllabus**

# I - Cycle: Digital Logic Design Experiments

TTL Characteristics and TTL IC Gates

Multiplexers & Decoders

Flip-Flops

Counters

**Shift Registers** 

Binary Adders & Subtractors

ALU

# II - CYCLE: 8085 Assembly Language Programming

8085 Assembly Language Programming according to theory course microprocessors-I using the following trainers:

Keyboard Monitor of 8085µP Trainer

Serial Monitor of 8085µP Trainer with Terminal

8085 Line Assembler of 8085µP Trainer with PC as Terminal

8085 Cross Assembler using In-Circuit Emulator (ICE) with  $8085\mu P$  Trainer and PC as Terminal

# Graded Problems are to be used according to the syllabus of COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

# PENTIUM CLASS PC ARCHITECTURE FAMILIARIZATION HARDWARE & SOFTWARE PARTS DEMONSTRATION

- 1. Computer System Architecture, M. Morris Mano, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., Third Edition, Sept.2008
- 2. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 by Ramesh S Gaonkar Pearson

### IT2107 INTERNET CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB

#### **Course Objectives**

- To expose students to Java programming language and its syntax
- to familiarize students with programming concepts of conditional execution, loops, arrays, functions, etc.
- to introduce the basics of object oriented programming, concept of classes and interfaces

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- apply Java language to develop basic programs using classes
- code in Java by accepting input from command line, write output to a file
- develop applet programs in Java

# **Syllabus**

# Lab experiments:

- 1. (a) Program to display the area of a rectangle.
  - (b) Program to find Sum of series 1+x+x2+x3+.....
- 2. (a) Write a class to display the area of rectangle and inherit this class into other class which is displaying perimeter of a rectangle and implement.
  - (b) Write a class to add three no's inherit this class into other class to add five no's and implement it.
- 3. (a) Write a program to print the path, filename and extension for a given path of a file.
  - (b) Write a program to receive two command line arguments check whether they are equal or not.
- 4. (a) A program to take two arguments and divide the first argument with second argument and display the result. Display the error message if divide by zero without abnormal exit.
  - (b) A program to accept more than one string and arrange them in alphabetical order.
  - (c) Write a program to display simultaneously output of even and odd numbers starting from one to specified number.

- 5. Write a program to accept data from keyboard and write it into a file.
- 6. Write a java program to implement stack & Queue operations.
- 7. Write a program to draw line and circle using mouse.
- 8. Write a applet program for drawing the bar chart.
- 9. Write a applet program to design a calculator for implementing basic functions like +, -, \*, /.
- 10. Write a program to check active ports in system.

- 1. Introduction to Java programming, a primarl, Balaguruswamy Tata Mcgraw Hill
- 2. Java Complete Reference, Herbt Schild Mcgraw Hill

# IT2108 PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- familiarize students with key data structures in Python including lists and dictionaries and apply them in context of searching, sorting, text and file handling
- introduce students to calculation of statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
- familiarize students with important Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and use them to manipulate arrays and dataframes
- introduce students to data visualization in Python through creation of line plots, histograms, scatter plots, box plots and others
- implementation of basic machine learning tasks in Python including pre-processing data, dimensionality reduction of data using PCA, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- implement searching, sorting and handle text and files using Python data structures such as lists and dictionaries
- calculate statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
- use Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and create data visualizations
- implement basic machine learning tasks pre-processing data, compressing data, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

# **Syllabus**

- 1. Python Programs on lists & Dictionaries
- 2. Python Programs on Searching and sorting
- 3. Python Programs on Text Handling
- 4. Python Programs on File Handling
- 5. Python Programs for calculating Mean, Mode, Median, Variance, Standard Deviation
- 6. Python Programs for Karl Pearson Coefficient of Correlation, Rank Correlation
- 7. Python Programs on NumPy Arrays, Linear algebra with NumPy

- 8. Python Programs for creation and manipulation of DataFrames using Pandas Library
- 9. Write a Python program for the following.
  - Simple Line Plots,
  - Adjusting the Plot: Line Colors and Styles, Axes Limits, Labeling Plots,
  - Simple Scatter Plots,
  - Histograms,
  - Customizing Plot Legends,
  - Choosing Elements for the Legend,
  - Boxplot
  - Multiple Legends,
  - Customizing Colorbars,
  - Multiple Subplots,
  - Text and Annotation,
  - Customizing Ticks
- 10. Python Programs for Data preprocessing: Handling missing values, handling categorical data, bringing features to same scale, selecting meaningful features
- 11. Python Program for Compressing data via dimensionality reduction: PCA
- 12. Python Programs for Data Clustering
- 13. Python Programs for Classification
- 14. Python Programs for Model Evaluation: K-fold cross validation

- 1. Core Python Programming, Second Edition, Wesley J. Chun, Prentice Hall
- 2. Chris Albon, "Machine Learning with Python Cookbook-practical solutions from preprocessing to Deep learning", O'REILLY Publisher,2018
- 3. Mark Summerfield, Programming in Python 3--A Complete Introduction to the Python Language, Second Edition, Additson Wesley
- 4. Phuong Vo.T.H , Martin Czygan, Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd
- 5. Armando Fandango, Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd
- 6. Magnus Vilhelm Persson and Luiz Felipe Martins, Mastering Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd
- 7. Sebastian Raschka & Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning", Packt Publisher, 2017

# IT2109 EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN USING ARDUINO

### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce basics of electronics and reading electronics diagrams
- To introduce students to basics of Arduino programming language and IDE
- To provide students knowledge on how to build prototype circuits, connect them to the Arduino and program the Arduino microcontroller

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will:

- Learn the basics of electronics, including reading schematics (electronics diagrams) and how to prototype circuits with a breadboard.
- Learn the Arduino programming language and IDE
- Acquire knowledge on how to program basic Arduino examples, build prototype circuits, connect them to the Arduino, program the Arduino microcontroller to make the circuits work and connect the Arduino microcontroller to a serial terminal to understand communication and stand-alone use.
- Explore online resources for extending knowledge about the capabilities of the Arduino microcontroller.

# **Syllabus**

- Embedded Systems Introduction, Different Microcontroller Architectures (CISC, RISC, ARISC). Internal Resources & Hardware Chips in Details. History of AVR Microcontrollers and Features, Memory Architectures (RAM/ROM). 8051 Architecture and programming.
- 2. Introduction to ARDUINO, ARDUINO History and Family Programming in Embedded -C, Concepts of C language.
- 3. Hardware Interfacings with 8051/Arduino
  - a. LEDS and Switches,
  - b. Seven Segment Display and Multi Segment Display,
  - c. Relays (AC Appliance Control)
  - d. LCD, Buzzer,
  - e. IR Sensors and other digital sensors,
  - f. Matrix Keypad
  - g. UART Communication (MCU to PC) UART Communication (MCU to MCU)

- h. Graphical LCD
- i. RTC Based Real Time Clock
- j. Sensor Interfacing: Accelerometer/Gyro/Tilt Sensor, Analogue Sensors (Temperature, Gas & Alcohol) UART Based Sensors (Colour Sensor, Humidity Sensor).
- 4. Software Programming/Assembly Language Programming for above HW interfacing experiments with development kits or Simulation environment.

# **Text Book**

1. Designing Embedded Systems with Arduino A Fundamental Technology for Makers, Pan, Tianhong, Zhu, Yi, Springer Publications

# IT2110 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

# **Course Objectives**

The objectives of the Environmental Science course are to

- Familiarize the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- Provide information of some of the important international conventions which will be useful during the future endeavors after graduation.
- Make realize the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Apprise the impact of pollution getting generated through the anthropogenic activities on the environment
- Provide the concept of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Impart knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the students will have

- Knowledge on the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- The knowledge on the salient features of the important international conventions
- Understanding of the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Familiarity on various forms of pollution and its impact on the environment.
- Understand the elements of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** Structure and functions of Ecosystems-Ecosystems and its Dynamics-Value of Biodiversity-impact of loss of biodiversity, Conservation of bio-diversity. Environmental indicators - Global environmental issues and their impact on the ecosystems.

Salient features of International conventions on Environment: Montreal Protocol, Kyoto protocol, Ramsar Convention on Wetlands, Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC),

**Natural Resources Management:** Importance of natural resources management-Land as resource, Land degradation, Soil erosion and desertification, Effects of usage of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticide- watershed management.

**Forest resources:** Use and over-exploitation, Mining and dams – their effects on forest ecosystems and the living beings.

**Water resources:** Exploitation of surface and groundwater, Floods, droughts, Dams: benefits and costs.

**Mineral Resources:** Impact of mining on the environment and possible environmental management options in mining and processing of the minerals.

Sustainable resource management (land, water, and energy), and resilient design under the changing environment.

**Environmental Pollution:** Local and Global Issues. Causes, effects and control measures. Engineering aspects of environmental pollution control systems.

**Air pollution:** impacts of ambient and indoor air pollution on human health. Water pollution: impacts water pollution on human health and loss of fresh water resources. Soil pollution and its impact on environment. Marine pollution and its impact on blue economy. Noise pollution.

**Solid waste management:** Important elements in solid waste management- Waste to energy concepts. Air (prevention and control of pollution) Act, Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act and their amendments. Salient features of Environmental protection Act, 1986.

**Sustainable Development:** Fundamentals of Sustainable Development–Sustainability Strategies and Barriers – Industrialization and sustainable development. Circular economy concepts in waste (solid and fluid) management.

**Energy and Environment:** Environmental Benefits and challenges, Availability and need of conventional energy resources, major environmental problems related to the conventional energy resources, future possibilities of energy need and availability. Solar Energy: process of photovoltaic energy conversion, solar energy conversion technologies and devices, their principles, working and applications, disposal of solar panel after their usage. Biomass energy: Concept of biomass energy utilization, types

of biomass energy, conversion processes, Wind Energy, energy conversion technologies, their principles, equipment and suitability in context of India.

**Management of plastic waste and E-waste**: Sources, generation and characteristics of various e- and plastic wastes generated from various industrial and commercial activities; Waste management practices including onsite handling, storage, collection and transfer. E-waste and plastic waste processing alternatives. E-Waste management rules and Plastic waste management rules, 2016 and their subsequent amendments.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Bharucha, Erach (2004). Textbook for Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses of all Branches of Higher Education, University Grants Commission, New Delhi
- 2. Basu, M., Xavier, S. (2016). Fundamentals of Environmental Studies, Cambridge University Press, India
- 3. Masters, G. M., &Ela, W. P. (1991). Introduction to environmental engineering and science. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- 4. Enger, E. and Smith, B., Environmental Science: A Study of Interrelationships, Publisher: McGraw-Hill Higher Education; 12th edition, 2010

- 1. Sharma, P. D., & Sharma, P. D. (2005). Ecology and environment. Rastogi Publications
- 2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
- 3. Clark R.S. (2001). Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford (TB)
- 4. Jadhav, H & Bhosale, V.M. (1995). Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi 284 p.
- 5. MoEF&CC, Govt. of India, CPCB: E-waste management rules, 2016 and its amendments 2018.
- 6. MoEF&CC, Govt. of India, CPCB: Plastic waste management rules, 2016

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# II Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P	Marks	Marks	IVIAIKS	
IT2201	ES	Formal Languages & Automata Theory	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2202	PC	Operating Systems	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2203	PC	Database Management Systems	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2204	PC	Probability, Statistics & Queuing Theory	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2205	HSS	Managerial Economics	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT2206	PC	Operating Systems Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2207	PC	Database Management Systems Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT2208	SC	Intellectual Property Rights	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT2209	MC	Professional Ethics& Universal Human Values	0	0	0	100	100	0
IT2210	MC	NCC/NSS	0	2	-	-	-	0
Total credits							20	
Internship - I								

### IT2201 FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY

## **Course Objectives**

- To introduce the concepts in automata theory and theory of computation to design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages.
- To employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- To introduce finite state machines, context free grammars and Turing Machines and their properties as the basis for the formal expressivity of computer languages for solving linguistic decision problems.
- To understand the concepts of tractability and decidability, the concepts of NP-completeness and NP-hard problem and also the challenges for Theoretical Computer Science and its contribution to other sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to think analytically and intuitively for problem-solving situations in related areas of theory in computer science
- Ability to describe the language accepted by an automata or generated by a regular expression or a context-free grammar;
- Ability to understand the functioning of Finite-State Machines, Deterministic Finite-State Automata, Nondeterministic Finite-State Automata and Pushdown Automata and Turing Machines.

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Grammars and Languages:** Definitions of alphabet, strings, language, grammar, types of grammar, types of machines, generation of languages from grammar, construction of grammar from the given description of languages, Chomsky Hierarchy of languages.

Finite State Machine (FSM): Definition of finite state machine, Representation of FSMs. Classification of FSM's and their construction, Conversion from NFA to DFA, Elimination of  $\epsilon$  – transitions from NFA, Equivalence of two FSM's, optimization of finite state machine (Equivalence theorem method and Table filling method), Finite state machine with output: Moore and Mealy machines. Applications of FSM.

**Regular Expression and Languages:** Regular Expression, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Properties of Regular Languages: Pumping Lemma for regular Languages, Application of

Pumping Lemma, Closure properties of Regular Languages, Decision properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.

**Context Free Grammars and Languages**: Context Free Grammars, Parse Trees, Applications of Context-Free Grammars, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages, Normal Forms, Pumping Lemma for CFL, Closure properties of CFL, Decision properties for CFL.

**Push down Automata**: Definition of push down automata, The Languages of a PDA, push down automata, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, push down automata to context free grammar, context free grammar to push down automata, Deterministic Pushdown Automata.

**Turing Machines**: The Definition of Turing Machine, Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability by Turing Machines, Design of Turing Machines, Description of Turing Machines, Techniques for TM Construction, Variants of Turing Machines, Turing Machines and Type 0 Grammars.

**Undecidability**: A Language That Is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE, Undecidable Problems About Turing Machines, Decidable & Undecidable Problems, Post Correspondence Problem.

#### Text books

- 1. Introduction to automata theory, languages and computation, John.E.H.P croft/ Rajeev Motwani & JD Ullman—Pearson Education- III edition
- 2. Theory of computation, K.L.P.Mishra and N.Chandrasekhar, PHI

#### **Reference Books**

1. Theory of computation, formal languages and automata theory, G P Saradhi Varma, B.Thirupathi Rao –Sci Tech publications.

# IT2202 OPERATING SYSTEMS

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand evolution of Operating System.
- To understand operating system as a layer of abstraction above physical hardware that facilitates usage convenience and efficient resource management of computer system resources.
- To learn design and implementation of policies and mechanisms for OS subsystem.
- To investigate case studies to understand the design philosophies / paradigm for popular multiuser or single user operating system.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand OS evolution, its structure and services provided by it.
- Learn process life cycle, process scheduling objectives, policies and mechanisms, process synchronization; inter process communication, deadlocks and other process subsystem related concepts.
- Learn memory hierarchy, allocation and deallocation policies and mechanism for main and auxiliary memory; file system design and implementation issues.
- Investigate UNIX/ LINUX and Windows OS platforms w.r.t similarities and differences in design philosophies.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Operating Systems**: Over View of Operating Systems, Types of Operating Systems, Operating System Structures, Operating System Services, System Calls, Virtual Machines, Operating System Design and Implementation.

**Process Management**: Process Concepts, Operations on Processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads, Inter Process Communication, Process Scheduling, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Thread Scheduling.

**Process Synchronization**: The Critical Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

**Deadlocks**: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods For Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, Recovery from Deadlocks

**Memory Management**: Logical versus Physical Address, Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of the page table, segmentation, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing, Memory-Mapped files

**File Systems, Implementation, and Secondary – storage Structure**: Concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free Space Management, Directory Management, Device Drivers, overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk structure, disk attachment, disk scheduling, swap-space management.

Case study: Overview of LINUX, Windows Operating systems

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Operating Systems, Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, and Greg Gagne, John Wiley Publ., Seventh Edition.
- 2. Operating Systems; A Practical Approach. Rajiv Chopra S. Chand

- 1. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 2nd edition, 1995, PHI.
- 2. Operating Systems, William Stallings 5th Edition -PHI
- 3. Operating Systems: A Design-Oriented Approach', Charles Crowley, 'Tata Hill Co., 1998 edition.

### IT2203 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

### **Course Objectives**

- To learn the evolution of DBMS versus File systems, data models, and layers of abstraction.
- To understand conceptual and physical aspects of database design.
- To learn formal and commercial query language specifications.
- To understand concurrency control, recovery management, and other related issues.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand ER-modeling for conceptual database design and relational model.
- The student is introduced to formal and commercial query languages: Relational Algebra, calculus and SQL.
- The student will learn schema refinement and normalization.
- The student understands locking protocols concurrency control, and crash recovery methods.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction**: File system versus a DBMS, Advantages of a DBMS, Describing and Storing Data in a DBMS, The Relational model, Levels of abstraction, Data Independence, Transaction management, Structure of a DBMS.

Introduction to Database Design and The Relational Model: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity Sets, Relationships & Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design with ER Model, Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity Constraints, Querying Relational Data, Logical Database Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying/ Altering Tables and Views.

**Relational Algebra and SQL**: Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, The form of a Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, Null Values, Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Databases, Embedded SQL, Dynamic SQL, JDBC.

**Database Design**: Schema Refinement and Normal Forms, Introduction to Schema Refinement, Functional Dependencies, Reasoning about FD's, Normal Forms, Properties of Decomposition, Normalization, Other kinds of Dependencies.

**Transaction Management**: The ACID Properties, Transactions & Schedules, Concurrent Execution of Transactions, Lock-Based Concurrency Control.

**Concurrency Control**: 2PL, Serializability and Recoverability, Introduction to Lock Management, Lock Conversions, Dealing with Deadlocks, Specialized Locking Techniques, Concurrency Control without Locking.

**Crash Recovery**: Introduction to ARIES, The Log, Other Recovery-Related Structures, The Write-Ahead Log Protocol, Check pointing, recovering from a System Crash, Media Recovery.

# **Text Books**

 Database Management Systems; Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill

#### **Reference Books**

1. Database System Concepts; A. Silberschatz, H. Korth 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill

# IT2204 PROBABILITY, STATISTICS AND QUEUING THEORY

### **Course Objectives**

- to provide foundations of probabilistic and statistical analysis
- to provide an understanding on concepts of probability, random variables, probability distributions, sampling, estimation, hypothesis testing, regression, correlation, multiple regression, hypothesis testing, sample test, queuing methods
- to explore applications of probabilistic and statistical tools to solve real world problems.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- define and explain basic concepts in probability theory and how to translate real-world problems into probability models
- solve standard problems that include random variables, discrete and continuous probability distributions
- perform Test of Hypothesis and construct a confidence interval to estimate population parameters
- compute and interpret the results of Correlation Analysis, Multivariate Regression, Chi-Square test for Independence and Goodness of Fit
- explain basic concepts in Markov processes, M/M/1 and M/M/C queueing systems.

### **Syllabus**

**Probability:** Definitions of probability, Addition theorem, Conditional probability, Multiplication theorem, Bayes' Theorem of Probability and Geometric Probability.

Random variables and their properties: Discrete Random Variable, Continuous Random Variable, Probability Distribution, Joint Probability Distributions their Properties, Transformation Variables, Mathematical Expectations, Probability Generating Functions.

**Probability Distributions**: Discrete Distributions : Binomial, Poisson Negative Binominal Distributions And Their Properties; Continuous Distributions : Uniform, Normal, Exponential Distributions And Their Properties.

**Multivariate** Analysis: Correlation, Correlation Coefficient, Rank Correlation, Regression Analysis, Multiple Regression, Attributes, Coefficient Of Association, Chi Square Test For Goodness Of Fit, Test For Independence.

**Estimation**: Sample, Populations, Statistic, Parameter, Sampling Distribution, Standard Error, Un-biasedness, Efficiency, Maximum Likelihood Estimator, Notion & Interval Estimation.

**Testing of Hypothesis**: Formulation of Null hypothesis, critic al region, level of significance, power of the test;

**Sample Tests**: Small Sample Tests: Testing equality of .means, testing equality of variances, test of correlation coefficient, test for Regression Coefficient; Large Sample tests: Tests based on normal distribution

**Queuing Theory**: Queue description, characteristics of a queuing model, study state solutions of M/M/1: Model, M/M/1; N Model, M/M/C: Model, M/M/C: N Model, M

# **Text Books**

- 1. Probability & Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Walpole, Myers, Myers, Ye. Pearson Education.
- 2. Probability, Statistics and Random Processes T. Veerarajan Tata McGraw Hill

### **Reference Books**

1. Probability & Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Applications, Kishor S. Trivedi, Prentice Hall of India ,1999

# **IT2205 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS**

# **Course Objectives**

- To bring about an awareness about the nature of Managerial Economics and its linkages with other disciplines.
- To understand the Micro and Macro Environment of Business.
- To familiarize the prospective engineers with the concepts and tools of Managerial Economics with an objective to understand the real world of business

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course, student will be able to:

- Understand the various economic activities in business and industry.
- Analyse the real world business problems.
- Make optimal business decisions for the effective and efficient management of Organisations

### **Syllabus**

# **Significance of Economics and Managerial Economics:**

Economics: Definitions of Economics- Wealth, Welfare and Scarcity definitions Classification of Economics- Micro and Micro Economics.

**Managerial Economics**: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics, Differences between Economics and Managerial Economics, Main areas of Managerial Economics, Managerial Economics with other disciplines.

## **Demand and Utility Analysis:**

**Demand** - Definition, Meaning, Nature and types of demand, Demand function, Law of demand - Assumptions and limitations. Exceptional demand curve.

**Elasticity of demand** - Definition, Measurement of elasticity, Types of Elasticity

( Price, Income, Cross and Advertisement), Practical importance of Price elasticity of demand, Role of income elasticity in business decisions, Factors governing Price Elasticity of demand.

**Utility Analysis:** Utility- Meaning, Types of Economic Utilities, Cardinal and Ordinal Utility, Total Utility, Marginal Utility, The law of Diminishing Marginal Utility and its Limitations.

### **Theory of Production and Cost analysis:**

**Production** - Meaning, Production function and its assumptions, use of production function in decision making;

**Cost analysis** - Nature of cost, Classification of costs - Fixed vs. Variable costs, Marginal cost, Controllable vs. Non - Controllable costs, Opportunity cost, Incremental vs. Sunk costs, Explicit vs. Implicit costs, Replacement costs, Historical costs, Urgent vs. Postponable costs, Escapable vs. Unavoidable costs, Economies and Diseconomies of scale.

**Market Structures**: Definition of Market, Classification of markets; Salient features or conditions of different markets - Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Duopoly, Oligopoly, Importance of kinked demand curve; Monopolistic Competition.

### **Pricing and Business Cycles:**

**Pricing Analysis**: Pricing — Significance; Different Pricing methods—Cost plus pricing, Target pricing, Marginal cost pricing, Going—rate pricing, Average cost pricing, Peak load pricing, Pricing of joint Products, Pricing over the life cycle of a Product, Skimming pricing Penetration pricing, Mark- up and Mark- down pricing of retailers.

**Business cycles** - Definition, Characteristics, Phases, Causes and Consequences; Measures to solve problems arising from Business cycles.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Sankaran, S., Managerial Economics, Marghan Publications, 2015, Chennai.
- 2. Aryasri, A.R., Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, MC Graw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015

- 1. Dwivedi, D.N., Managerial Economics, Vikhas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. Dewett, K.K., Modern Economic Theory, S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2005

### IT2206 OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- To learn about UNIX/LINUX operating system, its intervals.
- To learn system programming for UNIX/LINUX Operating System.
- To understand UNIX/LINUX shell and its programming.
- To understand resource management policies and mechanisms and their performance evaluation.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- The student practices UNIX commands, Vi editor, shell commands.
- The student develops skill in writing C programs using system calls for process management, inter process communication and other aspects.
- The student learns shell programming and develops skill for writing scripts for batch level tasks.
- The student learns to simulate OS resource management aspects like process scheduling, page replacement and others to evaluate performance.

# **Syllabus**

#### Module I

- 1. OS lab familiarization, Home Assignment on Unix commands, Vi editor
- 2. Simple C programs using command line arguments, system calls, library function calls, make utility
- 3. C programs using fork system call to create processes and study parent, child process mechanism
- 4. C programs to create process chaining, spawning
- 5. C programs to handle errors using errno, perror() function
- 6. C programs to use pipe system call for inter process communication

#### **Module II**

- 1. Familiarization of Unix shell programming
- 2. Simple shell programming exercises
- 3. Shell programming using decision making constructs

- 4. Shell programming using loop constructs
- 5. Shell programming for file and directory manipulation

## **Module III**

- 1. C programs to study process scheduling implementing FCFS, Shortest Job First, and Round Robin algorithms
- 2. C programs to study page replacement implementing FIFO, Optimal, and LRU page replacement algorithms
- 3. C programs to study deadlock avoidance and detection
- 4. C Programs to simulate free space management

- 1. UNIX concepts and applications by Sumitabha Das, TMH Publications.
- 2. UNIX programming by Stevens, Pearson Education.
- 3. Shell programming by Yashwanth Kanetkar BPB Publications
- 4. Operating System Concepts by Silberschatz, and Peter Galvin Wiley

### IT2207 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- To introduce to a commercial DBMS such as ORACLE.
- To learn and practice SQL commands for schema creation, data manipulation.
- To learn conceptual and physical database design based on a case study.
- To apply database design stages by studying a case study.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- The student is exposed to a commercial RDBMS environment such as ORACLE.
- The student will learn SQL commands for data definition and manipulation.
- The student understands conceptual through physical data base design.
- The student takes up a case study and applies the design steps.

# **Syllabus**

Features of a commercial RDBMS package such as ORACLE/DB2, MS Access, MYSQL & Structured Query Language (SQL) used with the RDBMS.

### I. Laboratory Exercises Should Include:

- a. Defining Schemas for Applications,
- b. Creation of Database,
- c. Writing SQL Queries,
- d. Retrieve Information from Database.
- e. Creating Views
- f. Creating Triggers
- g. Normalization up to Third Normal Form
- h. Use of Host Languages,
- i. Interface with Embedded SQL,
- i. Use of Forms
- k. Report Writing

# II. Some sample applications are given below:

- 1. Accounting Package for Shops,
- 2. Database Manager for Magazine Agency or News paper Agency,
- 3. Ticket Booking for Performances,
- 4. Preparing Greeting Cards & Birthday Cards
- 5. Personal Accounts Insurance, Loans, Mortgage Payments, Etc.,
- 6. Doctor's Diary & Billing System
- 7. Personal Bank Account
- 8. Class Marks Management
- 9. Hostel Accounting
- 10. Video Tape Library,
- 11. History of Cricket Scores,
- 12. Cable TV Transmission Program Manager,
- 13. Personal Library.
- 14. Sailors Database
- 15. Suppliers and Parts Database

- 1. Database Management Systems; Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke 4th Edition, McGrawHill
- 2. Database System Concepts; A. Silberschatz, H. Korth 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill

# **IT2208 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce the students to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) which is a key component in modern knowledge management processes
- To create consciousness on IPR in students at an early stage of their education so that they develop an appreciation for ethical and rightful use of existing knowledge
- To make them understand how to take ownership of knowledge they may develop as a result of their creative innovations, take ownership and either drive themselves in becoming entrepreneurs or become responsible knowledge users in society
- To expose students some of the recent debates on the societal implications of IPR and its role in national/international trade and socio-economic development.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Learners will be able to

- identify the types of intellectual property protection available for their research outcome
- conduct patent search and analyze patentability of the invention
- understand the basic structure of Patent document
- understand the registration and prosecution of different IPs
- understand the basics of IP commercialization and techno/commercial/legal issues in IPR commercialization

#### **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** Concept of property, Intellectual Property (IP) and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Importance of IP, Value creation through IP, Advantages of IP protection, Competitive advantage, Promotion of social good, Prevention of duplicates, counterfeit products and IP

**Evolution of IP system:** Historical view of IP system in India and abroad, Legal basis and rationale behind development of IP system, WTO and TRIPS agreement, Role of WIPO

**Types of IPR:** Major forms of IP in India and globally, Acts enacted in India related to IP

**Patent:** Concept, Life of patent, Rights of Patentee, Criteria of patentability- novelty, non-obviousness, and utility, Non-patentable inventions

**Patent filing and prosecution:** Prior art search, Process of obtaining a patent in India, Provisional and complete specification, Convention application, Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), Patent Infringement and Enforcement

**Trademark:** Types of trademarks, Trademark and Brand, Trademark Registration, Trademark Infringement

**Copyright:** Copyrights and related rights, Copyright registration, Copyright infringement, Section 52 of Indian Copyright Act

Industrial Design: What is Industrial design, Design registration, Design infringement

**Trade Secret:** What are Trade Secrets, How trade secrets are maintained in trade and business

**Other forms of IP:** Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design, Geographical Indications, Protection of Plant Varieties & Farmers' right, Traditional knowledge

**IP commercialization:** Licensing & Royalty; Technology Transfer; IP assignment, Compulsory License

**Emerging areas :**Patinformatics, IP and bank loan, IP insurance, IP audit, IP valuation, IP management, Use of artificial intelligence in IP enforcement, Open innovation

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Ganguli Prabuddha, Gearing up for Patents The Indian Scenario", Universities Press (1998)
- 2. Ganguli Prahuddha "Intellectual Property Rights-Unleashing the Knowledge Economy". Tata McGraw Hill (2001)
- 3. Geographical Indications of Goods Act 1990 Ganguli Piabaddha "Geographical Indications-its evolving contours accessible in http ips.nminsoda/files/2012/05/main book pdf (2009)

- 1. Ganguli Prabuddhaand Jahade Siddharth, "Nanotechnology Intellectual Property Rights Research, Design, and Commercialisation", CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, USA (2012)
- 2. Beyond Intellectual Property: Toward Traditional Resource Rights for Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities [Paperback J,Darrell A. Posey and Graham Dotfield, IDRC Books; annotated edition (June (1996)
- 3. Netancl Neil Weinstock, Copyright's Paradox, Oxford University Press (2010)
- 4. The Indian Patents Act 1970 (as amended in 2005)
- 5. The Indian Copyright Act 1950 as amended in 2017)
- 6. Indian Trademarks Act 1999

- 7. The Indian Industrial Designs Act 2000
- 8. The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Right Act 2001
- 9. Inventing the Future: An Introduction to Patents for small and medium sized enterprises, WIPO publication No 917 www.wipo.int/ebookshop
- 10. Looking Good: An Introduction to Industrial Designs for Small and Medium sized Enterprises; WIPO publication No.498 www.wipo.int/ebookshop

# IT2209 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES

# **Course Objectives**

The objective of the course is xix fold:

- Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society and nature/existence.
- This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of laws and its applicability to engineers
- Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society and nature/existence
- Strengthening of self-reflection, Development of commitment and courage to act and also enable the students to imbibe and internalize the Values and Ethical Behaviour in the personal and professional lives
- To enable the students to imbibe the Values and Ethical Behavior in the personal and Professional lives
- The students will learn the rights and responsibilities Individual, employee, team member and a global citizen

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course Student will be able to:

- Grasp the meaning of the concept Law and also Get an overview of the laws relating to Engineers and also Apprehend the importance of being a law abiding person and They would have better critical ability
- Self-explore by using different techniques to live in harmony at various levels
- Analyze themselves and understand their position with respect to the moral and ethical character needed for a successful and satisfactory work life
- Students are expected to become more aware of themselves and their surroundings (family, society, nature)
- They would become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions, while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.
- They would also become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society

#### **Syllabus**

### Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

•,Self-Exploration—what is it? - Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation - as the process for self-exploration, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - A look at basic Human Aspirations, Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility - the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority, Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario, Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels. Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and coexistence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking, Include practice sessions and case studies.

#### **Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!**

•Understanding human being as: a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body', the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - happiness and physical facility, the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer), the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I', the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail, P to ensure Sanyam and Health, Include practice sessions and case studies.

# Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society - Harmony in Human - Human Relationship

•Understanding values in human-human relationship: meaning of Justice (nine universal

values in relationships) and program for its fulfillment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust

and Respect as the foundational values of relationship, the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence, the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship, the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family), Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals, Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order from family to world family, Include practice sessions and case studies.

# Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence

• Understanding the harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature recyclability and self-regulation in nature, Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all – pervasive space, Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence, Include practice sessions and case studies.

# **Concept of Law and Law of Torts**

•Understanding Essentials of a Valid Contract and the basics of contract law protecting rights and obligations, Introduction to the Law of Torts and the basics to protect oneself and the company Law affecting the Workplace Employers Responsibilities/Duties Hiring Practices, Introduction to Intellectual Property Law, Professional Code of Conduct for Engineers, Relationship between Law and Ethics, Include practice sessions and case studies.

# Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics

• Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems, Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems, Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations, Include practice sessions and case studies.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional
  - Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. 2. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human

Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN

978-93-87034-53-2

- 3. R. Subramanian, "Professional Ethics", Oxford University Press.
- 4. S.B. Srivasthva, "Professional Ethics & Human Values", SciTech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. D.R. Kiran, "Professional Ethics & Human Values", TATA Mc Graw Hill Education.
- 6. Saroj Kumar, "Business Law" and Avtar Singh, "Law of Contract"

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amar kantak, 1999.
- 2. A. N. Tripathi, "Human Values", New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book), Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi "The Story of My Experiments with Truth", E. FSchumacher. "Small is Beautiful", Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews, J C Kumarappa "Economy of Permanence", Pandit Sunderlal "Bharat Mein Angreji Raj" and Dharampal, "Rediscovering India
- 4. G K Kapoor, "Business Law" and Sen & Mitra, "Business & Commercial Laws" and Calvin Frank Allen, "Business law for Engineers"
- 5. Hilgard, E. R.; Atkinson, R. C. & Atkinson, R.L. (1975). Introduction to Psychology. 6th Edition. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Govindarajan, M; Natarajan, G. M. & Senthilkumar, V.S. (2013). Professional Ethics & Human Values. Prentice Hall: New Delhi
- 7. Gogate, S. B. (2011). Human Values & Professional Ethics. Vikas Publishing: New Delhi.
- 8. Charles E Harris Jr., Michael S Pritchard, Michael J Rabins, "Engineering Ethics, Concepts Cases: 4e, Cengage learning, 2015.
- 9. Caroline Whitbec, "Ethics in Engineering Practice & Research: 2e, Cambridge University Press 2015.

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# III Year - I Semester

Course	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			L	P	-:			
IT3101	PC	Data Communications & Computer Networks	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3102	PC	Artificial Intelligence	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3103	PC	Object Oriented Software Engineering	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3104	PE	Professional Elective – I	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3105	OE	Open Elective – I	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3106	PC	Data Communications & Computer Networks Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT3107	PC	Object Oriented Software Engineering Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT3108	SC	Soft Skills	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT3109	INT	Internship - I			50	50	100	2
Total Credits							22	

### IT3101 DATA COMMUNICATIONS & COMPUTER NETWORKS

# **Course Objectives**

- To study basics of data communication systems.
- To study the various types of transmission media.
- To study the various hardware concepts related to data communications
- To make the students understand basic requirements of network hardware, software and its architecture.

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to understand concepts related to data communication hardware.
- Ability to understand basic functionality of modems.
- The student must be able to understand the design and estimate the requirements for practical setup of a given network scenario and size.
- Realize the Operation, maintenance and management of the Internet by mapping the theoretical networking concepts to the real-time network scenarios.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Data Communications:** A Communications Model, Data Communications and Data Communications Networking, Protocols and Protocol Architecture, Characteristics of Data Transmission: Concepts and Terminology, Analog and Digital Data Transmission, Transmission Impairments.

**Data Communication Interface:** Asynchronous and Synchronous Transmission, Line Configurations, Interfacing. Data Link Control Flow Control, Error Detection, Error Control, High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC),Other Data Link Control Protocols.

**Signal Encoding Techniques:** Digital data to Digital signal, Digital to Analog Signal, Analog data to Digital Signal, and Analog Data to Analog signal.

**Multiplexing:** Frequency-Division Multiplexing, Synchronous T ime-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics, TDM Link Control, Digital Carrier Systems Statistical Time-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics.

Medium Access Control Sublayer: Wireless LAN's:802.11Architecture and Protocol Stack,802.11 Physical Layer, 802.11MAC Sublayer Protocol, 802.11Frame structure, Services. Bluetooth: Bluetooth Architecture, Applications, Protocol Stack, Radio Layer, Link Layer, Frame Structure. RFID: EPC Gen 2 Architecture, EPC Gen

2 Physical Layer, EPC Gen 2 Tag Identification Layer, Tag Identification Message Formats.

**Network Layer:** Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms-Shortest path routing algorithm, Congestion Control Algorithms, Network Layer in the Internet, IP Protocol, IP Address.

**Transport layer:** Transport Service, Elements of Transport Protocols, TCP and UDP Protocols, Network Performance Issues.

**Application Layer**: Over View of DNS, SNMP, Electronic Mail, World Wide Web, Firewalls.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, Tata McGraw-Hill Co Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN: 0-07-049935-7
- 2. Computer Networks, Andrews S Tanenbaum, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Edu.

### **Reference Books**

1. Data and Computer Communications, Eigh Edition, William Stallings, Pearson Education, Inc.

# IT3102 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

### **Course Objectives**

- To learn about AI problem, Production Systems and their characteristics.
- To understand the importance of search and the corresponding search strategies for solving AI problem.
- To introduce to Planning, Natural Language Processing and Expert Systems

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand AI problem characteristics, state space approach for solving AI problem, Production System framework.
- The student learn several optimal search strategies and the use of heuristics.
- The student learns relational, inferential, inheritable and procedural knowledge and the corresponding knowledge representation approaches.
- The student is introduced to applying AI problem solving approaches to natural language processing, planning and expert systems

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Artificial Intelligence:** Artificial Intelligence, AI Problems, AI Techniques, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics, Production Systems.

**Search Techniques:** Issues in The Design of Search Programs, Un-Informed Search, BFS,DFS; Heuristic Search Techniques: Generate-And- Test, Hill Climbing, Best-First Search,A\* Algorithm, Problem Reduction, AO\*Algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-Ends Analysis.

**Knowledge Representation using Rules:** Procedural Vs Declarative Knowledge, Logic programming, Forward Vs Backward Reasoning, Matching Techniques, Partial Matching, RETE Matching Algorithm AI Programming languages: Overview of LISP and PROLOG, Production System in Prolog.

**Symbolic Logic:** Propositional Logic, First Order Predicate Logic: Representing Instance and is-a Relationships, Computable Functions and Predicates, Unification & Resolution, Natural Deduction:

**Structured Representations of Knowledge**: Semantic Nets, Partitioned Semantic Nets, Frames, Conceptual Dependency, Conceptual Graphs, Scripts.

**Reasoning under Uncertainty**: Introduction to Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Truth Maintenance Systems, Logics for Non-Monotonic Reasoning, **Statistical Reasoning**:

Bayes Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-Based Systems, Bayesian Probabilistic Inference, Bayesian Networks, Dempster- Shafer Theory, Fuzzy Logic: Crisp Sets, Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Logic Control, Fuzzy Inferences & Fuzzy Systems.

**Natural Language Processing**: Steps in The Natural Language Processing, Syntactic Processing and Augmented Transition Nets, Semantic Analysis, NLP Understanding Systems;

**Planning:** Components of a Planning System, Goal Stack Planning, Non-linear Planning using Constraint Posting, Hierarchical Planning, Reactive Systems.

**Experts Systems:** Overview of an Expert System, Architecture of an Expert Systems, Different Types of Expert Systems- Rule Based, Frame Based, Decision Tree based, Case Based, Neural Network based, Black Board Architectures, Knowledge Acquisition and Validation Techniques, , Knowledge System Building Tools, Expert System Shells

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publications
- 2. Introduction To Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI publications

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, George F Luger, Pearson Education Publications
- 2. Artificial Intelligence : A modern Approach, Russell and Norvig, Printice Hall
- 3. Artificial Intelligence, Robert Schalkoff, Mcgraw-Hill Publications
- 4. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Vinod Chandra S.S., Anand Hareendran PHI

### IT3103 OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

# **Course objectives**

- To explain the importance of OOSE in Software development.
- To explain the importance of Requirements Engineering.
- To explain the role of UML and Testing in Software Development.
- To explain the entire Software Development Process with aid of case studies

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to define a problem and perform Requirements Engineering.
- Ability to draw UML diagrams for the requirements gathered.
- Ability to implement the designed problem in Object Oriented Programming Language and
- Test whether all the requirements specified have been achieved or not

# **Syllabus**

Introduction to Object Oriented Software Engineering: Nature of the Software, Types of Software, Software Engineering Projects, Software Engineering Activities, Software Quality, Introduction to Object Orientation, Software Process Models-Waterfall Model, Opportunistic Model, Phased Released Model, Spiral Model, Evolutionary Model, Concurrent Engineering Model.

**Requirements Engineering:** Domain Analysis, Problem Definition and Scope, Requirements Definition, Types of Requirements, Techniques for Gathering and Analyzing Requirements, Requirement Documents, Reviewing, Managing Change in Requirements.

Unified Modeling Language & Use Case Modeling: Introduction to UML, Modeling Concepts, Types of UML Diagrams with Examples; User-Centered Design, Characteristics of Users, Developing Use- Case Models of Systems, Use-Case Diagram, Use- Case Descriptions, Basics of User Interface Design, Usability Principles, User Interfaces.

Class Design and Class Diagrams: Essentials of UML Class Diagrams, Associations and Multiplicity, Other Relationships, Generalization, Instance Diagrams, Advanced Features of Class Diagrams, Interaction and Behavioral Diagrams: Interaction Diagrams, State Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, Component and Deployment Diagrams.

**Software Design and Architecture:** Process of Design, Principles Leading to Good Design, Techniques for Making Good Design Decisions, Good Design Document; Pattern Introduction, Design Patterns: Abstraction-Occurrence Pattern, General

Hierarchical Pattern, Play-Role Pattern, Singleton Pattern, Observer Pattern, Delegation Pattern, Adaptor Pattern, Façade Pattern, Immutable Pattern, Read-Only Interface Pattern and The Proxy Pattern; Software Architecture Contents of Architecture Model, Architectural Patterns: Multilayer, Client-Server, Broker, Transaction Processing, Pipe& Filter and MVC Architectural Patterns.

**Software Testing:** Overview of Testing, Testing Concepts, Testing Activities, Testing Strategies, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Function Testing, Structural Testing, Class Based Testing Strategies, Use Case/Scenario Based Testing, Regression Testing, Performance Testing, System Testing, Acceptance Testing, Installation Testing, OO Test Design Issues, Test Case Design, Quality Assurance, Root Cause Analysis, Post-Mortem Analysis.

**Software Process Management:** Introduction to Software Project Management, Rationale Management, Configuration Management, Activities of Software Project Management, Structure of Project Plan, Software Engineering Teams, Software Cost Estimation, Project Scheduling, Tracking and Monitoring

### **Case Study:**

- 1. Simple Chat Instant Messaging System
- 2. GPS Based Automobile Navigation System
- 3. Waste Management Inspection Tracking System(WMITS)
- 4. Geographical Information System

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Object-Oriented Software Engineering Practical software development using UML and Java by Timothy C. Lethbridge & Robert, Langaniere Mcgraw-Hill
- 2. Software Engineering, K.K. Agarwal, New Age Publications 2008
- 3. Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Using UML, Patterns and Java, Bernd Bruegge and Allen H. Dutoit, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia

- 1. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, Roger S Pressman McGraw Hill Education
- 2. A Practical Guide to Testing Object-Oriented Software, John D. McGregor; David A.Sykes, Addison-Wesley Professional

### IT3106 DATA COMMUNICATIONS & COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

# **Course Objectives**

- This course provides students with hands on training regarding the design, troubleshooting, modelling and evaluation of computer networks.
- To study the various hardware concepts related to data communications
- To make the students understand the basic requirements of network hardware, software and its architecture.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Students learn about networking computers
- How to setup Local Area Network using packet tracer software.
- Students will be able to experiment in a real tested networking environment, and learn about network design and troubleshooting topics and tools.
- Students Learn about simulator Error control and flow control teaching
- Students will be able to write socket program and client server applications.

#### **Syllabus**

# Module I: packet tracer software.

- 1. Study of different types of Network cables and practically implement the cross-wired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool.
- 2. Connect the computers in Local Area Network.
- 3. Study of basic network command and Network configuration commands.
- 4. Configure a Network topology using packet tracer software.

# Module II: Network simulator (NS)

- 1. Implementation of Error Detection / Error Correction Techniques
- 2. Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and sliding window
- 3. Implementation and study of Goback-N and selective repeat protocols
- 4. Implementation of High Level Data Link Control
- 5. Study of Socket Programming and Client Server model using java
- 6. Write a socket Program for Echo/Ping/Talk commands using java
- 7. Implementation of distance vector routing algorithm
- 8. Implementation of Link state routing algorithm

9. Study of Network simulator (NS) and simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS

- 1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan , Tata McGraw-Hill Co Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN: 0-07-049935-7
- 2. Computer Networks, Andrews S Tanenbaum,, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Edu.

# IT3107 OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

# **Course objectives**

- The purpose of the Software Engineering Lab course is to familiarize the students with modern software engineering methods and tools, Rational Products. The course is realized as a project-like assignment that can, in principle, by a team of three/four students working full time. Typically the assignments have been completed during the semester requiring approximately 60-80 hours from each project team.
- The goal of the Software Engineering Project is to have a walk through from the requirements, design to implementing and testing. An emphasis is put on proper documentation. Extensive hardware expertise is not necessary, so proportionate attention can be given to the design methodology.
- Despite its apparent simplicity, the problem allows plenty of alternative solutions and should be a motivating and educating exercise. Demonstration of a properly functioning system and sufficient documentation is proof of a completed assignment
- Term projects are projects that a group student or might take through from initial specification to implementation. The project deliverables include

#### Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to design problem statement, requirements document, systems requirement, software requirements specification, test specification and implement a project of medium complexity.

# **Projects**

- 1. Documentation including
  - A. a problem statement
  - B. a requirements document
    - (a) a Requirements Analysis Document.
    - (b) a System Requirements Specification.
    - (c) a Software Requirements Specification.

### 2. A design document

A Software Design Description and a System Design Document.

- 3. A test specification.
- 4. Manuals/guides for
  - A. Users and associated help frames
  - B. Programmers
  - C. Administrators (installation instructions)
- 5. A project plan and schedule setting out milestones, resource usage and estimated costs.
- 6. A quality plan setting out quality assurance procedures
- 7. An implementation.

- 1. Project-based software engineering: An Object-oriented approach, Evelyn Stiller, Cathie LeBlanc, Pearson Education
- $2. \quad V is ual Modelling with Rational Rose 2002 and UML, Terry Quatrini, Pears on Edusction$
- 3. UML2 Toolkit, Hans -Erik Eriksson, etc; Wiley

## **IT3108 SOFT SKILLS**

# **Course Objectives**

- To develop skills to communicate clearly.
- To aid students in building interpersonal skills.
- To enhance team building and time management skills.
- To inculcate active listening and responding skills.

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Make use of techniques for self-awareness and self-development.
- Apply the conceptual understanding of communication into everyday practice.
- Understand the importance of teamwork and group discussions skills.
- Develop time management and stress management.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Soft Skills**: Communication – Verbal and Non Verbal Communication – Personal grooming (Etiquette, Attitude, Body Language), Posture, Gestures, Facial Expressions, Eye Contact, Space Distancing, Presentation Skills, Public Speaking, Just a Minute (JAM) sessions, Adaptability.

Goal Setting and Time Management: Immediate, Short term, Long term, Smart Goals, Strategies to Achieve goals, Types of Time, Identifying Time Wasters, Time Management Skills, Stress Busters.

**Leadership and Team Management:** Qualities of a Good Leader, Team Dynamics, Leadership Styles, Decision Making, Problem Solving, Negotiation Skills.

**Group Discussions:** Purpose (Intellectual ability, Creativity, Approach to a problem, Tolerance), Group Behaviour, Analysing Performance.

**Job Interviews:** Identifying job openings, Covering Letter and CVs / Resumes, Interview (Opening, Body-Answer Q, Close-Ask Q), Telephone Interviews, Types of Questions.

- 1. Krannich, Caryl, and Krannich, Ronald L. Nail the Resume! Great Tips for Creating Dynamite Resumes. United States, Impact Publications, 2005.
- 2. Hasson, Gill. Brilliant Communication Skills. Great Britain: Pearson Education, 2012
- 3. Prasad, H. M. How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interview. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2001.
- 4. Pease, Allan. Body Language. Delhi: Sudha Publications, 1998.
- 5. Rizvi, Ashraf M. Effective Technical Communication: India, McGraw-Hill Education. 2010
- 6. Thorpe, Edgar & Showick Thorpe. Winning at Interviews. 2nd Edition. Delhi: Dorling Kindersley, 2006.

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# III Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal	External	Total	Credits
			L	P	Marks	Marks	Marks	Credits
IT3201	PC	Internet of Things	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3202	PC	Data Warehousing & Data Mining	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3203	PC	Cryptography & Network Security	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3204	PE	Professional Elective - II	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3205	OE	Open Elective - II	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT3206	PC	Internet of Things Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT3207	PC	Knowledge Engineering Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT3208	PC	Cryptography & Network Security Lab	0	3	50	50	100	1.5
IT3209	SC	Web Technologies	1	2	50	50	100	2
Total Credits								
Internship - II								

### **IT3201 INTERNET OF THINGS**

# **Course Objectives**

- Vision and Introduction to Internet of Things(IoT).
- Understand IoT Market perspective.
- Data and Knowledge Management and use of Devices in IoT Technology.
- Understand State of the Art IoT Architecture.
- Understand Real World IoT Design Constraints, Industrial Automation and Commercial.

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- Explain in a concise manner how the general Internet as well as Internet of Things work.
- Understand constraints and opportunities of wireless and mobile networks for Internet of Things.
- Use basic sensing and measurement and tools to determine the real-time performance of network of devices.
- Develop prototype models for various applications using IoT technology.

### **Syllabus**

**The Internet of Things:** An Overview of Internet of things, Internet of Things Technology, behind IoTs Sources of the IoTs, M2M Communication, Examples of IoTs, Design Principles For Connected Devices Internet Connectivity Principles, Internet connectivity, Application Layer Protocols: HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, Telnet.

**Business Models** for Business Processes in the Internet of Things ,IoT/M2M systems LAYERS AND designs standardizations ,Modified OSI Stack for the IoT/M2M Systems ,ETSI M2M domains and High-level capabilities ,Communication Technologies, Data Enrichment and Consolidation and Device Management Gateway Ease of designing and affordability

**Design Principles** for the Web Connectivity for connected-Devices, Web Communication protocols for Connected Devices, Message Communication protocols for Connected Devices, Web Connectivity for connected-Devices.

**Data Acquiring,** Organizing and Analytics in IoT/M2M, Applications /Services /Business Processes, IOT/M2M Data Acquiring and Storage, Business Models for Business Processes in the Internet Of Things, Organizing Data, Transactions, Business Processes, Integration and Enterprise Systems.

**Data Collection**, Storage and Computing Using a Cloud Platform for IoT/M2M Applications/Services, Data Collection, Storage and Computing Using cloud platform Everything as a service and Cloud Service Models, IOT cloud-based services using the Xively (Pachube/COSM), Nimbits and other platforms Sensor, Participatory Sensing, Actuator, Radio Frequency Identification, and Wireless, Sensor Network Technology, Sensors Technology, Sensing the World.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles And Applications, Rajkamal, McGraw Hill Higher Education
- 2. Internet of Things, A.Bahgya and V.Madisetti, Univesity Press, 2015

- 1. Designing the Internet of Things, Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, Wiley
- 2. Getting Started with the Internet of Things, Cuno Pfister, Oreilly

# **IT3202 DATA WAREHOUSING & DATA MINING**

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the evolution of data warehousing and data mining systems
- To understand extracting, cleaning and transformation of data into a warehouse.
- To learn the principles of statistics, information theory, machine learning and other areas AI and implementation of data mining techniques.
- To understand pattern mining using classification and clustering methods

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand the differences between OLTP and OLAP.
- The student learns how data cube technology supports summarization and querying high dimensional data.
- The student is introduced to similarity, distance, information gain and other performance and error metrics used for evaluation of mining results.
- The student is introduced to various approaches to association rule mining, supervised and unsupervised learning and the corresponding classification and clustering approaches involving decision trees, Bayesian approaches, model based and agglomerative approaches

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Data Mining**: Importance of Data Ware housing and Data Mining, Kinds of Patterns, Technologies, Applications, Major Issues in Data Mining, Data Objects and Attributes Types, Statistical Descriptions of Data, Estimating Data Similarity and Dissimilarity.

**Data exploration and pre-processing**: Data Visualization, Quality data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration, Data Reduction, Data Transformation, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

**Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology**: Basic Concepts of Data warehouse, Data Modeling using Cubes and OLAP, DWH Design and usage, Implementation using Data Cubes and OLAPs, Data Generalization with AOI.

**Data Cube Technology**: Preliminary Concepts of Data Cube Computation, Data Cube Computation Methods: Multi-way Array Aggregation for Full Cube, BUC, Starcubing, Pre-computing shell fragments for High dimensional OLAP.

Mining Frequent Patterns Based on Associations and Correlations: Basic Concepts, Frequent Item set Mining Methods: Apriori Algorithm, Association Rule

Generation, Improvements to A Priori, FP- Growth Approach, Pattern Evaluation Methods.

**Classification & Prediction**: Basic Concepts, Decision Tree Induction, Bayes Classification, Rule- Based Classification, Model Evaluation and Selection, Techniques to Improve Classification Accuracy, Classification by Back Propagation, K-nearest neighbor classifier.

**Cluster Analysis**: Basic Concepts and issues in clustering, Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, DBSCAN, Grid Based Methods, Evaluation of Clustering Solutions

### **Text Books**

- 1. Data Mining- Concepts and Techniques by Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei–Morgan Kaufmann publishers —-3rdedition
- 2. Data Mining Techniques, A.K.Pujari, University Press

### **Reference Book**

1. Data mining concepts by Tan, Steinbech, and Vipin Kumar - Pearson Edu publishers

# **IT3203 CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY**

### **Course Objectives**

- Introduction of the issues in network security- its need and importance, taxonomy and terminology.
- Discussion of various cryptographic techniques.
- Exploration of different types of security threats and remedies.
- Understanding of Internet security protocols and standards

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Realize the need and importance of network and data security in the Internet and in the distributed environments.
- Identify the different types of network security issues and their remedies.
- Application of various cryptographic tools and techniques in different contexts and as per need of security levels.
- Implementation of some Internet security protocols and standards

### **Syllabus**

Overview: Computer Security Concepts, Threats, Attacks, and Assets, Security Functional Requirements, A Security Architecture for Open Systems, Computer Security Trends, Computer Security Strategy. Cryptographic Tools: Confidentiality with Symmetric Encryption, Message Authentication and Hash Functions, Public-Key Encryption, Digital Signatures and Key Management, Random and Pseudorandom Numbers, Practical Application: Encryption of Stored Data. User Authentication: Means of Authentication, Password-Based Authentication, Token-Based Authentication, Biometric Authentication, Remote User Authentication, Security Issues for User Authentication, Practical Application: An Iris Biometric System, Case Study: Security Problems for ATM Systems.

Access Control: Access Control Principles, Subjects, Objects, and Access Rights, Discretionary Access Control, Example: UNIX File Access Control, Role-Based Access Control, Case Study: RBAC System for a Bank. Database Security: The Need for Database Security, Database Management Systems, Relational Databases, Database Access Control, Inference, Statistical Databases, Database Encryption, Cloud Security.

Malicious Software: Types of Malicious Software (Malware), Propagation—Infected Content—Viruses, Propagation—Vulnerability Exploit—Worms, Propagation—Social Engineering—SPAM E-mail, Trojans, Payload—System Corruption, Payload—Attack Agent—Zombie, Bots, Payload—Information Theft—Key loggers, Phishing, Spyware, Payload—Stealthing—Backdoors, Root kits, Countermeasures.

**Denial-of-Service Attacks**: Denial-of-Service Attacks, Flooding Attacks, Distributed Denial-of-Service Attacks, Application-Based Bandwidth Attacks, Reflector and Amplifier Attacks, Defenses Against Denial-of-Service Attacks, Responding to a Denial-of-Service Attack.

**Intrusion Detection:** Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Host-Based Intrusion Detection, Distributed Host-Based Intrusion Detection, Network-Based Intrusion Detection, Distributed Adaptive Intrusion Detection, Intrusion Detection Exchange Format, Honey pots, Example System: Snort. Firewalls and Intrusion Prevention Systems: The Need for Firewalls, Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls, Firewall Basing, Firewall Location and Configurations, Intrusion Prevention Systems, Example: Unified Threat Management Products

**Buffer Overflow**: Stack Overflows, Defending Against Buffer Overflows, Other Forms of Overflow Attacks, Software Security: Software Security Issues, Handling Program Input, Writing Safe Program Code, Interacting with the Operating System and Other Programs, Handling Program Output. Operating System Security: Introduction to Operating System Security, System Security Planning, Operating Systems Hardening, Application Security, Security Maintenance, Linux/Unix Security, Windows Security, Virtualization Security.

**Symmetric Encryption and Message Confidentiality**: Symmetric Encryption Principles, Data Encryption Standard, Advanced Encryption Standard, Stream Ciphers and RC4, Cipher Block Modes of Operation, Location of Symmetric Encryption Devices, Key Distribution. Public-Key Cryptography and Message Authentication: Secure Hash Function, HMAC, The RSA Public-Key Encryption Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman and Other Asymmetric Algorithms

**Internet Security Protocols and Standards**: Secure E-mail and S/MIME, Domain Keys Identified Mail, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), HTTPS, IPv4 and IPv6 Security. Internet Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509, Public-Key Infrastructure, Federated Identity Management. Wireless Network Security: Wireless Security Overview, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN Overview, IEEE 802.11i Wireless LAN Security.

#### **Text Book**

Computer Security - Principles and Practices (Except the Chapters 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,18, 19), 2 Edition by William Stallings, Pearson Education, Inc.

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security by William Stallings, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi.
- 2. Network Security Essentials Applications and Standards, by William Stallings, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi

# **IT3206 INTERNET OF THINGS LAB**

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the recent application domains of IoT in everyday life
- To understand the protocols and standards designed for IoT

#### **Course Outcomes**

- The students will be able to gain knowledge about the state of the art methodologies in IoT applications
- The students will be able to use IoT technologies in practical domains

### **List of Experiments**

- 1. Study Of Various Network Protocols Used In IOT.
- 2. Application of WIFI In IOT Systems.
- 3. Application of 6lowpan In IOT Systems.
- 4. Application of Bluetooth In IOT Systems.
- 5. Application of 802.15.4 Zigbee. In IOT Systems.
- 6. Design a Simple IOT System Comprising Sensors, Wireless Network Connection, Data Analytics

- 1. Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles And Applications, Rajkamal, McGraw Hill Higher Education
- 2 Internet of Things, A.Bahgya and V.Madisetti, Univesity Press,2015

# IT3207 KNOWLEDGE ENGINEERING LAB

### **Course Objectives**

- To study various data analysis techniques in R Programming language.
- To apply various data mining techniques available in WEKA for generating knowledge such as Association Analysis, Classification and Clustering to various standard datasets and own datasets.
- To build Rule based Knowledge Systems using forward chaining and backward chaining using CLIPS and PROLOG respectively

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- write R programs to perform several data analytics operations on datasets
- Ability to extract patterns by applying appropriate data mining techniques from different types of datasets using WEKA.
- Ability to apply knowledge represented in the form of rules to draw conclusions using either forward or backward chaining using CLIPS/PROLOG.

# I. Exploratory data analysis using R

- 1. Load the 'iris. CSV' file and display the names and type of each column. Find statistics such as min, max, range, mean, median, variance, standard deviation for each column of data.
- 2. Write R program to normalize the variables into 0 to 1 scale using min-max normalisation
- 3. Generate histograms for any one variable (sepal length/ sepal width/ petal length/ petal width) and generate scatter plots for every pair of variables showing each species in different color.
- 4. Generate box plots for each of the numerical attributes. Identify the attribute with the highest variance.
- 5. Study of homogeneous and heterogeneous data structures such as vector, matrix, array, list, data frame in R.
- 6. Write R Program using 'apply' group of functions to create and apply normalization function on each of the numeric variables/columns of iris dataset to transform them into a value around 0 with z-score normalization.
- 7. a) Use R to apply linear regression to predict evaporation coefficient in terms of air velocity using the data given below:

Air Velocity (cm/sec)	20,60,100,140,180,220,260,300,340,380
Evaporation Coefficient (sqmm/sec)	0.18, 0.37, 0.35, 0.78, 0.56, 0.75, 1.18, 1.36, 1.17, 1.65

- b) Analyze the significance of residual standard-error value, R-squared value, F- statistic. Find the correlation coefficient for this data and analyze the significance of the correlation value.
- c) Perform a log transformation on the 'Air Velocity 'column, perform linear regression again, and analyze all the relevant values.
- 8. Write R Program using 'apply' group of functions to create and apply normalization function on each of the numeric variables/columns of iris dataset to transform them a value around 0 with z-score normalization.

# II. WEKA Knowledge Extraction toolkit

- 9. Create an ARFF (Attribute-Relation File Format) file and read it in WEKA. Explore the purpose of each button under the preprocess panel after loading the ARFF file. Also, try to interpret using a different ARFF file, *weather.arff*, provided with WEKA.
- 10. Performing data preprocessing in Weka

Study **Unsupervised Attribute Filters** such as *Replace MissingValues* to replace missing values in the given dataset, *Add* to add the new attribute *Average*, *Discretize* to discretize the attributes into bins. Explore *Normalize* and *Standardize* options on a dataset with numerical attributes.

### 11. Classification using the WEKA toolkit

Demonstration of classification process using id3 algorithm on categorical dataset(weather).

Demonstration of classification process using naïve Bayes algorithm on categorical dataset ('vote').

Demonstration of classification process using Random Forest algorithm on datasets containing large number of attributes.

# 12. Classification using the WEKA toolkit – Part2

Demonstration of classification process using J48 algorithm on mixed type of dataset after discretizing numeric attributes.

Perform cross-validation strategy with various fold levels. Compare the accuracy of the results.

# 13. Performing clustering in WEKA

Apply hierarchical clustering algorithm on numeric dataset and estimate cluster quality. Apply DBSCAN algorithm on numeric dataset and estimate cluster quality.

# 14. Association rule analysis in WEKA

Demonstration of Association Rule Mining on supermarket dataset using Apriori Algorithm with different support and confidence thresholds.

Demonstration of Association Rule Mining on supermarket dataset using FP- Growth Algorithm with different support and confidence thresholds.

# III. Building Knowledge based Inference Systems

- 15. Implement AI problem solving through Rule based forward chaining inference using public domain software tool like CLIPS.
- 16. Implement AI problem solving through Rule based Backward chaining inference using PROLOG

### Reference Book

1. Practical data science with R, Nina Zumel and John Mount- Dreamtech Press.

# **IT3208 CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY LAB**

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand encryption and decryption
- Understand various algorithm logic such as DES, Blowfish, Rijndael
- Understand how to find IP address, MAC address, neighboring machines

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Perform encryption and decryption using various algorithms
- Implement various algorithm logic
- Calculate message digest of a text
- Find IP address, MAC address, neighboring machines
- Detect intrusion packets and demonstrate ARP poisoning

### **List of Experiments**

### Cycle 1 - Cryptography

- 1. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value 'Hello world'. The program should XOR each character in this string with 0 and displays the result.
- 2. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value 'Hello world'. The program should AND or and XOR each character in this string with 127 and display the result
- 3. Write a Java program to perform encryption and decryption using the following algorithms
  - a. Ceaser cipher
  - b. Substitution cipher
  - c. Hill Cipher
- 4. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the DES algorithm logic.
- 5. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Blowfish algorithm logic.
- 6. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Rijndael algorithm logic.
- 7. Write the RC4 logic in Java Using Java cryptography; encrypt the text 'Hello world' using Blowfish. Create your own key using Java key tool.
- 8. Write a Java program to implement RSA algorithm.
- 9. Implement the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange mechanism using HTML and JavaScript.

- 10. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA-1 algorithm in JAVA.
- 11. Calculate the message digest of a text using the MD5 algorithm in JAVA.

# **Cycle 2 - Network Security**

- 1. a) Find the IP address, MAC address of your machine.
  - b) Find the neighbouring machines in your network.
  - c) Check if a server is up and running.
- 2. Run tcpdump/windump utility with atleast 4 options.
- 3. Capture the packets in your system using wireshark and analyse any one TCP packet in detail.
- 4. Use snort to detect intrusion packets.
- 5. Demonstrate ARP Poisoning.

- 1. Computer Security Principles and Practices, 2 Edition by William Stallings, Pearson Education, Inc.
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security by William Stallings, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi.

# **IT3209 WEB TECHNOLOGIES**

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the principles of web based application development.
- Design dynamic content in web pages using JavaScript.
- Understand the concepts of Java Servlets, Java Server Pages and design applications using them.
- Understand the concepts of component development and design applications by establishing connections to databases

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- construct web based applications and Identify where data structures are appearing in them.
- connect Java programs to different databases.
- develop EJB programs

## **Syllabus**

**HTML:** Core Elements, Links and Addressing, Images, Text, Colors and Background, Lists, Tables and Layouts, Frames, Forms, Cascading Style Sheets.

Java Script and XML: Objects, Dynamic HTML, Document Object model

Servlets: Servlet Life Cycle, Tomcat Web Server

**PHP:** Language Basics, Functions, Strings, Arrays.

**MYSQL:** Accessing MySQL Using PHP

**Projects:** projects using JSP,JDBC,J2EE such as designing Airlines Ticket Reservation System, Online Banking System, Library Information system, Gram Panchayat Information system, student information system, online examination system

### **Text Books**

- 1. Web Programming, building internet applications, 2nd Ed., Chris Bates, Wiley Dreamtech
- 2. The complete Reference HTML and DHTML, Thomas A. Powey Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Learning Php, Mysql, Robin Nixon O' Reilly
- 4. Programming Php, Kevin Tatroe, Peter MacIntyre & Rasmus Lerdorf foreword by Michael Bourque O' Reilly

- 1. Internet, World Wide Web, How to program, Dietel, Nieto, PHI/PEA
- 2. Web Technologies, Godbole, kahate, 2nd Ed., TMH

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# IV Year - I Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Hours per week		Internal	External	Total	Credits
			L	P	Marks	Marks	Marks	
IT4101	PE	Professional Elective - III	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4102	PE	Professional Elective - IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4103	PE	Professional Elective - V	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4104	OE	Open Elective - III	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4105	OE	Open Elective - IV	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4106	HSSE	HSS Elective	4	0	30	70	100	3
IT4107	SC	Computer Graphics and Multimedia	1	2	50	50	100	2
IT4108	INT	Internship - II			50	50	100	2
						Tot	tal Credits	22

# IT4107 COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA

# **Course Objectives**

- To study graphics techniques and algorithms.
- To study multimedia concepts and various I/O technologies.
- To enable the students to develop their creativity

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Students will have an appreciation of the history and evolution of computer graphics, both hardware and software.
- Students will have an understanding of 2D graphics and algorithms including: line drawing, polygon filling, clipping, and transformations.
- Students will understand the concepts of and techniques used in 3D computer graphics, including viewing transformations, hierarchical modeling, color, lighting and texture mapping.
- Students will be able to use a current graphics API (OpenGL).

### **Syllabus**

**Output Primitives**: Line, Circle and Ellipse Drawing Algorithms, Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations, Two-Dimensional Clipping and Viewing.

**Three-Dimensional Concepts**: Three-Dimensional Object Representations, Three-Dimensional Geometric and Modeling Transformations, Three-Dimensional Viewing, Animation.

Multimedia Systems Design: Multimedia applications

**Multimedia File Handling**: Data & File Format standards, Multimedia I/O technologies, Digital voice and audio, Storage and retrieval Technologies.

**Experiments** for above - drawing a line, drawing a circle, performing 2D transformations, drawing shapes such as cube, balloon, car, animations such as ball, solar system

### **Text Books**

- 1. Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, —Computer Graphics C Version, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Prabat K Andleigh and KiranThakrar, —Multimedia Systems and Design, PHI, 2003.

- 1. Judith Jeffcoate, —Multimedia in practice technology and Applications PHI,1998.
- 2. Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Huges, —Computer Graphics: Principles & Practice, Pearson Education, second edition2003

# **B.** Tech (Information Technology)

# IV Year - II Semester

Course code	Category	Course Title	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	Credits
IT4201	PROJ	Project work	100	100	200	14
Total Credits						14

### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

- 3. Principles of Programming Languages
- 4. Compiler Design
- 5. Design and Analysis of Algorithms
- 6. Distributed Systems
- 7. Sensor Networks
- 8. Software Project Management
- 9. Grid Computing
- 10. Cloud Computing
- 11. Digital Image Processing
- 12. Machine Learning
- 13. Deep Learning
- 14. Big Data Analytics
- 15. Natural Language Processing
- 16. Soft Computing
- 17. E-Commerce

### **OPEN ELECTIVES**

- 18. Cyber Security & Digital Forensics
- 19. Block Chain Technology
- 20. Mobile Computing
- 21. Mobile Adhoc Networks
- 22. Recommender Systems
- 23. Information Retrieval
- 24. NoSQL Databases
- 25. Database & Web Application Security
- 26. Data Science
- 27. Business Analytics
- 28. Human Computer Interaction
- 29. Bio-Informatics

### HSS ELECTIVES

- 30. Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship
- 31. Organizational Behaviour
- 32. Operations Research

### PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

## 1. PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

### **Course objectives**

- To learn the underlying principles and concepts of programming language.
- To understand programming language translation process.
- To expose students to the important paradigms of programming.
- To understand the concepts of distributed processing and network programming.

#### Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to compare different programming languages.
- Ability to discuss the significant achievements in programming language history.
- Ability to assess the programming languages in scientific manner.

# **Syllabus**

**Language Design Issues**: Study Programming Languages, History of Programming Languages, Role of Programming Languages, Programming Environments.

**Impact of Machine Architectures**: Operation of a Computer, Virtual Computers and Binding Times; Language Translation Issues: Programming Language Syntax, Stages in Translation, Formal Translation Models, Recursive Descent Parsing; Modeling Language Properties: Formal Properties of Languages, Language Semantics.

**Elementary Data Types**: Properties of Types and Objects, Scalar Data Types, Composite Data Types **Encapsulation**: Structured Data Types, Abstract Data Types, Encapsulation by Subprograms, Type Definitions. **Inheritance**: Abstract Data Types Revisited, Inheritance, Polymorphism.

**Sequence Control**: Implement and Explicit Sequence Control, Sequence with Arithmetic Expressions, Sequence Control Between Statements, Sequencing with Nonarithmetic Expressions.

**Subprogram Control**: Subprogram Sequence Control, Attributes of Data Control, Parameter Transmission, Explicit Common Environment.

**Storage Management**: Elements Requiring Storage, Programmer- and System - Controlled Storage, Static Storage Management, Heap Storage Management.

# **Distributed Processing**: Variations on Subprogram Control, Parallel

Programming, Hardware Developments, Software Architecture. **Network Programming**: Desktop Publishing, The World Wide Web.

# **Text Book**

Programming languages – Design and Implementation by Terrence W. Pratt Marvin V.Zelkowitz.3 rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.

- 1. Concepts of Programming Languages by Robert L. Sebesta, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Fundamentals of Programming Languages, Design & Implementation by Seyed H.Roosta. Vikas publications.
- 3. Programming Languages by Paradigm and Practice Doris Appleby Julius J. Vendekopple Tata McGraw Hill Edition

# 2. COMPILER DESIGN

# **Course objectives**

- To explain the basic understanding of grammars and language definition and introducing various phases of designing a compiler.
- To make the student understand the concepts underlying the design and implementation of language processors and its mechanisms.
- To extend the knowledge of parser by parsing LL parser and LR parser.
- To enrich the knowledge in various phases of compiler ant its use, code optimization techniques, loop optimization techniques, machine code generation, and use of symbol table

### **Course outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to design and conduct experiments for Intermediate Code Generation in compiler.
- Ability to learn the new code optimization techniques to improve the performance of a program in terms of speed & space.
- Ability to acquire the knowledge of modern compiler and its features

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction**: Introduction to Compilers and Language processors, Programming Language basics, Structure & Different Phases of a Compiler, Review of Compiler Structure, Structure of Optimizing Compilation, Compiler construction tools, Boot strapping, Cross compilers.

**Finite Automata & Lexical Analysis**: Introduction to Lexical Analysis, Lexical Analyzers, Approaches to design Lexical Analyzers, Language for specifying lexical analyzers, Introduction to Finite automata, Regular Expressions & Languages, Recognition of Tokens, Transition Diagrams, Implementation of lexical analyzers, Lexical Analyzer Generator LEX.

**Syntax Analysis**: Syntactic Specification of Programming Languages, Context Free Grammars & Languages, Introduction to Parsers. Top-down parsing techniques: Brute force parsing, Recursive Descent Parsing, Predictive Parsing, Bottom—up Parsing: Shift reduce parsing, Operator parsing, LR(k) parsing.

Semantic Analysis and Intermediate Code Generation: Semantic Actions, Syntax Directed Translations, Translation on the parse Tree, Implementation of Syntax Directed Translator, Intermediate Codes, Syntax Directed translation to Postfix code, Syntax Trees, Intermediate Code Generation, Three Address Code- Translation of Expressions, Type Checking & Type Conversions.

**Code Optimization**: Principal sources of Code Optimization, Loop Optimization, Basic Blocks & Flow Graphs, DAG Representation of Basic Blocks, Applications of DAG, Local Optimization, Unreachable Code Elimination, Dead Code Elimination, Data Flow Analysis, Data Flow Equations & Computations, Peep-Hole Optimization. Machine Dependent Optimizations, Overview of Informal Compiler Algorithm Notation (ICAN), If Simplification, Loop Simplification, Loop Inversion, Branch Optimization and Prediction

**Code Generation and Code Scheduling**: Issues in Code Generation, Input to Code Generator, Instruction Selection, Register Allocation, Simple Target Machine Model, Program and Instruction Costs, Register allocation & Assignments, Code Generation Algorithm, Code Generators, Optimal Code Generation for Expressions, Code Generation From DAG.

**Symbol Tables, Runtime Environment and Error Handling**: Contents of a Symbol Table, Data Structures for Symbol Tables; Run time Environments, Implementation of a simple Stack allocation, Heap Management, Block Structured Languages; Error Detection & Recovery, Lexical Phase Errors, Syntactic & Semantic Errors, Error Handling Routines

### **Text Books**

- 1. Principles of Compiler Design by Aho,D. Ullman, Lam and Ravi Sethi, Pearson Education Second Edition
- 2. Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation, Steven Muchnic, Elsevier Publications

- 1. Compiler Construction by Kenneth. C. Louden, Vikas Pub. House.
- 2. Compiler Design, A.A. Pentambekar, Technical Publications
- 3. Modern Compiler Design, Grune.D, Van Reeuwijk K, Bal H.E, Jacobs C J H, Langendoen K, Springer

# 3. DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

# **Course Objectives**

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to do the following:

- Analyse the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms.
- Demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data structures.
- Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis.
- Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations

### **Course Outcomes**

Students who complete the course will have demonstrated the ability to do the following:

- Argue the correctness of algorithms using inductive proofs and invariants.
- Analysis worst-case running times of algorithms using asymptotic analysis.
- Describe the divide-and-conquer paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize divide-and conquer algorithms. Derive and solve recurrences describing the performance of divide and-conquer algorithms.
- Describe the dynamic-programming paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize dynamic programming algorithms, and analysis them.
- Describe the greedy paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize greedy algorithms, and analysis them.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** What is an Algorithm, Algorithm Specification, Pseudocode Conventions Recursive Algorithm, Performance Analysis, Space Complexity, Time Complexity, Amortized Complexity, Amortized Complexity, Asymptotic Notation, Practical Complexities, Performance Measurement.

**Divide and Conquer:** General Method, Defective Chessboard, Binary Search, Finding the Maximum and Minimum, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Performance Measurement, Randomized Sorting Algorithms.

**The Greedy Method**: The General Method, Knapsack Problem, Job Sequencing with Deadlines, Minimum-cost Spanning Trees, Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithms, An Optimal Randomized Algorithm, Optimal Merge Patterns, Single Source Shortest Paths.

**Dynamic Programming:** All - Pairs Shortest Paths, Multistage graphs, optimal binary search tree, String editing, 0/1 Knapsack, Reliability Design.

**Backtracking:** The General Method, The 8-Queens Problem, Sum of Subsets, Graph Colouring, Hamiltonian Cycles, Knapsack problem

**Branch and Bound:** Least cost (LC) Search, The 15-Puzzle, Control Abstraction for LC-Search, Bounding, FIFO Branch-and-Bound, LC Branch and Bound, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, LC Branch-and Bound Solution, FIFO Branch-and-Bound Solution, Traveling Salesperson problem.

**Limitations of Algorithm Power**: Lower-Bound Arguments, Decision Trees, P, NP and NP – complete problems – Challenges of Numerical Algorithms. Limitations of Algorithms Power: Backtracking – Branch-and Bound– Approximation Algorithms for NP-hard Problems – Algorithms for solving Nonlinear Equations.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Fundamentals of computer algorithms E. Horowitz S. Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, University Press.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H. Corman, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald R. Rivest & Clifford Stein, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, New Delhi.

- 1. Data structures and algorithm analysis in C++ / Mark Allen Weiss, Florida International University. Fourth edition.
- 2. Introduction to Design & Analysis of Algorithms by Anany Levitin, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- 3. Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H. Corman, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald R. Rivest & Clifford Stein, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, New Delhi.
- 4. The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman

# 4. DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

# **Course Objectives**

• This course provides an introduction to the fundamentals of distributed computer systems, assuming the availability of facilities for data transmission.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

By the end of the course, students should be able to build distributed systems that:

- Scale as the number of entities in the system increase
- Can sustain failures and recover from them
- Work with distributed, fault tolerant file systems
- Can handle and process large data volumes
- Are secure and handle certain classes of distributed denial of service attacks
- Are Loosely coupled, transactional and eventually stable

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Distributed Systems**, What is a Distributed System?, Hard ware concepts, Software concepts, Design issues.

**Communication in Distributed Systems**, Lay red Protocols, ATM networks, The Client – server model, Remote Procedure call, Group communication.

**Synchronization in Distributed System**, Clock Synchronization, Mutual Exclusion, Election algorithms, Atomic transactions, Deadlocks in Distributed Systems.

**Process and processors in Distributed System** threads, System Models, Processors allocation, Scheduling in Distributed System, Fault tolerance, Real time Distributed System.

**Distributed File Systems,** Distributed File System Design, Distributed File System implementation, Trends in Distributed File System.

**Distributed Shared Memory**, Introduction, What is Shared memory?, Consistency models, Page based Distributed Shared memory, Shared – variable Distributed Shared memory, Object based Distributed Shared Memory.

# **Text Book**

1. Distributed Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbanm - Pearson

#### Reference Book

2. Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, Mukesh Singhal and Niranjan G.Shivaratri - McGraw Hill Education

# **5. SENSOR NETWORKS**

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concepts of sensor networks
- To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks
- To understand the security of sensor networks
- To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to understand the state-of-the-art research in the emerging subject of Ad Hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks
- Ability to solve issues in real-time application development based on ASN.
- Ability to conduct further research in the domain of ASN

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** The vision of Ambient Intelligence, Application examples, Types of applications, Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks(WSNs), Sensor networks vs Enabling Technologies for WSNs, **Single node architecture:** Hardware components, Energy consumption of sensor nodes, Some examples of sensor nodes, Operating systems and execution environments

**Network architecture:** Sensor network scenarios, Optimization goals and figures of merit, Designprinciples for WSNs, Physical layer and transceiver design considerations in WSNs

**MAC Protocols:** Fundamentals of (wireless) MAC protocols, Low duty cycle protocols and wakeup concepts, Contention-based protocols, Schedule-based protocols, The IEEE 802.15.4 MAC protocol, How about IEEE 802.11 and Bluetooth

**Link layer protocols:** Fundamentals: tasks and requirements, Error control, Framing, Link management

**Naming and addressing:** Fundamentals, Address and name management in wireless sensor networks, Assignment of MAC addresses, Content-based and geographic addressing

**Routing protocols:** The many faces of forwarding and routing, Energy-efficient unicast, Broadcastand multicast, Geographic routing.

**Data-centric and content-based networking :** Introduction, Data-centric routing, Data aggregation, Data-centric storage

**Transport layer and Quality of Service:** The transport layer and QoS in wireless sensor networks, Coverage and deployment, Reliable data transport, Single packet delivery, Block delivery, Congestion control and rate control

### **Text Book**

- 1. Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks, Holger Karl, Andreas Willig., JohnWiley & Sons Ltd, 2005
- 2. Network Management Fundamentals, Alexender Clemn CISCIPress2007

# 6. SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the Software Project Planning and Evaluation techniques.
- To plan and manage projects at each stage of the software development life cycle (SDLC).
- To learn about the activity planning and risk management principles.
- To manage software projects and control software deliverables.
- To develop skills to manage the various phases involved in project management and people management.
- To deliver successful software projects that support organization's strategic goals.

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- Understand Project Management principles while developing software.
- Gain extensive knowledge about the basic project management concepts, framework and the process models.
- Obtain adequate knowledge about software process models and software effort estimation techniques.
- Estimate the risks involved in various project activities.
- Define the checkpoints, project reporting structure, project progress and tracking mechanisms using project management principles.
- Learn staff selection process and the issues related to people management

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Software Project Management:** Introduction to Project and Project Management, Reasons for IT project failure, Triple constraint of IT project management, Management spectrum of project, Overview of project life cycle models, Project manager skills and job description conceptualization and initiation of IT project, Business case.

**Project Charter:** Introduction, Project management process and their correlation with project life cycle phases, Introduction to Project Integration management and seven processes, Project Charter.

**Project Scope Management:** Introduction, Processes of scope management.

**Project Human Resource Management:** Introduction, Organizational structure – Function, Project and Matrix, Keys to managing people motivation theories and improving effectiveness, Project team selection.

**Project Time and Cost Management :** Introduction, Development of project schedule, CPM and PERT, Activities their sequencing and dependencies, Project network diagrams, Development of Gantt Charts, Earned Value Management, Introduction to Constructive Cost Model (COCOMO).

**Project Risk Management :** Introduction, Risk Management Process, Risk Identification for IT projects, Qualitative and Quantitative approaches to Risk Analysis, Risk Strategies, Risk Monitoring and Control, Risk Response and Evaluation Project Quality Management.

**Project Communication Management:** Introduction, Project Communication Plan, Project metrics, Information distribution, Performance Reporting.

**Project Change Management:** Introduction, Impact of change, Change as a process, Change Management plan, Dealing with resistance and conflict, Configuration management.

**Project Procurement Management:** Introduction, Processes Planning Purchases and Acquisition, Contracting, Request Seller Responses, Select Sellers, Contract Administration, Contract Closure, Outsourcing of products and services.

**Project Leadership and Ethics:** Introduction, Project Leadership, Modern approaches, Styles of leadership, Ethical leadership, Making sound ethical decisions in the situations of conflict.

**Closure of a Project:** Introduction, Project implementation, Administrative closure, Project Evaluation.

#### **Text Book**

1. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: Software Project Management – Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.

- 1. Robert K. Wysocki —Effective Software Project Management Wiley Publication, 2011.
- 2. Walker Royce —Software Project Management- Addison-Wesley, 1998.
- 3. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, —Managing Global Software Projects McGraw Hill Education (India), Fourteenth Reprint 2013

### 7. GRID COMPUTING

### **Course Objectives:**

- Understand how Grid computing helps in solving large scale scientific problems.
- Gain knowledge on the concept of virtualization that is fundamental to cloud computing.
- Learn how to program the grid and the cloud.
- Understand the security issues in the grid and the cloud environment.

### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply grid computing techniques to solve large scale scientific problems
- Apply the concept of virtualization
- Use the grid and cloud tool kits
- Apply the security models in the grid and the cloud environment

## **Syllabus**

**Introduction** The Data Centre, the Grid and the Distributed / High Performance Computing, Cluster Computing and Grid Computing, Metacomputing – the Precursor of Grid Computing, Scientific, Business and e-Governance Grids, Web Services and Grid Computing, Business Computing and the Grid – a Potential Win – win Situation, e-Governance and the Grid.

## **Technologies and Architectures for Grid Computing**

Clustering and Grid Computing, Issues in Data Grids, Key Functional Requirements in Grid Computing, Standards for Grid Computing, Recent Technological Trends in Large Data Grids

# World Wide Grid Computing Activities, Organizations and Projects

Standard Origanizations, Organizations Developing Grid Computing Tool Kits, Framework, and Middleware, Grid Projects and Organizations Building and Using Grid Based Solutions, Commercial Organizations Building and Using Grid Based Solutions.

### **Web Services and the Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)**

History and Background, Service Oriented Architecture, How a Web Service Works, SOAP and WSDL, Description, Creating Web Services, Server Side.

#### **OGSA and WSRF**

OGSA for Resource Distribution, Stateful Web Services in OGSA, WSRF (Web Services Resource Framework), Resource Approach to Stateful Services, WSRF Specification.

#### **Globus Toolkit**

History of Globus Toolkit, Versions of Globus Toolkit, Applications of GT4-Cases, GT4-Approaches and Benefits, Infrastructure Management, Monitoring and Discovery, Security, Data, Choreography and Coordination, Main Features of GT4 Functionality – a Summary, GT4 Architecture, GT4 Command Line Programs, GT4 Containers

#### The Grid and the Databases

Issues in Database Integration with the Grid, The Requirements of a Grid-enabled Database, Storage Request Broker (SRB), How to Integrate the Databases with the Grid?, The Architecture of OGSA-DAI for Offering Grid Database Services

**Cluster Computing**: Approaches to Parallel Computing, How to Achieve Low Cost Parallel Computing through Clusters, Definition and Architecture of a Cluster, What is the Functionality a Cluster can Offer? Categories of Clusters

Cluster Middleware: An Introduction Levels and Layers of Single System Image (SSI), Cluster Middleware Design Objectives, Resource Management and Scheduling, Cluster Programming Environment and Tools

Early Cluster Architectures and High Throughput Computing Clusters: Early Cluster Architectures, High Throughput Computing Clusters, Condor.

#### **Text Books**

1. C.S.R. Prabhu – "Grid and Cluster Computing"- PHI(2008) Chapters: 1 to 13, 16, 17.

### **Reference Books**

1. Jankiram, "Grid Computing Models : A Research Monograph", TMH (2005)

# 8. CLOUD COMPUTING

## **Course Objectives**

- To understand fundamental concepts in the area of cloud computing.
- To understand the concept of Virtualization and cloud data storage.
- To learn cloud Application Development and cloud Governance.
- To gain competence in Map Reduce and Hadoop Overview.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing.
- Develop applications for cloud computing.
- Design and Implement a novel cloud computing application.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to cloud computing:** Cloud computing components, Infrastructure services, storage applications, database services – introduction to Saas, Paas, Iaas, Idaas, data storage in cloud

**Virtualization:** enabling technologies, types of virtualization, server virtualization, desktop virtualization, memory virtualization, application and storage virtualization tools and products available for virtualization

SAAS and PAAS: Getting started with Saas, SaaS solutions, SOA, PaaS and benefits.

**Iaas and Cloud data storage:** understanding Iaas, improving performance for load balancing, server types within Iaas, utilizing cloud based NAS devices, cloud based data storage, and backup services, cloud based block storage and database services

**Cloud Application development:** Client server distributed architecture for cloud designing cloud based solutions, coding cloud based applications, traditional Apps vs cloud Apps, client side programming, server side programming overview-fundamental treatment of web application frameworks.

**Cloud Governance and economics:** Securing the cloud, disaster recovery and business continuity in the cloud, Managing the cloud, migrating to the cloud, governing and evaluating the clouds business impact and economics,

**Inside Cloud**: Introduction to MapReduce and Hadoop-over view of big data and its impact on cloud

# **Text Books**

- 1. Cloud Computing: SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, Virtualization, Business Models, Mobile, Security and More, Kris Jamsa, Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Paper back edition, 2013
- 2. Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, Anthony T .Velte, Toby J.Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Tata McGraw Hill Edition

# **References Books**

1. Hadoop Map Reduce cookbook, Srinath Perera and Thilina Gunarathne, Packt Publishing

# 9. DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

### **Course objectives**

- To explain fundamentals of Image processing concepts.
- To provide mathematical foundation of image enhancement , image compression and image segmentation.
- To explain the students about Morphology and its applications in image processing.
- To explain various methods and techniques for image transformation.

#### Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to develop algorithms for fundamental concepts in Image processing.
- Ability to perform image enhancement, image compression and image segmentation using various methods.
- Ability to implement Image transformation techniques

# **Syllabus**

**Fundamentals of Image Processing:** Image Acquisition, Image Model, Sampling, Quantization, Relationship Between Pixels, Distance Measures, Connectivity, Image

Geometry, Photographic Film. Histogram: Definition, Decision Of Contrast Basing On Histogram, Operations Basing on Histograms Like Image Stretching, Image Sliding, Image Classification. Definition and Algorithm of Histogram Equalization.

**Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain**: Arithmetic and Logical Operations, Pixel or Point Operations, Size Operations; Smoothing Filters-Mean, Median, Mode Filters – Comparative Study.

**Edge enhancement in spatial domain:** Edge enhancement filters, Directorial Filters, Sobel, Laplacian, Robert, KIRSCH Homogeneity & DIFF filters, PREWITT Filter, Contrast based edge enhancement techniques, Comparative study, Low pass filters, High pass filters, Sharpening filters, Comparative study, Color fundamentals and color model

**Image Compression:** Run Length Encoding, modified run length encoding, Contour Coding, Huffman Code, Compression Due to Change in Domain, Compression Due to Quantization Compression at the Time of Image Transmission. Brief Discussion on:- Image Compression Standards.

**Image Segmentation:** Definition of segmentation, Characteristics of Segmentation, Detection of Discontinuities, Thresholding. Pixel Based Segmentation Method. Region

Based Segmentation Methods, Segmentation by Pixel Aggregation, Segmentation by Sub Region Aggregation, Histogram Based Segmentation, Spilt and Merge Technique, Segmentation of moving objects.

**Morphology:** Dilation, Erosion, Opening, Closing, Hit-And-Miss Transform, Thinning, Thickening, Skeletons, Pruning Extensions to Gray – Scale Images Application of Morphology in I.P

Image Transforms: A Detail Discussion On Fourier Transform, DFT, FFT, Properties of

Fourier transform, WALSH Trans Form, WFT, HADAMARD Transform, DCT Image

Enhancement in Frequency Domain: Design of Low Pass, High Pass, EDGE

Enhancement, Smoothening Filters in Frequency Domain. Butter Worth Filter, Homomorphic Filters in Frequency Domain Advantages of Filters in Frequency Domain, Comparative Study of Filters in Frequency, Domain and Spatial Domain.

### **Text Book**

1. Digital Image Processing, Rafael C. Gonzalez And Richard E. Woods, Addision Wesley

- 1. Fundamentals Of Electronic Image Processing By Arthyr R Weeks, Jr.(PHI)
- 2. Image Processing, Analysis, And Machine Vision By Milan Sonka Vaclan Halavac Roger Boyle, Vikas Publishing House.
- 3. Digital Image Processing, S. Jayaraman, S. Esakkirajan& T. Veera Kumar, TMH
- 4. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Chris Solomon, Tobi Breckon, WileyBlackwell

# 10. MACHINE LEARNING

### **Course objectives**

- introduce students to the approaches to machine learning and related algorithms
- familiarize students with ideas of concept learning, version spaces and issues regarding data sources
- understand representation and learning using Decision Trees, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms
- introduce students to Bayesian approaches and key concepts of Expectation Maximization
- introduce students to inductive and analytical learning problems and related concepts of inductive bias, using prior knowledge to initialize the hypothesis.

#### **Course outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- describe learning tasks and various approaches, algorithms in machine learning
- understand concept learning, version spaces and related concepts of bias-free learning and active queries
- represent and formulate problems in Decision Trees, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms
- understand the basics of Bayes theorem and key concepts of Expectation Maximization in Bayesian approaches.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Machine Learning**, Applications of Machine learning, Supervisory Learning: Learning classes from examples, Vapnik-Charvonenkis (VC) Dimension, Probably Approximately Correct(PAC) Learning, noise, learning multiple classes, regression, model selection and generalization, dimensions of supervised machine learning algorithms

**Bayesian Decision Theory**: Classification, losses and risks, discriminant functions, utility theory, value of information, Bayesian networks, Influence diagrams, Association rules, Parametric Methods: Maximum likelihood estimation, evaluating an estimator with bias and variance, Bayes' estimator, parametric classification, regression, tuning model complexity: bias vs variance dilemma, model selection procedures

**Multivariate methods**: Multivariate data, parameter estimation, missing value imputation, univariate normal distribution and classification, discrete features, regression, Dimensionality Reduction: Subset selection, PCA, Factor Analysis, multi-dimensional scaling, LDA

**Clustering**: Mixture densities, K-means clustering, Expectation Maximization algorithm, mixtures of Latent Variable Models, Supervised learning after clustering, Hierarchical clustering, choosing number of clusters

**Non-parametric methods**: Non-parametric methods density estimation, generalisation to multivariate data, nonparametric classification, condensed nearest neighbors, non-parametric regression: smoothing models, choosing smoothing parameters

**Decision trees and Linear Discrimination**: Univariate classification and regression trees, rule extraction from trees, Multivariate trees, Generalizing linear model, two class and multiclass geometry of linear discriminant, pairwise separation, gradient descent, logistic discrimination for binary and multi-class problems, discrimination by regression, Support vector machines, optimal separating hyperplane, kernel functions for non-separable spaces, SVM for regression.

**Hidden Markov Models**: Discrete Markov processes, Hidden Markov Models, Three basic problems of HMM, Evaluation problem, finding the state sequence, Learning model parameters, continuous observations, Model selection in HMM Assessing and comparing classification Algorithms: Cross-validation and resampling methods, measuring error, interval estimation, hypothesis testing, assessing performance of a classifier, comparing two classification algorithms, comparing multiple classification algorithms based on variance

#### **Text Book**

1. Introduction to Machine Learning by Ethem Alpaydin, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006

- 1. Machine Learning, Peter Flach, Cambridge University Press, 2012
- 2. Machine Learning, Tom Mitchell, McGraw Hill, 1997

# 11. DEEP LEARNING

### **Course objectives**

- Provides a review of the basic concepts, approaches and limitations of traditional machine learning algorithms
- familiarize students with basic ideas of feed forward neural networks learning with Backpropagation of error and advancements towards deep learning
- introduce the optimization and regularization concepts in deep learning
- understand representation and learning using Convolutional Neural networks
- introduce students to sequential modelling using recurrent neural networks, with LSTM and other variants.

#### **Course outcomes**

- By the end of the course,
- Students will get the ability to analyse the ML concepts with an understanding on pros and cons of different ML approaches and their limitations
- Students will have clear understanding of ANN and Backpropagation algorithm
- Students will be able to model problems using CNN and RNNs for appropriate applications
- Ability to explore parameter setting for optimal performance of a deep learning model
- Knows the basic concepts of successful applications of Deep Learning like NLP and image processing

**Machine Learning Basics:** Learning Algorithms, Capacity, Overfitting, and Underfitting, Hyperparameters and Validation Sets, Estimators, Bias and Variance, Maximum Likelihood

Estimation, Bayesian Statistics, Supervised and Unsupervised Learning algorithms, Stochastic Gradient Descent, Building a ML algorithm, Challenges and Motivation to Deep learning

**Deep forward Networks**: Learning XOR, Gradient -based Learning, Hidden Units, Architecture Design, Back-propagation and other Differentiation algorithms

**Regularization for Deep Learning**: Parameter Norm Penalties, Norm Penalties as constrained Optimization, Regularization and under -constrained problems, dataset Augmentation, Noise robustness, semi-supervised learning, multitask learning, Early stopping, parameter tying and setting, sparse presentations, bagging and other ensemble methods, dropout, adversarial training, tangent distance, prop and manifold tangent classifier

**Optimization for Training Deep Models**: Difference between learning and pure optimization, Challenges in NN optimization, Basic algorithms, parameter Initialization strategies, Algorithms with adaptive learning rates, approximate second order methods, Optimization strategies and meta algorithms

**Convolutional Networks:** Convolution operation, Motivation, pooling, convolution and pooling as an infinitely strong prior, variants of basic convolution function, structured outputs, data types, efficient convolution algorithms, random or unsupervised features

**Sequence Modeling:** Recurrent and recursive nets: Unfolding computational graphs, recurrent neural networks, bidirectional RNNs, Encoder-decoder Sequece-to-sequence Architectures, Deep recurrent networks, recursive neural networks, challenge of long-term dependencies, echo state networks, leaky units and other strategies for multiple time scales, Long Short -term Memory (LSTM) and other gated RNNs

**Practical methodology and applications:** Performance metrics, default baseline models, determining whether to gather more data, selecting hyperparameters, debugging strategies, multidigit number recognition, large scale deep learning, applications in computer vision and NLP

#### **Text Book**

- 1."Deep Learning", Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio and Aaron Courville, published by MIT Press, UK, 2017 Series
- 2.Deep Learning with Keras: The Textbook by Antonio Gulli and Sujit Pal, Packt Publishing Ltd, Birmingham, UK, April 2017

### **Reference Book**

1. Deep Learning with TensorFlow, The Textbook by Giancarlo Zaccone, Md. Rezaul Karim, and Ahmed Menshawy, Packt Publishing Ltd, Birmingham, UK, April 2017.

# 12. BIG DATA ANALYTICS

### **Course Objectives**

This course is aimed at enabling the students to:

- Provide an overview of an exciting growing field of big data analytics.
- Introduce the tools required to manage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL, Map Reduce, HIVE, Cassandra, Spark.
- Teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
- Optimize business decisions and create competitive advantage with Big Data analytics

#### **Course Outcomes**

After the completion of the course, student will be able to:

- Illustrate on big data and its use cases from selected business domains.
- Interpret and summarize on NoSQL, Cassandra
- Analyze the HADOOP and Map Reduce technologies associated with big data analytics and explore on Big Data applications Using Hive.
- Make use of Apache Spark, RDDs etc. to work with datasets.
- Assess real time processing with Spark Streaming.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to big data**, why big data, convergence of key trends, unstructured data, industry examples of big data, web analytics, big data and marketing, fraud and big data, risk and big data, credit risk management, big data and algorithmic trading, big data and healthcare, big data in medicine, advertising and big data, big data technologies, introduction to Hadoop, open source technologies, cloud and big data, mobile business intelligence, Crowd sourcing analytics, inter and trans firewall analytics.

**Introduction to NoSQL**, aggregate data models, aggregates, key-value and document data models, relationships, graph databases, schema less databases, materialized views, distribution models, sharding, master-slave replication, peer- peer replication, sharding and replication, consistency, relaxing consistency, version stamps, Working with Cassandra Table creation, loading and reading data.

**Data formats, analyzing data with Hadoop**, scaling out, Architecture of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS), fault tolerance ,with data replication, High availability, Data locality, Map Reduce Architecture, Process flow, Java interface, data flow, Hadoop I/O, data integrity, compression, serialization.

**Introduction to Hive**, data types and file formats, HiveQL data definition, HiveQL data manipulation, Logical joins, Window functions, Optimization, Table partitioning, Bucketing, Indexing, Join strategies.

**Apache Spark**- Advantages over Hadoop, lazy evaluation, In memory processing, DAG, Spark context, Spark Session, RDD, Transformations- Narrow and Wide, Actions, Data frames ,RDD to Data frames, Catalyst optimizer, Data Frame Transformations, Working with Dates and Timestamps, Working with Nulls in Data,

**Working with Complex Types**, Working with JSON, Grouping, Window Functions, Joins, Data Sources, Broadcast Variables, Accumulators, Deploying Spark- On-Premises Cluster Deployments, Cluster Managers- Standalone Mode, Spark on YARN, Spark Logs, The Spark UI- Spark UI History Server, Debugging and Spark First Aid

**Spark-Performance Tuning**, Stream Processing Fundamentals, Event-Time and State full Processing - Event Time, State full Processing, Windows on Event Time- Tumbling Windows, Handling Late Data with Watermarks, Dropping Duplicates in a Stream, Structured Streaming Basics - Core Concepts, Structured Streaming in Action, Transformations on Streams, Input and Output.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging, Michael Minnelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj
- 2. SPARK: The Definitive Guide, Bill Chambers & MateiZaharia, O'Reilley, 2018Edition
- 3. Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013
- 4. P. J. Sadalage and M. Fowler, "NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World Polyglot Persistence", Addison-Wesley Professional,2012
- 5. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Third Edition, O'Reilley, 2012

- 1. "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, Eric Sammer, 2012
- 2. "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, 2012
- 3. "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, Lars George, 2011
- 4. "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, Eben Hewitt,2010
- 5. "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, Alan Gates, 2011

### 13. NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

# **Course Objectives**

This course introduces the fundamental concepts and techniques of natural language processing (NLP).

- Students will gain an in-depth understanding of the computational properties of natural languages and the commonly used algorithms for processing linguistic information.
- The course examines NLP models and algorithms using both the traditional symbolic and the more recent statistical approaches.
- Enable students to be capable to describe the application based on natural language processing and to show the points of syntactic, semantic and pragmatic processing.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate a given text with basic Language features
- To design an innovative application using NLP components
- Explain a rule based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language
- To design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications
- To compare and contrast the use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** Origins and challenges of NLP – Language Modeling: Grammar-based LM, Statistical LM – Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata – English Morphology, Transducers for lexicon and rules, Tokenization, Detecting and Correcting Spelling Errors, Minimum Edit Distance.

**Word Level Analysis:** Unsmoothed N-grams, Evaluating N-grams, Smoothing, Interpolation and Backoff – Word Classes, Part- of-Speech Tagging, Rule-based, Stochastic and Transformation-based tagging, Issues in PoS tagging – Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy models.

**Syntactic analysis**: Context-Free Grammars, Grammar rules for English, Treebanks, Normal Forms for grammar – Dependency Grammar – Syntactic Parsing, Ambiguity, Dynamic Programming parsing – Shallow parsing Probabilistic CFG, Probabilistic CYK, Probabilistic Lexicalized CFGs – Feature structures, Unification of feature structures

Semantics and Pragmatics: Requirements for representation, First-Order Logic, Description Logics – Syntax-Driven Semantic analysis, Semantic attachments – Word Senses, Relations between Senses, Thematic Roles, selectional restrictions – Word Sense Disambiguation, WSD using Supervised, Dictionary & Thesaurus, Bootstrapping methods – Word Similarity using Thesaurus and Distributional methods.

**Disclosure Analysis and Lexical Resources:** Discourse segmentation, Coherence – Reference Phenomena, Anaphora Resolution using Hobbs and Centering Algorithm – Coreference Resolution – Resources: Porter Stemmer, Lemmatizer, Penn Treebank, Brill's Tagger, WordNet, PropBank, FrameNet, Brown Corpus, British National Corpus (BNC).

### **Text Books**

- 1. Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, 2 Edition, Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin Pearson Publication, 2014.
- 2. Natural Language Processing with Python, First Edition, Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, OReilly Media, 2009.

- 1. Language Processing with Java and LingPipe Cookbook, 1 Edition, Breck Baldwin, Atlantic Publisher, 2015.
- 2. Natural Language Processing with Java, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Richard M Reese, OReilly Media, 2015.
- 3. Handbook of Natural Language Processing, Second, Nitin Indurkhya and Fred J. Damerau, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.Edition
- 4. Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, Oxford University Press,2008.

# 14. SOFT COMPUTING

# **Course objectives**

- To understand the role of imprecision and uncertainty in real world scenarios.
- To explain the role of Soft Computing in addressing the imprecision and uncertainty.
- To explain the principal components of soft computing that include Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic, Artificial Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms and Rough Sets.
- To learn the Design and Implementation of Soft Computing methodologies.
- To explain the design of hybrid systems which is combination of one or more soft computing methodologies mentioned.

#### **Course outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to represent uncertainty / imprecision data.
- Ability to select a suitable method of Soft Computing to solve a particular problem.
- Ability to build hybrid systems using Soft Computing techniques.

### **Syllabus**

**Soft Computing:** Introduction to Fuzzy Computing, Neural Computing, Genetic Algorithms, Associative Memory, Adaptive Resonance Theory, Different Tools and Techniques, Usefulness and Applications.

**Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic**: Introduction, Fuzzy Sets Versus Crisp Sets, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Extension Principle, Fuzzy Relations and Relation Equations, Fuzzy Numbers, Linguistic Variables, Fuzzy Logic, Linguistic Hedges, Applications,

**Interference in fuzzy logic:** fuzzy if-then rules, Fuzzy implications and Fuzzy algorithms, Fuzzifications and Defuzzificataions, Fuzzy Controller, Fuzzy Controllers, Fuzzy Pattern Recognition, Fuzzy Image Processing, Fuzzy Database.

**Artificial Neural Network**: Introduction, Artificial Neuron and its model, activation functions, Neural network architecture: single layer and multilayer feed forward networks, recurrent networks. Various learning techniques, perception and convergence rule, Autoassociative and hetro-associative memory, Hebb's Learning, Adaline, Perceptron

**Multilayer Feed Forward Network:** Back Propagation Algorithms, Different Issues Regarding Convergence of Multilayer Perceptron, Competitive Learning, SelfOrganizing, Feature Maps, Adaptive Resonance Theory, Associative Memories, Applications.

**Evolutionary and Stochastic Techniques:** Genetic Algorithm (GA), Genetic Representations, (Encoding) Initialization and Selection, Different Operators of GA, Analysis of Selection Operations, Hypothesis of Building Blocks, Schema Theorem and Convergence

of Genetic Algorithm, Simulated Annealing and Stochastic Models, Boltzmann Machine, Applications.

**Rough Set:** Introduction, Imprecise Categories Approximations and Rough Sets, Reduction of Knowledge, Decision Tables and Applications. Hybrid Systems: NeuralNetwork-Based Fuzzy Systems, Fuzzy Logic-Based Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithm for Neural Network Design and Learning, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm for Optimization, Applications

### **Text Books**

- 1. Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm: Synthesis and Applications, S.Rajsekaran and G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Rough Sets, Z.Pawlak, Kluwer Academic Publisher, 1991.
- 3. Intelligent Hybrid Systems, D. Ruan, Kluwer Academic Publisher, 1997

- 1. Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems, N.P.Padhy, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Neural Fuzzy Systems, Chin-Teng Lin & C. S. George Lee, Prentice Hall PTR. Addison-Wesley
- 3. Learning and Soft Computing, V. Kecman, MIT Press, 2001
- 4. Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic, Klir & Yuan, PHI, 1997

# 15. E-COMMERCE

# **Course objectives**

- Introduce students to electronic commerce and its various applications
- Provide knowledge of electronic payment systems and risks involved, electronic data interchange, inter-organizational and intra-organizational commerce
- Introduce students to concepts of information based marketing including online marketing, advertising on internet, consumer search
- Provide knowledge of multimedia concepts including digital video and electronic commerce, video conferencing and video processing.

#### **Course outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Understand the framework of electronic commerce and its various applications
- Explain the types of electronic payment systems and risks involved in such systems
- Understand online marketing and information based marketing concepts including consumer search, information retrieval, advertising on internet.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** Electronic Commerce-Frame Work, Anatomy of E-Commerce Applications, E- Commerce Consumer Applications, E-Commerce Organization Applications. Consumer Oriented Electronic Commerce - Mercantile Process Models.

**Electronic Payment Systems** – Types of Electronic Payment Systems, Digital Token-Based, Smart Cards, Credit Cards, Risks in Electronic Payment Systems, Designing Electronic Payment Systems

**Electronic Data Inter Change**, Inter Organizational Commerce - EDI, EDI Implementation, Value Added Networks.

**Intra Organizational Commerce**, Macro Forces and Internal Commerce, Work Flow Automation and Coordination, Customization and Internal Commerce, Supply Chain Management.

**Business Cases for Document Library**, Digital Document Types, Corporate Data Ware-Houses.

**Advertising And Marketing**: Information Based Marketing, Advertising On Internet, Online Marketing Process, Market Research. Consumer Search and Resource Discovery, Information Search and Retrieval, Commerce Catalogues, Information Filtering.

**Multimedia-Key Multimedia Concepts**, Digital Video and Electronic Commerce, Desktop Video Processing, Desktop Video Conferencing.

### **Text Book**

1. Frontiers of Electronic Commerce, Kalakata and Whinston, Pearson.

- 1. E-Commerce fundamentals and Applications, Hendry Chan, Raymond Lee, Tharam Dillon, Ellizabeth Chang, John Wiley.
- 2. E-Commerce, S.Jaiswal, Galgotia.
- 3. E-Commerce, Efrain Turbon, Jae Lee, David King, H.Michael Chang Pearson
- 4. E-Commerce Business, Technology and Society, Kenneth C.Taudon, Carol Guyerico Traver Pearson

# **OPEN ELECTIVES**

### 1. CYBER SECURITY & DIGITAL FORENSICS

### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the threats in networks and security concepts.
- Apply authentication applications in different networks.
- Understand security services for email.
- Awareness of firewall and it applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Differentiate among different types of security attacks.
- Define computer forensics.
- Identify the process in taking digital evidence.
- Describe how to conduct an investigation using methods of memory, operating system, and network and email forensics.
- Assess the different forensics tools.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Information Security Fundamentals and Best Practices:** Protecting Your Computer and its Contents, Securing Computer Networks--Basics of Networking, Compromised Computers, Secure Communications and Information Security Best Practices, Privacy Guidelines, Safe Internet Usage.

**Ethics in Cyber Security & Cyber Law:** Privacy, Intellectual Property, Professional Ethics, Freedom of Speech, Fair User and Ethical Hacking, Trademarks, Internet Fraud, Electronic Evidence, Cybercrimes.

**Penetration Testing:** Overview of the web from a penetration testers perspective, Exploring the various servers and clients, Discussion of the various web architectures, Discussion of the different types of vulnerabilities, Defining a web application test scope and process, Defining types of penetration testing.

**Web Application Security:** Common Issues in Web Apps, What is XSS, SQL injection, CSRF, Password Vulnerabilities, SSL, CAPTCHA, Session Hijacking, Local and Remote File Inclusion, Audit Trails, Web Server Issues.

**Forensics & Network Assurance:** Forensic Technologies, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidentiary Reporting, Layered Defense, Surveillance and Reconnaissance, Outsider Thread Protection

**Information Risk Management:** Asset Evaluation and Business Impact Analysis, Risk Identification, Risk Quantification, Risk Response Development and Control, Security Policy, Compliance, and Business Continuity. Forensic investigation using Access Data FTK, En-Case

**Cyber Incident Analysis and Response:** Incident Preparation, Incident Detection and Analysis. Containment, Eradication, and Recovery. Proactive and Post-Incident **Cyber Services, CIA triangle** 

### **Books**

- 1. The Official CHFI Study Guide for Computer Hacking Forensic Investigator by Dave Kleiman
- 2. CISSP Study Guide, 6th Edition by James M. Stewart

# 2. BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGY

## **Course Objectives**

- To understand the basic concepts of block chain technology and to explore the driving force behind the crypto currency Bitcoin.
- To understand about the different methods of Decentralization using Block Chain and different Bitcoins and Alternative Coins.
- To understand about Ethereum and applications using Smart contracts and Block Chain Applications

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the types, benefits and limitation of block chain.
- Explore the block chain decentralization and cryptography concepts.
- Enumerate the Bitcoin features and its alternative options.
- Describe and deploy the smart contracts

### **Syllabus**

# **Block Chain and its History:**

History of blockchain, Types of blockchain, Blockchain Components – Permissioned Blockchain Permission less Blockchain – Consortium Blockchain – basics of Consensus Algorithms, Architecture & Properties of Blockchain.

### **Decentralization and Consensus Algorithms:**

Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Routes to decentralization, Decentralized organizations, Distributed systems, Distributed ledger, Merkle tree, structure of a block, Consensus

**Algorithms-** Proof of Work, Proof of Stack, Proof of Burn, Proof of Elapsed Time, Proof of Activity, Proof of Concept.

### **Bitcoin and Alternative Coins:**

Bitcoin, Transactions, Bitcoin payments, Bitcoin properties – Transaction life cycle – creation of coin –sending payments – double spending using blockchain – bitcoin anonymity – Ether: Ethercoin properties, Alternative Coins, Bitcoin limitations, Namecoin, Litecoin, Primecoin, Zcash

#### **Ethereum and smart contracts:**

Ethereum Architecture, solidity programming basics, Smart Contract, Deploying Smart Contracts, Integration with UI.

# **Blockchain Applications:**

Blockchain-Outside of Currencies: Internet of Things, Government, Health, Finance, Media, Secure Voting and Digital Identity, Real Estate, Education

### **Text Books**

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Author- Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017
- 2. Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies, Author- Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder, Princeton University, 2016
- 3. Blockchain Technology, Author- Chandramouli Subramanian, Asha A George, Abhilash K A, Meena Karthikeyan, University Press (India) Private Limited, 2021

### Reference Books

1. Blockchain Basics: A Non-Technical Introduction in 25 Steps, Author- Daniel Drescher, Apress, First Edition, 2017

# 3. MOBILE COMPUTING

### **Course objectives**

- To introduce the basic concepts and principles in mobile computing. This includes major techniques involved, and networks & systems issues for the design and implementation of mobile computing systems and applications.
- To explore both theoretical and practical issues of mobile computing.
- To provide an opportunity for students to understand the key components and technologies involved and to gain hands-on experiences in building mobile applications.

#### **Course outcomes**

On successful completion of course, the student will be able:

- To identify basic concepts and principles in mobile communication & computing, cellular architecture.
- To describe the components and functioning of mobile networking.
- To classify variety of security techniques in mobile network.
- To describe and apply the concepts of mobility management

# **Syllabus**

**Basics of Android**: Introduction to Android Operating System, Version of Android, Installing of software, Android example, Internal Details, Software Stack, Android Core Building Blocks, Android Emulator, AndroidManifest.xml, R.java file, Hide Title Bar, Screen Orientation.

**User Interface Widgets**: Working with Button, Toast, Custom Toast, Button, Toggle Button, Switch Button, Image Button, Check Box, Alert Dialog, Spinner, Spinner and other widgets, Auto Complete Text View, Rating Bar, Date Picker. Time Picker, Progress Bar, Activity life cycle and example, Intents-types, Fragment lifecycle and types.

**Android Menu**, Layouts and Views: Option Menu, Context Menu, Popup Menu, Types of layouts-Relative, Linear, Table, Grid. Types of views- Grid, Web, Scroll, Search, Tab Host, Dynamic List, Expanded List views.

**Android services and Data storage**: web service, Android services, Android Service API, lifecycle and examples. Shared preferences, Soap Vs Restful web service, , Internal storage, External storage, Sqlite Databases, Storing data into external oracle database.

**Multimedia and Animation**: Playing audio and video, creating audio player ,Alarm manager, gallery, Animation API, Drawable class, Rotate, Fade, Zoom animations, XML &JSON -XML Parsing SAX, XML Parsing DOM , XML Pull Parser , JSON Parsing.

**Speech API and Telephony API**, Web services: Text To Speech API, Example, managing speech and pitch, Speech to text. Telephony manager, Get calls state, call tracker, make phone call and send SMS, Email. Web Service introduction, SOAP vs RESTFUL web services, external oracle data base connections.

**Content Providers and Notifications**: Fundamentals of content providers, Content URI, Creation of custom content provider. Notification API, Notification Builder, Issuing notifications, Notification Compact builder, Examples

#### **Text Book**

1. Beginning Android 4 Application Development- WEI-MENG LEE, Wiley India Pvt.ltd

- 1. Introduction to Android Application Development: Android Essentials,4/E, Joseph Annuzzi, Jr.Lauren Darcey, Shane Conder, Pearson Education publishers
- 2. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India Pvt.ltd
- 3. Android Application Development, Pradeep Kothari, Dreamtech publications
- 4. http://developer.android.com/guide/index.html

# 4. MOBILE ADHOC NETWORKS

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concepts of mobile adhoc networks
- To understand the concepts of wireless LANs, wireless adhoc networks, types and their routing protocols
- To introduce students to mobile communications and mobile computing
- To understand basics of Mobile Data Networks, MANETs and other wireless technologies

#### **Course outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to understand the state-of-the-art research in the emerging subject of Mobile Adhoc Networks
- Explain basics, standards and topologies of wireless LANs
- Understand basics, types, routing protocols and applications of wireless adhoc networks
- Understand basics of Mobile Data Networks, MANETs and other wireless technologies

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction:** Introduction to Wireless Networks, Various Generations of Wireless Networks, Virtual Private Networks- Wireless Data Services, Common Channel Signaling, Various Networks for Connecting to the Internet, Bluetooth Technology, Wifi-WiMax-Radio Propagation mechanism, Path loss Modeling and Signal Coverage

**Wireless Local Area Networks:** Introduction-WLAN topologies-IEEE 802.11 Standards ,MAC Protocols, Comparison of 802.11 a,b,g and n Standards, HIPER LAN , ZigBee802.15.4,WirelessLocalLoop

Wireless Adhoc Networks: Basics of Wireless Networks, Infrastructure Versus Infrastructure less Networks – Properties of Wireless, AD hoc Networks, Types of Ad Hoc Networks, Challenges in AD Hoc Networks – Applications of Wireless AD Hoc Networks , Routing Protocols for Ad Hoc Networks: Introduction-Proactive Routing Protocols- Reactive Routing protocols-Hybrid Routing Protocols-QoS Metrics-Energy impact issues in Routing.

**Mobile Communications:** Introduction to cellular concept, Frequency Reuse, Handoff, GSM:Mobile services, System architecture, Radio interface, Protocols, Localization and calling, Handover, Security, and New data services, Introduction to mobile computing, novel applications, limitations, and architecture.

**Mobile Data Networks:** Location/mobility management, Mobile IP, Dynamic routing protocols, Location-based protocols, Emerging topics: sensor networking, Data-Oriented CDPD network, GPRS and higher data rates, Short messaging service in GSM.

**Mobile Ad Hoc Networks (MANETs):** Overview, Properties of A MANET, Spectrum of MANET Applications, Routing and Various Routing Algorithms.

**Other Wireless Technologies:** Introduction, IEEE802.15.4 and Zigbee, General Architecture, Physical Layer, MAC layer, Zigbee, WiMAX and IEEE 802.16, Layers and Architecture, Physical Layer, OFDM Physical layer.

**Security in Ad Hoc Networks: Introduction**- Security Attacks, Intrusion Detection System, Intrusion Prevention system, Intrusion Response system, Wired Equivalent Privacy(WEP) -A Security Protocol for Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs), Security in MANETs.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Principles of Wireless Networks, Kaveth Pahlavan, K.Prasanth Krishnamurthy, Pearson Publications, Asia, 2002
- 2. Mobile Cellular Communications, G. Sasibhusan Rao, Pearson Publications.

- 1. Guide to Wireless Ad Hoc Networks: Series: Computer Communications and Networks Springer
- 2. Misra, Sudip; Woungang, Isaac; Misra, Subhas Chandra, 2009, Springer

# 5. RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS

### **Course Objectives**

• This course covers the basic concepts of recommender systems, including personalization algorithms, evaluation tools, and user experiences

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Describe basic concepts behind recommender systems
- Explain a variety of approaches for building recommender systems
- Describe system evaluation methods from both algorithmic and users' perspectives
- Describe applications of recommender systems in various domains

### **Syllabus**

**Collaborative recommendations**: User-based nearest neighbor recommendation, Item - based nearest neighbor recommendation, About ratings, Model-based and Preprocessing-based approaches, Recent practical approaches and Systems.

**Content- based recommendation:** Content representation and content similarity, Similarity-based retrieval, Other text classification methods.

**Knowledge-based recommendation**: Introduction ,Knowledge representation and reasoning, Interacting with constraint--based recommenders, Interacting with case-based recommenders, Example applications.

**Hybrid recommendation approaches:** Opportunities for hybridization , Monolithic hybridization design, Parallelized hybridization design, Pipelined hybridization design.

**Evaluating recommender systems:** Introduction , General properties of evaluation research, Popular evaluation designs, Evaluation on historical datasets, Alternate evaluation designs.

**Attacks on collaborative recommender systems**: A first example, Attack dimensions , Attack types, Evaluation of effectiveness and countermeasures, Countermeasures, Privacy aspects - distributed collaborative filtering.

**Online consumer decision making**: Introduction , Context effects, Primacy/recency effects, Further effects, Personality and social psychology. Recommender systems and the next-generation web: Trust aware recommender systems, Folksonomies and more, Ontological filtering, Extracting semantics from the web.

# **Text Book**

1. Recommender Systems: An Introduction by Dietmar Jannach, Markus Zanker, Alexander Felfernig, Gerhard Friedrich, Cambridge University Press.

# Reference Book

1. Recommender Systems: The Textbook by Charu C. Aggarwal, Springer Publications.

# 6. INFORMATION RETRIEVAL

### **Course objectives**

- To provide an overview of Information Retrieval.
- To introduce students about insights of the several topics of Information retrieval such as Boolean retrieval model, Vector space model.
- To provide comprehensive details about various evaluation methods.
- To provide implementation insight about the topics covered in the course.

### **Course outcomes**

By the end of the course,:

- Students will get an understanding of different information retrieval models.
- Students will know evaluation methods of the information retrieval model.
- Students will know the challenges associated with each topic.

# **Syllabus**

**Introduction to Information storage and retrieval systems**: Domain Analysis of IR systems, IR and other types of Information Systems, IR System Evaluation, Introduction to Data structures and algorithms related to Information Retrieval: Basic Concepts, Data structures, Algorithms.

**Inverted Files**: Introduction, Structures used in Inverted Files, Building an Inverted files using a sorted array, Modifications to the Basic Techniques.

**Signature Files**: Introduction, Concepts of Signature files, Compression, Vertical Partitioning, Horizontal Partitioning.

**New Indices for Text**: PAT Trees and PAT Arrays: Introduction, PAT Tree structure, Algorithms on the PAT Trees, Building PAT Trees as PATRICA Trees, PAT representation as Arrays.

**Lexical Analysis and Stop lists**: Introduction, Lexical Analysis, Stop lists.

**Stemming Algorithms**: Introduction, Types of Stemming algorithms, Experimental Evaluations of Stemming, Stemming to Compress Inverted Files.

**Thesaurus Construction**: Introduction, Features of Thesauri, Thesaurus Construction, Thesaurus construction from Texts, Merging existing Thesauri.

**String Searching Algorithms**: Introduction, Preliminaries, The Naive Algorithm, The Knutt-Morris-Pratt Algorithm, The Boyer-Moore Algorithm, The Shift-Or Algorithm, The Karp-Rabin Algorithm

- 1. Modern Information Retrieval, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Neto, PEA,2007.
- 2. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kowalski, Gerald, Mark Academic Press, 2000.
- 3. Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics , Grossman, OphirFrieder,2/e, Springer,2004.
- 4. Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms , Frakes, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, PEA
- 5. Information Storage and Retrieval, Robert Korfhage, John Wiley &Sons.
- 6. Introduction to Information Retrieval, Manning, Raghavan, Cambridge University Press

# 7. NoSQL DATABASES

# **Course Objectives**

- Define NoSQL, its characteristics and history, and the primary benefits for using NoSQL data
- 2 Define the major types of NoSQL databases including a primary use case and advantages/disadvantages of each type
- Create wide-column, document, key-value, graph and object-oriented databases, add content, and run queries 3.
- Describe the NoSQL data architecture patterns
- Perform basic database administration tasks.
- Develop NoSQL desktop and cloud database solutions.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Enumerate different features of NOSQL Databases
- Compare different data models
- Design a Key-Value Database for a real world problem
- Design a Document Database for a real world problem
- Design a Graph Database for a real world problem

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction to NoSQL.**The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL.

**Aggregate Data Models**, Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models, Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access, Distribution Models, Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication, Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums

**Key-Value Databases**, Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preferences, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multi operation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets

**Document Databases**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

**Column-Family Stores**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Counters.

**Graph Databases**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services Recommendation Engines

### **Text Books**

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, M., NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence. (1<sup>st</sup> Ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education, In, 2012.

- 1. Gauravvaish, Getting started with NoSQL, PACKT publishing, ISBN: 978184969488
- 2. Redmond, E. & Wilson, J., Seven Databases in Seven Weeks: A Guide to Modern Databases and the NoSQL Movement (1st Ed.), 2012 O'Reilly
- 3. Raleigh, NC: The Pragmatic Programmers, LLC. ISBN-13: 978- 1934356920 ISBN-10: 1934356921 O'Reilly

# 8. DATABASE & WEB APPLICATION SECURITY

### **Course Objectives**

- Introduce various threats and vulnerabilities in database security, Context and control based access control
- Introduce the basic principles of web application security, Authentication, Authorization
- Introduce the basics of IT security and mobile device security
- Introduce the basics of security testing and penetration testing

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- Explain the various threats and vulnerabilities in database security
- Understand the basic principles of web application security, Authentication, Authorization
- Explain the basics of IT security and mobile device security
- Apply security testing and penetration testing

### **Syllabus**

**Database security** – Introduction includes threats, vulnerabilities and breaches, Basics of database design, DB security – concepts, approaches and challenges, types of access controls, Oracle VPD,

**Discretionary and Mandatory access control** – Principles, applications and polyinstantiation, Database inference problem, types of inference attacks, distributed database, security levels, SQL-injection: types and advanced concepts.

**Security in relational data model**, concurrency controls and locking, SQL extensions to security (oracle as an example), System R concepts, Context and control based access control, Hippocratic databases, Database watermarking, Database intrusion, Secure data outsourcing,

**Web application security**, Basic principles and concepts, Authentication, Authorization, Browser security principles; XSS and CSRF, same origin policies, File security principles, Secure development and deployment methodologies, Web DB principles, OWASP – Top 10 – Detailed treatment,

**IoT security** – OWASP Top 10 – Detailed treatment, Mobile device security – Introduction, attack vector and models, hardware centric security aspects, SMS / MMS vulnerabilities, software centric security aspects, mobile web browser security,

**Application security** – Concepts, CIA Triad, Hexad, types of cyber attacks, Introduction to software development vulnerabilities, code analyzers – Static and dynamic analyzers,

**Security testing** / **Penetration testing** – Principles and concepts, PT work flows and examples, blind tests, ethical hacking techniques, synthetic transactions, interface testing and fuzzing, SDLC phases and security mandates.

### **Text Books**

- 1. Michael Gertz and SushilJajodia, "Handbook of Database Security— Applications and Trends", Springer, 2008.
- 2. Bryan and Vincent, "Web Application Security, A Beginners Guide", McGraw-Hill, 2011
- 3. Bhavani Thuraisingham, "Database and Applications Security", Integrating Information Security and Data Management, Auerbach Publications, 2005.
- 4. Alfred Basta, Melissa Zgola, "Database Security", Course Technology, 2012 Delmar Cengage Learning

# 9. DATA SCIENCE

# **Course Objectives**

- Provide students with the knowledge and expertise to become a proficient data scientist.
- Demonstrate an understanding of statistics and machine learning concepts that are vital for data science
- Learn to statistically analyze a dataset;

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- Describe what Data Science is and the skill sets needed to be a data scientist
- Explain in basic terms what Statistical Inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data
- Use R to carry out basic statistical modeling and analysis
- Apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to carry out EDA. Describe the Data Science Process and how its components interact.

### **Syllabus**

**Introduction,** The Ascendance of Data, Motivating Hypothetical: Data Sciencester, Finding Key Connectors, The Zen of Python, Getting Python, Virtual Environments, Whitespace Formatting, Modules, Functions, Strings, Exceptions, Lists, Tuples, Dictionaries defaultdict, Counters, Sets, Control Flow, Truthiness, Sorting, List Comprehensions, Automated Testing and assert, Object-Oriented Programming, Iterables and Generators, Randomness, Regular Expressions, Functional Programming, zip and Argument Unpacking, args and kwargs, Type Annotations, Type Annotations.

**Visualizing Data:** matplotlib, Bar Charts, Line Charts, Scatterplots. Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices, Statistics: Describing a Single Set of Data, Correlation, Simpson's Paradox, Some Other Correlational Caveats, Correlation and Causation.

**Gradient Descent**: The Idea Behind Gradient Descent, Estimating the Gradient, Using the Gradient, Choosing the Right Step Size, Using Gradient Descent to Fit Models, Minibatch and Stochastic Gradient Descent.

Getting Data: stdin and stdout, Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs,

**Working with Data**: Exploring Your DataUsing NamedTuples Dataclasses, Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, Dimensionality Reduction.

**Machine Learning**: Modeling, Overfitting and Underfitting, Correctness, The Bias-Variance Tradeoff, Feature Extraction and Selection, k-Nearest Neighbors, Naive Bayes, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Regression, Digression, Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machines, Decision Trees

**Neural Networks**: Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation. Clustering: The Idea, The Model, Choosing k, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering.

**Recommender Systems:** Manual Curation, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Collaborative Filtering, Matrix Factorization

**Data Ethics**, Building Bad Data Products, Trading Off Accuracy and Fairness, Collaboration, Interpretability, recommendations, Biased Data, Data Protection IPython, Mathematics, NumPy, pandas, scikit-learn, Visualization, R Up Hierarchical Clustering.

### **Text Books**

- 1. Joel Grus, "Data Science From Scratch", OReilly.
- 2. Allen B.Downey, "Think Stats", OReilly.

- 1. Doing Data Science: Straight Talk From The Frontline, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman, v2.1, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 3. "The Art of Data Science", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Roger D. Peng and Elizabeth matsui, Lean Publications, 2015
- 4. "Algorithms for Data Science", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Steele, Brian, Chandler, John, Reddy, Swarna, Springer's Publications, 2016.

# 10. BUSINESS ANALYTICS

# **Course objectives**

- To introduce students to problem solving with Business Analytics and the use of spreadsheets for descriptive analytics, data queries and visualization
- To introduce students to statistical sampling, sampling distributions, confidence intervals and statistical inference
- To familiarize students with various types of regression including simple linear regression and multiple linear regression

### **Course outcomes**

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Describe data and models used for Business Analytics and apply various descriptive analytic techniques to analyze data
- Estimate population parameters, interval estimates, construct confidence intervals and perform hypothesis testing
- Estimate and interpret the parameters of simple linear regression and multiple linear regressions

### **Syllabus**

**Foundations of Business Analytics:** Evolution of Business Analytics, Scope, data and models for Business Analytics, problem solving with Business Analytics, Analytics on spreadsheets, Excel functions for Database queries, Add-ons for Business Analytics. Descriptive Analytics: Data visualization, creating charts in MS Excel, Data Queries, Tables, sorting and filtering, Data summarization with statistics, Data exploration using Pivot tables

**Statistical Sampling:** methods, estimating population parameters, sampling error, sampling distributions, interval estimates, confidence intervals, using confidence intervals for decision making, prediction intervals Statistical Inference: Hypothesis testing, one-sample Hypothesis testing, two-tailed test of Hypothesis for mean, two-sample Hypothesis testing, Analysis of variance, chi-square test for independence

**Trendliness and Regression:** Modelling Relationships and trends in data, Simple linear regression, least squares regression, regression on analysis of variance, testing hypothesis for regression coefficients, Confidence intervals for regression coefficients, Residual analysis and regression assumptions, Multiple linear regression, building regression models, regression with categorical independent variables with two or more levels, regression with nonlinear terms, advanced techniques for regression modelling

**Forecasting Techniques:** Qualitative and judgemental forecasting, statistical forecasting models, forecasting models for stationery time series, forecasting models for time series with linear trend, forecasting models for time series with seasonality, selecting appropriate time-series-based forecasting models, regression forecasting with casual variables, practice of forecasting

**Spreadsheet modeling and Analysis:** Strategies for predictive decision modelling, Implementing models on spreadsheet, spreadsheet applications in Business analytics, Model assumptions, complexity and realism, developing user-friendly applications, analyzing uncertainty and model assumptions, model analysis using analytics solver platform

**Linear Optimization & Applications:** Building Linear Optimization Models on spreadsheets, solving Linear Optimization models, Graphical interpretation of linear optimization, Using optimization models of prediction and insight, Types of constraints in optimization models, process selection models, Blending Models, Portfolio Investment models

### **Text Book**

1. "Business Analytics: Methods, Models, and Decisions" James R. Evans, Pearson Publications, Second edition

#### Reference Book

1. "Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Making", U. Dinesh Kumar, Wiley Publications

# 11. HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION

### **Course Objectives**

- To gain an overview of Human-Computer Interaction, with an understanding of user interface design in general, and alternatives to traditional "keyboard and mouse" computing
- be able to predict user performance in various human-computer interaction tasks
- appreciate the importance of a design that maintains a focus on the user; be familiar with a variety of both conventional and non-traditional user interface paradigms

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- apply HCI and principles to interaction design.
- appreciate importance of user documentation and information search

### **Syllabus**

Introduction: Usability of Interactive Systems- introduction, usability goals and measures, usability motivations, universal usability, goals for our profession Managing Design Processes: Introduction, Organizational design to support usability, Four pillars of design, development methodologies, Ethnographic observation, Participatory design, Scenario Development, Social impact statement for early design review, legal issues, Usability Testing and Laboratories

Menu Selection, Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes: Introduction, Task- Related Menu Organization, Single menus, Combinations of Multiple Menus, Content Organization, Fast Movement Through Menus, Data entry with Menus: Form Fill-in, dialog Boxes, and alternatives, Audio Menus and menus for Small Displays

**Command and Natural Languages:** Introduction, Command organization Functionality, Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations, Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices: Introduction, Keyboards and Keypads, Pointing Devices, Speech and Auditory Interfaces, Displays- Small and large

**Quality of Service:** Introduction, Models of Response-Time impacts, Expectations and attitudes, User Productivity, Variability in Response Time, Frustrating Experiences Balancing Function and Fashion: Introduction, Error Messages, Nonanthropomorphic Design, Display Design, Web Page Design, Window Design, Color

**User Documentation and Online Help:** Introduction, Online Vs Paper Documentation, Reading from paper Vs from Displays, Shaping the content of the Documentation, Accessing the Documentation, Online tutorials and animated documentation, Online communities for User Assistance, The Development Process

**Information Search:** Introduction, Searching in Textual Documents and Database Querying, Multimedia Document Searches, Advanced Filtering and Searching Interfaces Information Visualization: Introduction, Data Type by Task Taxonomy, Challenges for Information Visualization

### **Text Books**

- 1. Designing the User Interface, Strategies for Effective Human Computer Interaction, 5ed, Ben
- 2. Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven M Jacobs, Pearson
- 3. The Essential guide to user interface design,2/e, Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley DreamaTech.

- 1. Human Computer, Interaction Dan R.Olsan, Cengage ,2010.
- 2. Designing the user interface. 4/e, Ben Shneidermann, PEA.

### 12. BIO-INFORMATICS

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand fundamental concepts in the area of Bioinformatics.
- To understand the concept of DNA Sequence analysis and Protein Information Resources.
- To learn Pairwise alignment techniques and Secondary database searching.
- To gain competence in Analysis packages.

#### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student should be:

- Able to understand the application areas of Bioinformatics.
- Able to realize the revolution of Bioinformatics in present areas
- Able to understand building blocks of Bioinformatics and characteristics.

# **Syllabus**

**Basic Biology:** What is life? The unity and the diversity of living things. Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, Yeast and People, Evolutionary time and relatedness, Living parts: Tissues, cells, compartments and organelles, Central dogma of molecular biology, Concept of DNA, RNA, Protein and metabolic pathway. What is Bioinformatics? Recent challenges in Bioinformatics.

**Biological databases:** Their needs and challenges. Example of different biological databases – sequence, structure, function, micro-array, pathway, etc.

**Sequence Analysis:** Theory and Tools: -Pairwise alignment – Different local and global search alignment, Heuristic searches (like BLAST) applicable to search against database, Multiple alignment algorithms, Whole genome comparison.

Walk through the genome: Prediction of regulatory motifs, Operon, Gene, splices site, etc.

**Markov models:** Hidden Markov models – The evaluation, decoding and estimation problem and the algorithms. Application in sequence analysis.

**Molecular phylogeny:** maximum Parsimony, distance Matrix and maximum likelihood methods. Concepts of adaptive evolution.

**Application of graph theory in Biology:** Biochemical Pathway, Protein-protein interaction network, Regulatory network and their analysis.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Bioinformatics: David Mount
- 2. Biological Sequence Analysis: Probabilistic Models of Proteins and Nucleic acids, R. Durbin, S.R. Eddy, A. Krogh and G. Mitchison Cambridge University Press.

### **HSS ELECTIVES**

### 1. INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

# **Course Objectives**

- To familiarize the students with the concepts of Management.
- To relate the concepts of Management with industrial organizations.
- To explain the factors affecting productivity and how productivity can be increased in an Industrial undertaking.
- To set forth a basic framework for understanding Entrepreneurship.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the roles, skills and functions of management.
- Distinguish the different types of business organizations.
- Identify the factors involved in Production Operations Management.
- Diagnose organizational problems and take suitable decisions.
- Establish good Human Resource Management practices.
- Acquire necessary knowledge and skills required for organizing and carrying out entrepreneurial activities

### **Learning Outcomes**

- Understand the nature and functions of Management.
- Ability to plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate organizational activities.
- Categorize business organizations on the basis of ownership and functioning and determine the choice of an appropriate form of business organization
- Analyse various factors for selecting the location for a Business Enterprise.
- Apply Break-even analysis to take managerial decisions.
- Design and formulate various Human Resource Management processes.
- Raise necessary capital from different sources.
- Design effective marketing strategies

- Understand and evaluate the key entrepreneurial skills needed to initiate and develop a successful business
- Understand the institutions that aid Entrepreneurship development.
- Acquire the ability to promote a business enterprise.

### **Syllabus**

### **Basic Concepts of Management:**

**Management :-** Definition, Nature and Importance; Functions of the Management; Levels of Management; F.W Taylor's Scientific Management; Henry Fayol's Principles of Management;

Forms of Business Organizations: Introduction, Types of Business organizations: Private Sector- Individual Ownership, Partnership, Joint stock companies and Co-Operative organizations; Public sector- Departmental Organizations, Public Corporations and Government Companies; The Joint sector Management.

**Production and operations Management:** Plant location- Factors to be considered in the selection of Plant location; Break - even analysis- Significance and managerial applications; Importance of Production Planning and Control and its Functions; Human Resource Management and Functions of Human Resource Manager (in brief); Functions of Marketing; Methods of Raising Finance.

**Entrepreneurship :** Definition, Characteristics and Skills , Types of Entrepreneurs, Entrepreneur vs. Professional Managers, , Growth of Entrepreneurs, Nature and Importance of Entrepreneurs, Women Entrepreneurs, Problems of Entrepreneurship.

**Entrepreneurial Development and Project Management:** Institutions in aid of Entrepreneurship Development, Idea generation: Sources and Techniques;, Stages in Project formulation; Steps for starting a small enterprise - Incentives for Small Scale Industries by Government.

### **Text Books**

- 1. Sharma, S.C., and Banga, T.R., **Industrial Organization & Engineering Economics**, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Vasant Desai , **The Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management** (**Planning for future Sustainable growth**), HImalayan Publishing House, 2018.

- 1. Aryasri , A.R., **Management Science**, McGraw HIII Education (India Private Limited New Delhi 2014.
- 2. Sheela, P., and Jagadeswara Rao, K., **Entrepreneurship**, Shree Publishing House, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, 2017.

### 2. ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the basic concepts of organisational behaviour, its foundations and importance.
- To enable students to have a basic perspective of Motivation and Motivation theories.
- To acquaint the students about group behaviour in organizations, including communication, leadership conflicts and organizational change and how these are linked to and impact organizational performance.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- Identifying fundamental aspects of organizational dynamics.
- Evaluate main theories of motivation and formulating suitable motivational strategies.
- Analyze the behaviour of individuals and groups in organizations.
- Understanding of Leadership theories and Leadership behaviour.
- Apply relevant theories, concepts to address important Organizational Behaviour questions

### **Learning Outcomes**

- Understand the nature and role of Organizational Behaviour and its relevance to the workplace.
- Analyze and compare different theories of Motivation and design strategies to improve motivation at the workplace.
- Gain insights of group dynamics and demonstrate skills required for team building. Examine factors which influence group cohesiveness and performance.
- Identify the various Leadership Styles and adopt suitable style.
- Communicate effectively in oral and written forms.
- Develop appropriate methods and styles of communication for the organization.
- Adopt strategies for managing conflicts in organizations.
- Implement Organizational change in a planned way and overcome resistance to change if any.

### **Syllabus**

**Organisational Behaviour**: Concept of Organisation - Concept of Organisational Behaviour - Nature of Organisational Behaviour - Role of Organisational behaviour - Disciplines contributing to Organisational Behaviour.

**Motivation:** Definition - Nature of Motivation - Role of Motivation - Theories of Motivation: Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory, Herzberg's Motivation Hygiene Theory and Mc Gregor's Theory X and Theory Y.

**Group Dynamics**: Meaning - Concept of Group - Types of groups -Formal and Informal groups - Group development - Group cohesiveness and factors affecting group cohesiveness.

**Leadership:** Concept of Leadership - Difference between Leadership and Management - Importance of Leadership - Leadership styles: Autocratic leadership, Participative leadership and Free Rein leadership.

**Communication:** Meaning - Communication Process - Forms of communication: Oral, Written and Non- Verbal communication - Direction of communication : Downward, Upward and Horizontal communication.

**Organisational conflicts:** Concept of conflict - Reasons for conflict - Types of Conflict: Intrapersonal conflict, Interpersonal conflict, Intragroup conflict, Intergroup confl

**Organisational Change:** Nature - Factors in Organisational change -Planned change: Process of planned change - Resistance to change: Factors in resistance to change - Overcoming resistance to change.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. L.M.Prasad: Organisational Beaviour, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi -110002
- 2. K. Aswathappa: Organisational Behaviour, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi

### **Reference Books**

1. Stephen Robbins: Organisational Behaviour, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

### 3. OPERATIONS RESEARCH

# **Course Objectives**

- Formulate a real-world problem as a mathematical programming model
- Implement and solve the model in EXCEL and LINDO
- Understand the theoretical workings of the simplex method for linear programming and perform iterations of it by hand
- Understand the relationship between a linear program and its dual, including strong duality and complementary slackness
- Perform sensitivity analysis to determine the direction and magnitude of change of a model's optimal solution as the data change
- Solve specialized linear programming problems like the transportation and assignment problems
- Solve network models like the shortest path, minimum spanning tree, and maximum flow problems
- Understand the applications of, basic methods for, and challenges in integer programming

### **Course Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Students will be able to describe characteristics and scope of OR.
- Students will be able to define and formulate mathematical problems.
- Students will be able to select optimal problems solving techniques for a given problem using LP.
- Students will be able to formulate and solve transportation, travelling sales man and transshipment problems.
- Students will be able to formulate and solve optimization problems related to job/ work assignments.
- Students will be able to demonstrate and solve simple models of Game theory.
- Students will be able to evaluate optimum solution using dynamic programming for different applications.
- Students will be able to choose / devise appropriate queuing model for practical application.
- Students will be able to solve different problems related to Network

# **Syllabus**

Overview of Operations Research: Types of OR Models , Phases of Operations

Research— OR Techniques, Introduction to Linear Programming, Formulation of Linear Programming Problem, Graphical Solution; Graphical Sensitivity Analysis

**Linear Programming Problem:** Standard Form of LPP, Basic Feasible Solutions, Unrestricted Variables, Simplex Algorithm, Artificial Variables, Big M Me thood, Two Phase Simplex Method, Degeneracy, Alternative Optimal, Unbounded Solutions, Infeasible Solutions, Primal And Dual Problems And Their Relations, Dual Simplex Method

**Transportation Problem**: Transportation Problem as LPP, Initial Solutions, North West Corner Rule, Lowest Cost Method, Vogels Approximation Method, Optimum Solutions of TPP, Degeneracy in Transportation, Transportation Algorithms

**Assignment Problem:** Assignment Problem as LPP, Hungarian Method, Travelling Salesman Problem, Solutions Of TSP, Sequencing Problems- N-Jobs Two Machine Problems, NJobs K Machines Problems, Two-Jobs M- Machine Problems, Crew Scheduling Problems

**Project management:** Network Representation of A Project, CPM and PERT, Critical Path Calculations, Time – Cost Optimizations, PERT Analysis and Probability Considerations, Resource Analysis in Network Scheduling.

**Replacement Problems-**Individual And Group Replacement Policy, Reliability & System Failure Problems, **Inventory-**Factors Effecting Inventory- EOQ, Inventory Problems With and Without Shortages, Inventory Problems With Price Breakups, Multi Item Deterministic Problems. Probabilistic Inventory Problems

**Theory of Games:** Two Person Zero Sum Games, Mixed Strategy Games and Their Algorithms.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Operations Research, Kanti Swaroop, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan, Sulthan Chand & Sons Education
- 2. Publishers Operations Research—An Introduction, Hamdy A Taha—Pearson Education

- 1. Taha.H.A ,operation Research : An Introduction, McMilan publishing Co., 1982. 7 th ed.
- 2. Ravindran A, Philips D.T & Solbery.J.J, Operations Research: Principles and practice, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1987.
- 3. Frank S. Budnick, Dennis Mcleavey and Richard Mojena, Principles of Operations Research for Management. All India Traveler Book seller, Delhi.

- 4. Gillet.B.E., Introduction to Operations Research A Computer oriented algorithmic approach, McGraw Hill, 1987.
- 5. Joseph.G.Ecker & Michael Kupper Schimd, Introduction to operations Research, John Wiley & Sons, 1988.
- 6. Hillier.F.S & Liberman.G.J, operation Research, Second Edition, Holden Day Inc, 1974.
- 7. Kanti Swarup, Gupta.P.K. & Man Mohan, operations Research, S.Chand & Sons