SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR
FOUR YEAR DEGREE PROGRAMME
B. TECH (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)
[W.E.F. 2021-22 ADMITTED BATCH]

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS
AU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY
VISAKHAPATNAM-530 003
ANDHRA UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY &
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

SCHEME AND SYLLABI
(with effect from 2021-22)

B. Tech (Information Technology)

I Year - I Semester

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Total Credits 19.5

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Total credits 21.5

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Total credits 20

Internship - 1
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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

1. Principles of Programming Languages
2. Compiler Design
3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms
4. Distributed Systems
5. Sensor Networks
6. Software Project Management
7. Grid Computing
8. Cloud Computing
9. Digital Image Processing
10. Machine Learning
11. Deep Learning
12. Big Data Analytics
13. Natural Language Processing
14. Soft Computing
15. E-Commerce
OPEN ELECTIVES

1. Cyber Security & Digital Forensics
2. Block Chain Technology
3. Mobile Computing
4. Mobile Adhoc Networks
5. Recommender Systems
6. Information Retrieval
7. NoSQL Databases
8. Database & Web Application Security
9. Data Science
10. Business Analytics
11. Human Computer Interaction
12. Bio-Informatics

HSS ELECTIVES

1. Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship
2. Organizational Behaviour
3. Operations Research
# B. Tech (Information Technology)

## I Year - I Semester

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**Total Credits** 19.5
B.Tech – INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Programme Educational Objectives:

PEO1: To Apply concepts of Information Technology, to solve real-world problems by proposing innovative solutions as a major contribution to the society in various interdisciplinary areas.

PEO2: To be a Skilled IT professional, meets the demands of the industry.

PEO3: To apply emerging technologies and to develop relevant applications.

PEO4: Adapt to changing technologies and societal needs, by engaging in lifelong learning improving the carrier opportunities and also to make advancements in this sector paving a path to industrial research.

Programme Outcomes

PO1: Able to apply knowledge of computing, mathematics, & engineering principles.

PO2: Able to identify, formulate, and solve complex problems related to information technology and computer applications.

PO3: Able to design, implement, and evaluate a computer-based system, component, processor program to meet desired needs.

PO4: Able to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data in information technology and computer applications.

PO5: Able to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering & computational tools which are necessary in the field of information technology and computer applications.

PO6: Understand the impact of contextual knowledge on social and cultural issues.

PO7: Understand contemporary issues related to social & environmental context for sustainable development of engineering solutions.

PO8: Understand professional & ethical responsibility.

PO9: Able to function effectively as an individual, as a member / leader in diverse & multidisciplinary teams.

PO10: To prepare technical presentation and reports for effective communication.

PO11: Understand engineering & management principles to manage projects.

PO12: Ability to understand the need for in lifelong learning.
Programme Specific Outcomes

**PSO1**: An ability to design hardware and software models in diverse environments using latest and upcoming technologies.

**PSO2**: An ability to design and develop programs, algorithms and projects using open-source tools and efficient data structures.

**PSO3**: An ability to adapt to changing technologies.

**PSO4**: An ability to program in advanced programming languages using the latest technologies.
(Multiple Integrals-Applications)

(Fourier Series)
Introduction - Euler’s Formulae - Conditions for a Fourier Expansion - Functions having points of discontinuity - Change of Interval - Odd and Even Functions - Expansions of Odd or Even Periodic Functions, Half-Range Series - Parseval’s Formula. Practical Harmonic analysis

Text Book

Reference Books
IT1102 CHEMISTRY

Course Objectives
- To apply the basic knowledge of Chemistry to the Engineering Discipline.
- To develop knowledge about water and its treatment for industrial and potable purposes.
- To develop understanding in the areas of Polymers, Mechanism of Corrosion of Metals and Corrosion Control Methods, Fuels, Lubricants and Nanomaterials for of conducting polymers, bio-degradable polymers and fiber reinforced plastics and apply the knowledge for solving existing challenges faced in various engineering and societal areas.

Course outcomes
- This course applies the basic concepts and principles studied in Chemistry to Engineering.
- It provides an application of chemistry to different branches of engineering
- The students will be able acquire knowledge in the areas of Water Chemistry, Polymers, Corrosion, Fuels and Lubricants and nanomaterials and suggest innovative solutions for existing challenges in these areas.

Syllabus

Water Chemistry

Polymers and Plastics Polymers

Corrosion
Fuels and Lubricants


Nanomaterials

Nanomaterials, Properties and application of fullerenes, fullerols, Carbon nanotubes and nanowires. Synthesis - Top-down and Bottom-up approaches - Nanocomposites - Nanoelectronics- Applications of nanomaterials in catalysis, telecommunication and medicine.

Text Books

Reference Books
2. Introduction to Nanoscience - S. M. Lindsay - Oxford University Press
IT1103 ENGLISH

Course Objectives

• To make students understand the explicit and implicit meanings of a text/topic;
• To give exposure to new words and phrases, and aid to use them in different contexts;
• To apply relevant writing formats to draft essays, letters, emails and presentations; and
• To adapt oneself to a given situation and develop a functional approach to finding solutions: adaptability and problem solving.

Course Outcomes

• Students will be able to analyse a given text and discover the various aspects related to language and literature;
• Learn the various language structures, parts of speech and figures of speech;
• Develop one’s reading and writing abilities for enhanced communication; and
• Learn to apply the topics in real-life situations for creative and critical use.

Syllabus

On the conduct of life: William Hazlitt
Life skills: Values and Ethics
If: Rudyard Kipling

The Brook: Alfred Tennyson
Life skills: Self-Improvement
How I Became a Public Speaker: George Bernard Shaw

The Death Trap: Saki
Life skills: Time Management
On saving Time: Seneca

Chindu Yellama
Life skills: Innovation
Muhammad Yunus

Politics and the English Language: George Orwell
Life skills: Motivation
Dancer with a White Parasol: Ranjana Dave
Grammar
Prepositions – Articles – Noun-Pronoun Agreement, Subject-Verb Agreement – Misplaced Modifiers–Clichés, Redundancies.

Vocabulary
Introduction to Word Formation–Root Words from other Languages–Prefixes and Suffixes–Synonyms, Antonyms– Common Abbreviations

Writing
Clauses and Sentences – Punctuation – Principals of Good Writing – Essay Writing – Writing a Summary

Writing: Essay Writing
Life skills: Innovation
Muhammad Yunus

Textbook

Reference Books
IT1104  COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & NUMERICAL METHODS

Course Objectives

- The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of C language.
- To provide students with understanding of code organization and functional hierarchical decomposition with using complex data types.
- To provide knowledge to the Students to develop logics which will help them to create programs, applications in C.
- This course aims to identify tasks in which the numerical techniques learned are applicable and apply them to write programs, and hence use computers effectively to solve the task.
- This course provides the fundamental knowledge which is useful in understanding the other programming languages.

Course Outcomes

- Identify basic elements of C programming structures like data types, expressions, control statements, various simple functions and Apply them in problem solving.
- Apply various operations on derived data types like arrays and strings in problem solving.
- Design and Implement modular Programming and memory management using Functions, pointers.
- Apply Structure, Unions and File handling techniques to Design and Solve different engineering programs with minimal complexity.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve complex Engineering problems.

Syllabus

Introduction to C: Basic structure of C program, Constants, Variables and data types, Operators and Expressions, Arithmetic Precedence and associativity, Type Conversions. Managing Input and Output Operations Formatted Input, Formatted Output.

Decision Making, Branching, Looping, Arrays & Strings: Decision making with if statement, Simple if statement, The if…else statement, Nesting of if…else statement, the else..if ladder, switch statement, the (?:) operator, the GOTO statement,. The while statement, the do statement, The for statement, Jumps in Loops ,One, Two-dimensional Arrays, Character Arrays. Declaration and initialization of Strings, reading and writing of strings, String handling functions, Table of strings.
Functions: Definition of Functions, Return Values and their Types, Function Calls, Function Declaration, Category of Functions: No Arguments and no Return Values, Arguments but no Return Values, Arguments with Return Values, No Argument but Returns a Value, Functions that Return Multiple Values. Nesting of functions, recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, the scope, visibility and lifetime of variables.

Pointers: Accessing the address of a variable, declaring pointer variables, initializing of pointer variables, accessing variables using pointers, chain of pointers, pointer expressions, pointers and arrays, pointers and character strings, array of pointes, pointers as function arguments, functions returning pointers, pointers to functions, pointers to structures-Program Applications

Structure and Unions: Defining a structure, declaring structure variables, accessing structure members, structure initialization, copying and comparing structure variables, arrays of structures, arrays within structures, structures within structures, structures and functions and unions, size of structures and bit-fields- Program applications.

File handling: Defining and opening a file, closing a file, Input/ Output operations on files, Error handling during I/O operations, random access to files and Command Line Arguments- Program Applications


Text Book
2. Introduction to Numerical Methods, SS Sastry, Prentice Hall

Reference Books
3. The C –Programming Language’ B.W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, PHI.
IT1105 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

Course Objectives

• To understand mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers and verify the validity of logical flow of arguments using propositional, predicate logic and truth tables.
• To understand about permutations and combinations.
• To understand various types of relations and discuss various properties of the relations.
• To study graphs, graph isomorphism and spanning trees.
• To study about Boolean algebra and Finite State Machines.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course student will be able to

• Rewrite mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers and verify the validity of logical flow of arguments using propositional, predicate logic.
• Identify and give examples of various types of relations and describe various properties of the relations.
• Ability to solve problems using permutations and combinations.
• Determine isomorphism of graphs and spanning tree of a given graph using BFS/DFS algorithms. Also determine minimal spanning tree of a given graph.

Syllabus


**Relations**: Relations and their properties, n-ary relations, applications, Representation, closure, equivalence relations, Partial orderings.

**Graphs**: Graphs and Graph Models, Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamilton Paths, Shortest-Path Problems, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring

**Trees**: Introduction to Trees, Applications of Trees, Tree Traversal, Spanning Trees, Minimum Spanning Trees,

**Boolean Algebra**: Boolean Functions, Representing Boolean Functions, Logic Gates, Minimization of Circuits

**Modeling Computation**: Languages and Grammars, Finite-State Machines with Output, Finite-State Machines with No Output, Language Recognition, Turing Machines

**Text Book**


**Reference Books**

Course Objectives

- To make students recognize the sounds of English through Audio-Visual aids;
- To help students build their confidence and help them to overcome their inhibitions and self-consciousness while speaking in English;
- To familiarize the students with stress and intonation and enable them to speak English effectively; and
- To give learners exposure to and practice in speaking in both formal and informal contexts.

Course Outcomes

- Students will be sensitized towards recognition of English sound patterns and the fluency in their speech will be enhanced;
- A study of the communicative items in the laboratory will help students become successful in the competitive world;
- Students will be able to participate in group activities like roleplays, group discussions and debates; and
- Students will be able to express themselves fluently and accurately in social as well professional context.

Syllabus

Introduction to Phonetics: The Sounds of English (Speech sound – vowels and consonants) - Stress and Intonation - Accent and Rhythm.

Listening Skills: Listening for gist and specific information - listening for Note taking, summarizing and for opinions - Listening to the speeches of eminent personalities.

Speaking Skills: Self-introduction - Conversation Skills (Introducing and taking leave) - Giving and asking for information - Role Play - Just A Minute (JAM) session - Telephone etiquette.

Reading and Writing skills: Reading Comprehension – Précis Writing - E-Mail writing - Punctuation.

Presentation skills: Verbal and non-verbal communication - Body Language - Making a Presentation
Reference Books


IT1107 CHEMISTRY LAB

Course Objectives
- To develop the fine skills of quantitative determination of various chemical components through titrimetric analysis
- To prepare and use ion exchange/ zeolite columns for the removal of hardness of water
- To develop the skill of organic synthesis through the preparation of a polymer/drug

Course Outcomes
- The course provides quantitative determine the amount of various chemical species in solutions by titrations and conduct the quantitative determinations with accuracy
- The course provides to develop novel materials to be used as zeolite and prepare columns for removal of hardness of water
- The course provides to synthesise a polymer or a drug

Syllabus
1. Determination of Sodium Hydroxide with HCl (Na2CO3 Primary Standard)
2. Determination of Alkalinity (Carbonate and Hydroxide) of water sample
3. Determination of Fe(II)/Mohr’s Salt by Permanganometry
4. Determination of Oxalic Acid by Permanganometry
5. Determination of Chromium (VI) by Mohr’s Salt Solution
6. Determination of Zinc by EDTA method
7. Determination of Hardness of Water sample by EDTA method
8. Determination of Chlorine in water by Iodometric Titration
9. Ion exchange/ Zeolite column for removal of hardness of water
10. Synthesis of Polymer/drug

Reference Books
2. Experiments in Applied Chemistry (For Engineering Students) – Sinita Rattan – S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi
IT1108  COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & NUMERICAL METHODS LAB

Course Objectives
- To impart writing skill of C programming to the students and solving problems.
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.,
- To write and execute programs in C to solve problems such as arrays, files, strings, structures and different numerical methods.
- This reference has been prepared for the beginners to help them understand the basic to advanced concepts related to Objective-C Programming languages.

Course Outcomes
- Understand various computer components, Installation of software. C programming development environment, compiling, debugging, and linking and executing a program using the development environment.
- Analyzing the complexity of problems, Modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.
- Construct programs that demonstrate effective use of C features including arrays, strings, structures, pointers and files.
- Apply and practice logical ability to solve the real world problems.
- Apply Numerical methods to Solve the complex Engineering problems.

Syllabus
1. Write a program to read x, y coordinates of 3 points and then calculate the area of a triangle formed by them and print the coordinates of the three points and the area of the triangle. What will be the output from your program if the three given points are in a straight line?
2. Write a program, which generates 100 random integers in the range of 1 to 100. Store them in an array and then print the arrays. Write 3 versions of the program using different loop constructs. (e.g. for, while, and do while).
3. Write a set of string manipulation functions e.g. for getting a sub-string from a given position, Copying one string to another, Reversing a string, adding one string to another.
4. Write a program which determines the largest and the smallest number that can be stored in different data types like short, int, long, float, and double. What happens when you add 1 to the largest possible integer number that can be stored?

5. Write a program, which generates 100 random real numbers in the range of 10.0 to 20.0, and sort them in descending order.

6. Write a function for transposing a square matrix in place (in place means that you are not allowed to have full temporary matrix).

7. First use an editor to create a file with some integer numbers. Now write a program, which reads these numbers and determines their mean and standard deviation.

8. Given two points on the surface of the sphere, write a program to determine the smallest arc length between them.

9. Implement bisection method to find the square root of a given number to a given accuracy.

10. Implement Newton Raphson method to determine a root of polynomial equation.

11. Given table of x and corresponding f(x) values, Write a program which will determine f(x) value at an intermediate x value by using Lagrange’s interpolation.

12. Write a function which will invert a matrix.

13. Implement Simpson’s rule for numerical integration.

14. Write a program to solve a set of linear algebraic equations.

Reference Books


2. Introduction to Numerical Methods, SS Sastry, Prentice Hall
### B. Tech (Information Technology)

#### I Year - II Semester

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**Total Credits** 19.5
IT1201 MATHEMATICS - II

Course Objectives

- The way of obtaining rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix.
- To know the importance of Cayley-Hamilton theorem and getting canonical form from a given quadratic form.
- To solve the system of equations by using direct and indirect methods.
- To solve first order and higher order differential equations by various methods.
- To obtain the Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms for a given functions and their applications.

Course Outcomes

- Find rank, eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix and understand the importance of Cayley- Hamilton theorem.
- Reduce quadratic form to canonical forms and solving linear systems by direct and indirect methods.
- Demonstrate solutions to first order differential equations by various methods and solve basic applications problems related to electrical circuits, orthogonal trajectories and Newton’s law of cooling
- Discriminate among the structure and procedure of solving higher order differential equations with constant and variable coefficients.
- Understand Laplace transforms and its properties and finding the solution of ordinary differential equations.

Syllabus

(Linear Algebra)

(Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors)
(Ordinary Differential Equations of First Order and its Applications)

(Differential Equations of Higher Order)
Solutions of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients - Rules for finding the complimentary function - Rules for finding the particular integral - Method of variation of parameters - Cauchy’s linear equation - Legendre’s linear equation - Simultaneous linear differential equations.

(Laplace Transforms)

Text Book

Reference Books
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley
IT1202 PHYSICS

Course Objectives

- To impart knowledge in basic concept of physics of Thermodynamics relevant to engineering applications.
- To grasp the concepts of physics for electromagnetism and its application to engineering. Learn production of Ultrasonics and their applications in engineering.
- To Develop understanding of interference, diffraction and polarization: connect it to a few engineering applications.
- To Learn basics of lasers and optical fibers and their use in some applications.
- To Understand concepts and principles in quantum mechanics and Nanopahse Materials. Relate them to some applications.

Course Outcomes

- Understand the fundamentals of Thermodynamics and Laws of thermodynamics. Understand the working of Carnot cycle and concept of entropy.
- Gain Knowledge on the basic concepts of electric and magnetic fields. Understand the concept of the nature of magnetic materials. Gain knowledge on electromagnetic induction and its applications.
- Understand the Theory of Superposition of waves. Understand the formation of Newton’s rings and the working of Michelson’s interferometer. Remember the basics of diffraction, Evaluate the path difference. Analysis of Fraunhofer Diffraction due to a single slit
- Understand the interaction of matter with radiation, Characteristics of Lasers, Principle, working schemes of Laser and Principle of Optical Fiber. Realize their role in optical fiber communication.
- Understand the intuitive ideas of the Quantum physics and understand dual nature of matter. Compute Eigen values, Eigen functions, momentum of Atomic and subatomic particles using Time independent one Dimensional Schrodinger’s wave equation. Understand the fundamentals and synthesis processes of Nanophase materials.
Syllabus

Thermodynamics: Introduction, Heat and Work, First law of thermodynamics and applications, Reversible and Irreversible process, Carnot cycle and Efficiency, Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot’s Theorem, Entropy, Second law in terms of entropy, Entropy and disorder, Third law of thermodynamics (statement only).

Electromagnetism: Concept of electric flux, Gauss’s law - some applications, Magnetic field - Magnetic force on current, torque on current loop, The Biot-Savart’s Law, B near a long wire, B for a circular Current loop, Ampere’s law, B for a solenoid, Hall effect, Faraday’s law of induction, Lenz’s law, Induced magnetic fields, Displacement current, Maxwell’s equations (no derivation), Magnetic materials: Classification of magnetic materials and properties.

Ultrasonics: Introduction, Production of Ultrasonics – Piezoelectric and Magnetostriction methods, acoustic grating, applications of ultrasonics.

OPTICS


Diffraction: Introduction, Differences between interference and diffraction, Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit (Qualitative and quantitative treatment).

Polarisation: Polarisation by reflection, refraction and double refraction in uniaxial crystals, Nicol prism, Quarter and Half wave plate, circular and elliptical polarization.


Nanophase Materials: Introduction, properties, Top-down and bottom up approaches, Synthesis - Ball milling, Chemical vapour deposition method, sol-gel methods, Applications of nano materials.
Text Books
2. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar - S. Chand

Reference Books
1. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vadudeva - S. Chand
2. University Physics by Young and Freedman - Pearson
IT1203 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

The course enables the students to convey the ideas and information graphically that come across in engineering. This course includes projections of points, lines, planes, solids, isometric drawings, and utility of drafting and modelling packages in orthographic and isometric drawings.

Course Objectives

- Create awareness of the engineering drawing as the language of engineers.
- Familiarize how industry communicates, practices for accuracy in presenting the technical information.
- Develop the engineering imagination essential for successful design.
- Demonstrate the usage of drafting and modelling packages in representation of orthographic and isometric views.
- Train in 2D and 3D modelling software.

Course Outcomes

- Apply BIS standards and conventions while drawing Lines, printing letters and showing dimensions.
- Classify the systems of projection with respect to the observer, object and the reference planes.
- Construct orthographic views of an object when its position with respect to reference planes is defined.
- Develop Isometric View from orthographic views.
- Obtain multiview projections and solid models of objects using CAD tools.

Syllabus

*Introduction:* Drawing instruments and their uses, Types of lines, Lettering, General rules for dimensioning, geometrical constructions using instruments..

*Orthographic Projection:* Methods of projection, Principles of Orthographic projection, First angle versus third angle of projection, 3 views of an object.

*Projection of Points:* Projections of points when they are situated in different quadrants.

*Projections of Lines:* Projections of a line parallel to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, inclined to both the reference planes, traces.
Projections of Planes: Projections of a plane perpendicular to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, oblique planes.

Projections of Solids: Projections of solids whose axis is parallel to one of the reference planes and inclined to the other, axis inclined to both the reference planes.


Introduction to AutoCAD: (To be conducted in CAD Lab) Basic introduction and operational instructions of various commands in AutoCAD, Role of CAD in design and development of new products, Advantages of CAD. Creating 2D and 3D drawing with dimensions using suitable software. At least three sheets of orthographic and isometric drawings using CAD packages. (Auto CAD drawing will be evaluated internally by sessional marks and not by final theory paper)

Text Book

Reference Book
• Prof. Sham Tickoo, AutoCAD 2017 for Engineers & Designers, 23ed, Dreamtech Press
Course objectives

- Assess how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs.
- Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.
- Solve problems using data structures such as linear lists, stacks, queues, binary trees, heaps binary search trees, and graphs and writing programs for these solutions.

Course outcomes

- Describe how arrays, records, linked structures, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs are represented in memory and used by algorithms.
- Demonstrate different methods for traversing trees.
- Compare alternative implementations of data structures with respect to performance.
- Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting and searching

Syllabus

**Introduction to Data Structures**: Review of C Programming, Recursive Definition and Processes, Recursion in C, Simulation of Recursion, Efficiency of Recursion, Abstract Data Types, Meaning and Definition of Data Structures, Arrays

**Stacks**: Stack as an Abstract Data Type, Primitive Operations, Implementing Stack Operations using Arrays, Infix, Postfix and Prefix: Definitions, Evaluation and Conversions.

**Queues**: Queue as an Abstract Data Type, Sequential Representation, Types of Queues, Operations, Implementation using Arrays.


**Trees**: Binary Trees - Definitions and Operations, Binary Tree Representation: Node Representation, Implicit array Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, Threaded Binary Trees and their Traversal, Trees and their Applications; Tree Searching: Insertion and Deletion of a node from a Binary Search Tree, Efficiency of Binary Search Tree operations.
**Searching**: Basic Searching Techniques: Dictionary as an Abstract Data Type, Algorithmic Notation, Sequential Searching and its Efficiency, Binary Search, Interpolation Search.

**Sorting**: General Background: Efficiency, Asymptotic Notations, Efficiency of Sorting, Bubble Sort and Quick Sort and their Efficiency, Selection Sorting, Binary Tree Sort, Heap Sort, Insertion Sorts, Shell Sort, Address calculation Sort, Merge and Radix Sorts.


**Text Books**


IT1205  DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

Course objectives

- To introduce the basic principles for design of combinational circuit and sequential circuits.
- To learn simple digital circuits in preparation for computer engineering.

Course Outcomes

A student who successfully fulfills the course requirements will have demonstrated:

- An ability to define different number systems, binary addition and subtraction, 2’s complement representation and operations with this representation.
- An ability to understand the different Boolean algebra theorems and apply them for logic functions.
- An ability to define Karnaugh map for a few variables and perform algorithmic reduction of logic functions.
- An ability to define the following combinational circuits: multiplexer, de-multiplexers, encoders/decoders, comparators, arithmetic-logic units; and to be able to build simple circuits.
- An ability to understand asynchronous and synchronous sequential circuits, like counters and shift registers.
- An ability to understand memories like RAM and ROM, Programmable Logic Array and Programmable Array Logic.

Syllabus


**Text Book**


**Reference Books**

Course Objectives

- Get hands on experience with the working skills in Carpentry trade.
- Know how to work with Sheet Metal tools.
- Get familiar with the working skills of Metal Fitting operations.
- Get hands on experience with household electrical wiring.

Course Outcomes

- Can be able to work with Wood Materials in real time applications.
- Can be able to build various parts with Sheet Metal in day-to-day life.
- Can be able to apply Metal Fitting skills in various applications.
- Can be able to apply this knowledge to basic house electrical wiring and repairs.

Syllabus

Carpentry: Any three jobs from – Half lap joint, Mortise and Tenon joint, Half – lap Dovetail joint, Corner Dovetail joint, Central Bridle joint.

Sheet Metal: Any three jobs from – Square tray, Taper tray(sides), Funnel, Elbow pipe joint.

Fitting: Any three jobs from – Square, Hexagon, Rectangular fit, Circular fit and Triangular fit.

House wiring: Any three jobs from – Tube light wiring, Ceiling fan wiring, Stair-case wiring, Corridor wiring.

Reference Books

IT1207 PHYSICS LAB

Course Objectives

- To enable the students to acquire skill, technique and utilization of the Instruments
- Draw the relevance between the theoretical knowledge and to imply it in a practical manner with respect to analyze various electronic circuits and its components.
- To impart the practical knowledge in basic concepts of Wave optics, Lasers and Fiber optics.
- To familiarize the handling of basic physical apparatus like Vernier callipers, screw gauge, spectrometers, travelling microscope, laser device, optical fibre, etc.

Course Outcomes

- Ability to design and conduct experiments as well as to analyze and interpret
- Ability to apply experimental skills to determine the physical quantities related to Heat, Electromagnetism and Optics
- The student will learn to draw the relevance between theoretical knowledge and the means to imply it in a practical manner by performing various relative experiments.

Syllabus

1. Determination of Radius of Curvature of a given Convex Lens By forming Newton’s Rings.
3. Study the Intensity Variation of the Magnetic Field along axis of Current Carrying Circular Coil.
5. Determination of Refractive Index of Ordinary ray $\mu_o$ and Extraordinary $\mu_e$ ray.
10. Lees Method - Coefficient of thermal Conductivity of a Bad Conductor.

11. Carey Foster’s Bridge – Verification of laws of Resistance and Determination of Specific Resistance.

12. Melde’s Apparatus – Frequency of electrically maintained Tuning Fork.


15. Laser- Diffraction.

**Reference Book**

IT1208  DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Course Objectives
• To implement stacks and queues using arrays and linked lists.
• To develop programs for searching and sorting algorithms.
• To write programs using concepts of various trees.
• To implement programs using graphs.

Course Outcomes
• Student will be able to write programs to implement stacks and queues.
• Ability to implement various searching and sorting techniques.
• Ability to implement programs using trees and graphs.

Syllabus

List of Programs:
1. Write a C program for sorting a list using Bubble sort and then apply binary search.
2. Write a C program to implement the operations on single linked list.
3. Write a C program for demonstrate operations on double linked list.
4. Write a C program to implement the operations on priority queues.
5. Write a C program to implement the operations on stacks.
6. Write a C program to implement the operations on circular queues.
7. Write a C program for evaluating a given postfix expression using stack.
8. Write a C program for converting a given infix expression to postfix form using stack.
9. Write a C program for implementing the operations of a dequeue
10. Write a C program for the representation of polynomials using circular linked list and for the addition of two such polynomials
11. Write a C program to create a binary search tree and for implementing the in order, pre order, post order traversal using recursion
12. a) Write a C program for finding the transitive closure of a digraph
    b) Write a C program for finding the shortest path from a given source to any vertex in a digraph using Dijkstra’s algorithm.
13. a) Write a C program for finding the Depth First Search of a graph.
    b) Write a C program for finding the Breadth First Search of a graph
**Reference Books**


### B. Tech (Information Technology)
#### II Year - I Semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course code</th>
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**Total credits** 21.5
IT2101 ELEMENTS OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Course Objectives

• Introduce students to basics of semiconductors, their classification and properties
• To provide theory of PN junction diode, its characteristics and applications
• To introduce basics of rectifying circuits and bipolar junction transistor
• To provide basics of transistor biasing, transistor amplifiers and field effect transistors

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• Explain the basics of semiconductors and their classification
• Understand the theory of PN junction diode, rectifying circuits and bipolar junction transistor
• Explain the concepts of transistor biasing, transistor amplifiers and field effect transistors

Syllabus

Introduction to Electronics and Semiconductors: Energy band theory, Conduction in Insulators, Semiconductors and metals, Electron emission from metals, Classification of semiconductors, Carrier concentration in an intrinsic semiconductor, Properties of intrinsic semiconductor, Drift and diffusion currents.


Rectifying circuits: Half wave and full wave rectifiers, Bridge rectifiers, Efficiency, Ripple and regulation of each rectifier, Capacitor filters.


Transistor Biasing and thermal stabilization: Transistor Biasing, Stabilization, Different methods of transistor biasing – Fixed bias, Collector feedback bias – self bias – Bias compensation.

Transistor Amplifiers: CE, CB, CC amplifier configurations – Multistage amplifier – A Two Stage RC coupled amplifier – frequency response curve and bandwidth.
Field Effect Transistors: Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET) – JFET characteristics, JFET Parameters, Small signal equivalent circuit – MOSFETS – Depletion and Enhancement MOSFETS.

Text Book

Reference Book
1. Electronic Device and Circuits Theory by Robert L. Boylested - Pearson
2. Electronic Device and Circuits by David. A. Bell - Oxford
Course Objectives

- To study about structure and functional components of a computer.
- Understanding the hierarchical organization of a computer system which consists of instruction set of commands.
- Learn about the architecture of a computer from a programming view.
- To design a balance system that minimizes performance and utilization of all elements.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge about major components of a computer such as processor, memory and I/O modules along with their interconnections internally with outside world.
- have detailed idea about architecture of central processing unit, functions of control unit, memory, I/O devices and their issues.
- Understand simple and multiple processor organization and their issues.

Syllabus

**Register Transfer and Micro operations**: Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer, Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, Logic Micro operations, Shift Micro operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design**: Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory-Reference Instructions, Input- Output and Interrupt, Complete Computer Description, Design of Basic Computer, Design of Accumulator Logic.

**Micro programmed Control**: Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Micro program Example, Design of Control Unit.

**Central Processing Unit**: Introduction, General Register Organization, Stack Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer (RISC), Architecture and Programming of 8085 Microprocessor

**Pipeline and Vector Processing**: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISK Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors.

**Input/output Organization**: Peripheral Devices, I/O interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of transfer, priority Interrupt, Direct memory access, Input-Output Processor (IOP), Serial Communication.
**Memory Organization**: Memory Hierarchy, Main memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory, and Virtual memory, Memory Management Hardware.

**Text Books**
3. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 by Ramesh S Gaonkar - Pearson

**Reference Books**
Course Objectives

• to introduce students to assembly language programming
• to provide basics of assembler design
• to understand macro processors, loaders, their functions, types and design
• to understand design of compilers

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

• read and understand basic programs written in assembly language
• understand the design of assembler and difference between single pass and double pass
• gain knowledge on the types of macros, design of macro processor, loaders, compilers and their design
• have knowledge on tools such as text editors, interpreters, debug monitors, etc.

Syllabus

Introduction to Systems Programming: Background, Introduction to Assembly Language Programming - Instruction Formats, Data formats - Role of Base Register, Index Register.

Assemblers: Databases used in assembler design, Design of a Two Pass Assembler -

Macro language and Macro Processor: Various types of Macros, Design of Macro Processor – Macro Implementation – Two Pass and Single Pass algorithms

Loaders: Functions of a loader, types of Loaders, databases used in Loaders, Design of Loaders - Absolute Loader, Direct Linking Loader.

Compilers: Statement of Problem, Phases of the Compiler

Introduction to Software Tools: Text editors, Interpreters, Program Generators, Debug Monitors.

Text Book


Reference Book

IT2104  INTERNET CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING

Course Objectives

- provide fundamental knowledge of HTML and Object Oriented Programming concepts
- introduce students to Java programming language, its syntax, data types, expressions, control statements, arrays and functions
- provide basics of classes, interfaces, multi-threading and various packages in Java
- introduce students to event driven programming and applets
- provide basics of networking including client/server, sockets, internet addressing, etc.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- explain the basic concepts in Object Oriented Programming
- write Java programs involving control statements, arrays, structures, functions, classes, interfaces and use various packages available in Java
- develop event driven programs and applets
- understand the basics of networking including client/server, sockets, internet addressing, etc.

Syllabus

Fundamentals: HTML, OOP Concepts, Comparing JAVA with C & C++, JAVA Programming language Syntax, Variables, Data types, statements and expressions

Control Statements: If else, for, while, and do while loops, Switch statements.

Arrays & Structures: One Dimensional & Two Dimensional Arrays, Named Structures.

Functions: Parameter Passing, Static Modifier.

Features of JAVA: Classes and Interfaces, Threads and multi-threaded programming, Exception handling, Introduction to packages, Math package, Lang package, Util package.

Applet Programming: Events, Event driven programming, Events like buttons, mouse, keyboards etc., Applets, Applets package, Fonts, colors, Graphics, images. AWT components, layout managers, writing event driven program using components.

Text Books
1. Introduction to Java programming, a primarl, Balaguruswamy - Tata Mcgraw Hill
2. Java Complete Reference, Herbt Schild - Mcgraw Hill

Reference Book
1. Introduction to Java programmingl, Daneal/Young PHI
IT2105  PYTHON PROGRAMMING

Course Objectives

- To develop skills on procedural oriented and object oriented programming in Python
- To understand and apply different data wrangling techniques using Python.
- To perform data analysis using Python libraries like NumPy, Pandas and exploratory data analysis using Matplotlib

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, a student should be able to:

- acquire programming knowledge on basics of Python
- acquire programming knowledge on Text and File Handling
- develop Python programs to Mean, Median, Mode, Correlation
- acquire programming knowledge on NumPy, Pandas Library
- acquire programming knowledge on Graph Visualizations in Python and Data Analysis using Python

Syllabus

**Introduction to Python:** Rapid Introduction to Procedural Programming, Data Types: Identifiers and Keywords, Integral Types, Floating Point Types

**Strings:** Strings, Comparing Strings, Slicing and Striding Strings, String Operators and Methods, String formatting with str.format

**Collections Data Types:** Tuples, Lists, Sets, dictionaries, Iterating and copying collections

**Python Control Structures, Functions and OOP:** Control Structures and Functions: Conditional Branching, Looping, Exception Handling, Custom Functions

**Python Library Modules:** random, math, time, os, shutil, sys, glob, re, statistics, creating a custom module

**Object Oriented Programming:** Object Oriented Concepts and Terminology, Custom Classes, Attributes and Methods, Inheritance and Polymorphism, Using Properties to Control Attribute Access

**File Handling:** Writing and Reading Binary Data, Writing and Parsing Text Files

**NumPy Arrays and Vectorized Computation:** NumPy arrays, Array creation, Indexing and slicing, Fancy indexing, Numerical operations on arrays, Array
functions, Data processing using arrays, Loading and saving data, Saving an array, Loading an array, Linear algebra with NumPy, NumPy random numbers


**Data Analysis Application Examples**: Data munging, Cleaning data, Filtering, Merging data, Reshaping data, Data aggregation, Grouping data

**Data Visualization**: The matplotlib API primer-Line properties, Figures and subplots, Exploring plot types-Scatter plots, Bar plots, Histogram plots, Legends and annotations, Plotting functions with Pandas

**Text Books**


2. Python: End-to-End Data Analysis Learning Path, Module 1: Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Phuong VothiHong, Martin Czygan, Packt Publishing Ltd

**Reference Books**


2. Python for Data Analysis, Wes McKinney, Orielly Publications

3. How to Think Like a Computer Scientist: Learning with Python 3 Documentation 3rd Edition, Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey, Chris Meyers


IT2106  COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ARCHITECTURE LAB

Course Objectives

- to design and analyze the operational behavior of IC gates, multiplexers, decoders, flip-flops, counters, shift registers, binary adders and subtractors and ALU
- to implement assembly language programming using various trainers
- to make students familiar with Pentium class PC architecture

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- analyze the operational behavior of various digital logic units such as multiplexers, decoders, flip-flops, counters, shift registers, binary adders and subtractors and ALU
- write assembly language code using various trainers
- understand Pentium class PC architecture.

Syllabus

I - Cycle: Digital Logic Design Experiments

- TTL Characteristics and TTL IC Gates
- Multiplexers & Decoders
- Flip-Flops
- Counters
- Shift Registers
- Binary Adders & Subtractors
- A L U

II - CYCLE: 8085 Assembly Language Programming

8085 Assembly Language Programming according to theory course microprocessors-I using the following trainers:

- Keyboard Monitor of 8085µP Trainer
- Serial Monitor of 8085µP Trainer with Terminal
- 8085 Line Assembler of 8085µP Trainer with PC as Terminal
- 8085 Cross Assembler using In-Circuit Emulator (ICE) with 8085µP Trainer and PC as Terminal
Graded Problems are to be used according to the syllabus of
COMPUTER ORGANIZATION
PENTIUM CLASS PC ARCHITECTURE FAMILIARIZATION
HARDWARE & SOFTWARE PARTS DEMONSTRATION

Reference Books


2. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 by Ramesh S Gaonkar - Pearson
Course Objectives

• To expose students to Java programming language and its syntax
• to familiarize students with programming concepts of conditional execution, loops, arrays, functions, etc.
• to introduce the basics of object oriented programming, concept of classes and interfaces

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• apply Java language to develop basic programs using classes
• code in Java by accepting input from command line, write output to a file
• develop applet programs in Java

Syllabus

Lab experiments:

1. (a) Program to display the area of a rectangle.
   (b) Program to find Sum of series 1 + x + x² + x³ + …

2. (a) Write a class to display the area of rectangle and inherit this class into other class which is displaying perimeter of a rectangle and implement.
   (b) Write a class to add three no’s inherit this class into other class to add five no’s and implement it.

3. (a) Write a program to print the path, filename and extension for a given path of a file.
   (b) Write a program to receive two command line arguments check whether they are equal or not.

4. (a) A program to take two arguments and divide the first argument with second argument and display the result. Display the error message if divide by zero without abnormal exit.
   (b) A program to accept more than one string and arrange them in alphabetical order.
   (c) Write a program to display simultaneously output of even and odd numbers starting from one to specified number.
5. Write a program to accept data from keyboard and write it into a file.
6. Write a java program to implement stack & Queue operations.
7. Write a program to draw line and circle using mouse.
8. Write a applet program for drawing the bar chart.
9. Write a applet program to design a calculator for implementing basic functions like +, - , *, /.
10. Write a program to check active ports in system.

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Java programming, a primarl, Balaguruswamy - Tata Mcgraw Hill
2. Java Complete Reference, Herbt Schild - Mcgraw Hill
Course Objectives

- familiarize students with key data structures in Python including lists and dictionaries and apply them in context of searching, sorting, text and file handling
- introduce students to calculation of statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
- familiarize students with important Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and use them to manipulate arrays and dataframes
- introduce students to data visualization in Python through creation of line plots, histograms, scatter plots, box plots and others
- implementation of basic machine learning tasks in Python including pre-processing data, dimensionality reduction of data using PCA, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- implement searching, sorting and handle text and files using Python data structures such as lists and dictionaries
- calculate statistical measures using Python such as measures of central tendency, correlation
- use Python data related libraries such as Numpy and Pandas and create data visualizations
- implement basic machine learning tasks pre-processing data, compressing data, clustering, classification and cross-validation.

Syllabus

1. Python Programs on lists & Dictionaries
2. Python Programs on Searching and sorting
3. Python Programs on Text Handling
4. Python Programs on File Handling
5. Python Programs for calculating Mean, Mode, Median, Variance, Standard Deviation
6. Python Programs for Karl Pearson Coefficient of Correlation, Rank Correlation
7. Python Programs on NumPy Arrays, Linear algebra with NumPy
8. Python Programs for creation and manipulation of DataFrames using Pandas Library

9. Write a Python program for the following.
   - Simple Line Plots,
   - Adjusting the Plot: Line Colors and Styles, Axes Limits, Labeling Plots,
   - Simple Scatter Plots,
   - Histograms,
   - Customizing Plot Legends,
   - Choosing Elements for the Legend,
   - Boxplot
   - Multiple Legends,
   - Customizing Colorbars,
   - Multiple Subplots,
   - Text and Annotation,
   - Customizing Ticks

10. Python Programs for Data preprocessing: Handling missing values, handling categorical data, bringing features to same scale, selecting meaningful features

11. Python Program for Compressing data via dimensionality reduction: PCA

12. Python Programs for Data Clustering

13. Python Programs for Classification

14. Python Programs for Model Evaluation: K-fold cross validation

**Reference Books**


2. Chris Albon, “Machine Learning with Python Cookbook-practical solutions from preprocessing to Deep learning”, O’REILLY Publisher, 2018


4. Phuong Vo.T.H, Martin Czygan, Getting Started with Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd

5. Armando Fandango, Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd

6. Magnus Vilhelm Persson and Luiz Felipe Martins, Mastering Python Data Analysis, Packt Publishing Ltd

7. Sebastian Raschka & Vahid Mirjalili, “Python Machine Learning”, Packt Publisher, 2017
Course Objectives

- To introduce basics of electronics and reading electronics diagrams
- To introduce students to basics of Arduino programming language and IDE
- To provide students knowledge on how to build prototype circuits, connect them to the Arduino and program the Arduino microcontroller

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will:

- Learn the basics of electronics, including reading schematics (electronics diagrams) and how to prototype circuits with a breadboard.
- Learn the Arduino programming language and IDE
- Acquire knowledge on how to program basic Arduino examples, build prototype circuits, connect them to the Arduino, program the Arduino microcontroller to make the circuits work and connect the Arduino microcontroller to a serial terminal to understand communication and stand-alone use.
- Explore online resources for extending knowledge about the capabilities of the Arduino microcontroller.

Syllabus


2. Introduction to ARDUINO, ARDUINO History and Family Programming in Embedded -C, Concepts of C language.

3. Hardware Interfacings with 8051/Arduino
   a. LEDS and Switches,
   b. Seven Segment Display and Multi Segment Display,
   c. Relays (AC Appliance Control)
   d. LCD,Buzzer,
   e. IR Sensors and other digital sensors,
   f. Matrix Keypad
   g. UART Communication (MCU to PC) UART Communication (MCU to MCU)
h. Graphical LCD
i. RTC Based Real Time Clock

4. Software Programming/Assembly Language Programming for above HW interfacing experiments with development kits or Simulation environment.

**Text Book**

IT2110 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Objectives

The objectives of the Environmental Science course are to

- Familiarize the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- Provide information of some of the important international conventions which will be useful during the future endeavors after graduation.
- Make realize the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Apprise the impact of pollution getting generated through the anthropogenic activities on the environment
- Provide the concept of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Impart knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the students will have

- Knowledge on the fundamental aspects of environment and the environmental management
- The knowledge on the salient features of the important international conventions
- Understanding of the importance of natural resources management for the sustenance of the life and the society.
- Familiarity on various forms of pollution and its impact on the environment.
- Understand the elements of Sustainable Development, energy and environmental management
- Knowledge on the new generation waste like e-waste and plastic waste
Syllabus

Introduction: Structure and functions of Ecosystems-Ecosystems and its Dynamics-


Natural Resources Management: Importance of natural resources management-
Land as resource, Land degradation, Soil erosion and desertification, Effects of usage of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticide- watershed management.

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, Mining and dams – their effects on forest ecosystems and the living beings.

Water resources: Exploitation of surface and groundwater, Floods, droughts, Dams: benefits and costs.

Mineral Resources: Impact of mining on the environment and possible environmental management options in mining and processing of the minerals.

Sustainable resource management (land, water, and energy), and resilient design under the changing environment.

Environmental Pollution: Local and Global Issues. Causes, effects and control measures. Engineering aspects of environmental pollution control systems.


Energy and Environment: Environmental Benefits and challenges, Availability and need of conventional energy resources, major environmental problems related to the conventional energy resources, future possibilities of energy need and availability. Solar Energy: process of photovoltaic energy conversion, solar energy conversion technologies and devices, their principles, working and applications, disposal of solar panel after their usage. Biomass energy: Concept of biomass energy utilization, types
of biomass energy, conversion processes, Wind Energy, energy conversion technologies, their principles, equipment and suitability in context of India.

Management of plastic waste and E-waste: Sources, generation and characteristics of various e- and plastic wastes generated from various industrial and commercial activities; Waste management practices including onsite handling, storage, collection and transfer. E-waste and plastic waste processing alternatives. E-Waste management rules and Plastic waste management rules, 2016 and their subsequent amendments.

Text Books

Reference Books
## B. Tech (Information Technology)

### II Year - II Semester

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**Total credits** 20

Internship - I
Course Objectives

- To introduce the concepts in automata theory and theory of computation to design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages.
- To employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
- To introduce finite state machines, context free grammars and Turing Machines and their properties as the basis for the formal expressivity of computer languages for solving linguistic decision problems.
- To understand the concepts of tractability and decidability, the concepts of NP-completeness and NP-hard problem and also the challenges for Theoretical Computer Science and its contribution to other sciences.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to think analytically and intuitively for problem-solving situations in related areas of theory in computer science
- Ability to describe the language accepted by an automata or generated by a regular expression or a context-free grammar;
- Ability to understand the functioning of Finite-State Machines, Deterministic Finite-State Automata, Nondeterministic Finite-State Automata and Pushdown Automata and Turing Machines.

Syllabus

**Introduction to Grammars and Languages:** Definitions of alphabet, strings, language, grammar, types of grammar, types of machines, generation of languages from grammar, construction of grammar from the given description of languages, Chomsky Hierarchy of languages.

**Finite State Machine (FSM):** Definition of finite state machine, Representation of FSMs. Classification of FSM’s and their construction, Conversion from NFA to DFA, Elimination of ε – transitions from NFA, Equivalence of two FSM’s, optimization of finite state machine (Equivalence theorem method and Table filling method), Finite state machine with output: Moore and Mealy machines. Applications of FSM.

**Regular Expression and Languages:** Regular Expression, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Applications of Regular Expressions, Algebraic Laws for Regular Expressions, Properties of Regular Languages: Pumping Lemma for regular Languages, Application of
Pumping Lemma, Closure properties of Regular Languages, Decision properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata.

**Context Free Grammars and Languages**: Context Free Grammars, Parse Trees, Applications of Context-Free Grammars, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages, Normal Forms, Pumping Lemma for CFL, Closure properties of CFL, Decision properties for CFL.

**Push down Automata**: Definition of push down automata, The Languages of a PDA, push down automata, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, push down automata to context free grammar, context free grammar to push down automata, Deterministic Pushdown Automata.

**Turing Machines**: The Definition of Turing Machine, Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability by Turing Machines, Design of Turing Machines, Description of Turing Machines, Techniques for TM Construction, Variants of Turing Machines, Turing Machines and Type 0 Grammars.


**Text books**

**Reference Books**
Course Objectives

- To understand evolution of Operating System.
- To understand operating system as a layer of abstraction above physical hardware that facilitates usage convenience and efficient resource management of computer system resources.
- To learn design and implementation of policies and mechanisms for OS subsystem.
- To investigate case studies to understand the design philosophies / paradigm for popular multiuser or single user operating system.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand OS evolution, its structure and services provided by it.
- Learn process life cycle, process scheduling objectives, policies and mechanisms, process synchronization; inter process communication, deadlocks and other process subsystem related concepts.
- Learn memory hierarchy, allocation and deallocation policies and mechanism for main and auxiliary memory; file system design and implementation issues.
- Investigate UNIX/ LINUX and Windows OS platforms w.r.t similarities and differences in design philosophies.

Syllabus


**Process Synchronization**: The Critical Section Problem, Peterson’s Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

**Deadlocks**: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods For Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, Recovery from Deadlocks.
**Memory Management**: Logical versus Physical Address, Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of the page table, segmentation, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing, Memory-Mapped files


**Case study**: Overview of LINUX, Windows Operating systems

**Text Books**


2. Operating Systems; A Practical Approach. Rajiv Chopra – S. Chand

**Reference Books**


IT2203 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Course Objectives

- To learn the evolution of DBMS versus File systems, data models, and layers of abstraction.
- To understand conceptual and physical aspects of database design.
- To learn formal and commercial query language specifications.
- To understand concurrency control, recovery management, and other related issues.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- understand ER-modeling for conceptual database design and relational model.
- The student is introduced to formal and commercial query languages: Relational Algebra, calculus and SQL.
- The student will learn schema refinement and normalization.
- The student understands locking protocols concurrency control, and crash recovery methods.

Syllabus

Introduction: File system versus a DBMS, Advantages of a DBMS, Describing and Storing Data in a DBMS, The Relational model, Levels of abstraction, Data Independence, Transaction management, Structure of a DBMS.

Introduction to Database Design and The Relational Model: Database Design and ER Diagrams, Entities, Attributes and Entity Sets, Relationships & Relationship Sets, Additional Features of the ER Model, Conceptual Design with ER Model, Introduction to the Relational Model, Integrity Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity Constraints, Querying Relational Data, Logical Database Design: ER to Relational, Introduction to Views, Destroying/ Altering Tables and Views.

Relational Algebra and SQL: Preliminaries, Relational Algebra, The form of a Basic SQL Query, UNION, INTERSECT and EXCEPT, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operators, Null Values, Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Databases, Embedded SQL, Dynamic SQL, JDBC.

**Transaction Management:** The ACID Properties, Transactions & Schedules, Concurrent Execution of Transactions, Lock-Based Concurrency Control.

**Concurrency Control:** 2PL, Serializability and Recoverability, Introduction to Lock Management, Lock Conversions, Dealing with Deadlocks, Specialized Locking Techniques, Concurrency Control without Locking.

**Crash Recovery:** Introduction to ARIES, The Log, Other Recovery-Related Structures, The Write-Ahead Log Protocol, Checkpointing, recovering from a System Crash, Media Recovery.

**Text Books**


**Reference Books**

IT2204  PROBABILITY, STATISTICS AND QUEUING THEORY

Course Objectives

- to provide foundations of probabilistic and statistical analysis
- to provide an understanding on concepts of probability, random variables, probability distributions, sampling, estimation, hypothesis testing, regression, correlation, multiple regression, hypothesis testing, sample test, queuing methods
- to explore applications of probabilistic and statistical tools to solve real world problems.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- define and explain basic concepts in probability theory and how to translate real-world problems into probability models
- solve standard problems that include random variables, discrete and continuous probability distributions
- perform Test of Hypothesis and construct a confidence interval to estimate population parameters
- compute and interpret the results of Correlation Analysis, Multivariate Regression, Chi-Square test for Independence and Goodness of Fit
- explain basic concepts in Markov processes, M/M/1 and M/M/C queueing systems.

Syllabus

**Probability:** Definitions of probability, Addition theorem, Conditional probability, Multiplication theorem, Bayes’ Theorem of Probability and Geometric Probability.


**Probability Distributions:** Discrete Distributions : Binomial, Poisson Negative Binominal Distributions And Their Properties; Continuous Distributions : Uniform, Normal, Exponential Distributions And Their Properties.

**Multivariate Analysis:** Correlation, Correlation Coefficient, Rank Correlation, Regression Analysis, Multiple Regression, Attributes, Coefficient Of Association, Chi Square Test For Goodness Of Fit, Test For Independence.

**Estimation:** Sample, Populations, Statistic, Parameter, Sampling Distribution, Standard Error, Un-biasedness, Efficiency, Maximum Likelihood Estimator, Notion & Interval Estimation.
**Testing of Hypothesis**: Formulation of Null hypothesis, critical region, level of significance, power of the test;

**Sample Tests**: Small Sample Tests: Testing equality of means, testing equality of variances, test of correlation coefficient, test for Regression Coefficient; Large Sample tests: Tests based on normal distribution

**Queuing Theory**: Queue description, characteristics of a queuing model, study state solutions of M/M/1: Model, M/M/1 ; N Model, M/M/C: Model, M/M/C: N Model , Case studies

**Text Books**
1. Probability & Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Walpole, Myers, Myers, Ye. Pearson Education.

**Reference Books**
**Course Objectives**

- To bring about an awareness about the nature of Managerial Economics and its linkages with other disciplines.
- To understand the Micro and Macro Environment of Business.
- To familiarize the prospective engineers with the concepts and tools of Managerial Economics with an objective to understand the real world of business.

**Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course, student will be able to:

- Understand the various economic activities in business and industry.
- Analyse the real world business problems.
- Make optimal business decisions for the effective and efficient management of Organisations.

**Syllabus**

**Significance of Economics and Managerial Economics:**

Economics: Definitions of Economics- Wealth, Welfare and Scarcity definitions 
Classification of Economics- Micro and Micro Economics.

Managerial Economics: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics, Differences between Economics and Managerial Economics, Main areas of Managerial Economics, Managerial Economics with other disciplines.

**Demand and Utility Analysis:**

**Demand** - Definition, Meaning, Nature and types of demand, Demand function, Law of demand - Assumptions and limitations. Exceptional demand curve.

**Elasticity of demand** - Definition, Measurement of elasticity, Types of Elasticity (Price, Income, Cross and Advertisement), Practical importance of Price elasticity of demand, Role of income elasticity in business decisions, Factors governing Price Elasticity of demand.

Theory of Production and Cost analysis:

Production - Meaning, Production function and its assumptions, use of production function in decision making;

Cost analysis - Nature of cost, Classification of costs - Fixed vs. Variable costs, Marginal cost, Controllable vs. Non - Controllable costs, Opportunity cost, Incremental vs. Sunk costs, Explicit vs. Implicit costs, Replacement costs, Historical costs, Urgent vs. Postponable costs, Escapable vs. Unavoidable costs, Economies and Diseconomies of scale.

Market Structures : Definition of Market, Classification of markets; Salient features or conditions of different markets - Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Duopoly , Oligopoly, Importance of kinked demand curve ;Monopolistic Competition.

Pricing and Business Cycles:

Pricing Analysis : Pricing – Significance; Different Pricing methods- Cost plus pricing, Target pricing, Marginal cost pricing, Going -rate pricing, Average cost pricing, Peak load pricing , Pricing of joint Products, Pricing over the life cycle of a Product, Skimming pricing Penetration pricing, Mark- up and Mark- down pricing of retailers.

Business cycles - Definition, Characteristics, Phases, Causes and Consequences; Measures to solve problems arising from Business cycles.

Text Books

Reference Books
2. Dewett, K.K., Modern Economic Theory, S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2005
IT2206 OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

Course Objectives

- To learn about UNIX/LINUX operating system, its intervals.
- To learn system programming for UNIX/LINUX Operating System.
- To understand UNIX/LINUX shell and its programming.
- To understand resource management policies and mechanisms and their performance evaluation.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- The student practices UNIX commands, Vi editor, shell commands.
- The student develops skill in writing C programs using system calls for process management, inter process communication and other aspects.
- The student learns shell programming and develops skill for writing scripts for batch level tasks.
- The student learns to simulate OS resource management aspects like process scheduling, page replacement and others to evaluate performance.

Syllabus

Module I

1. OS lab familiarization, Home Assignment on Unix commands, Vi editor
2. Simple C programs using command line arguments, system calls, library function calls, make utility
3. C programs using fork system call to create processes and study parent, child process mechanism
4. C programs to create process chaining, spawning
5. C programs to handle errors using errno, perror() function
6. C programs to use pipe system call for inter process communication

Module II

1. Familiarization of Unix shell programming
2. Simple shell programming exercises
3. Shell programming using decision making constructs
4. Shell programming using loop constructs
5. Shell programming for file and directory manipulation

**Module III**

1. C programs to study process scheduling implementing FCFS, Shortest Job First, and Round Robin algorithms
2. C programs to study page replacement implementing FIFO, Optimal, and LRU page replacement algorithms
3. C programs to study deadlock avoidance and detection
4. C Programs to simulate free space management

**Reference Books**

1. UNIX concepts and applications by Sumitabha Das, TMH Publications.
2. UNIX programming by Stevens, Pearson Education.
4. Operating System Concepts by Silberschatz, and Peter Galvin - Wiley
IT2207 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB

Course Objectives

• To introduce to a commercial DBMS such as ORACLE.
• To learn and practice SQL commands for schema creation, data manipulation.
• To learn conceptual and physical database design based on a case study.
• To apply database design stages by studying a case study.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• The student is exposed to a commercial RDBMS environment such as ORACLE.
• The student will learn SQL commands for data definition and manipulation.
• The student understands conceptual through physical database design.
• The student takes up a case study and applies the design steps.

Syllabus

Features of a commercial RDBMS package such as ORACLE/DB2, MS Access, MYSQL & Structured Query Language (SQL) used with the RDBMS.

I. Laboratory Exercises Should Include:

a. Defining Schemas for Applications,
b. Creation of Database,
c. Writing SQL Queries,
d. Retrieve Information from Database,
e. Creating Views
f. Creating Triggers
g. Normalization up to Third Normal Form
h. Use of Host Languages,
i. Interface with Embedded SQL,
j. Use of Forms
k. Report Writing
II. Some sample applications are given below:

1. Accounting Package for Shops,
2. Database Manager for Magazine Agency or Newspaper Agency,
3. Ticket Booking for Performances,
4. Preparing Greeting Cards & Birthday Cards
5. Personal Accounts - Insurance, Loans, Mortgage Payments, Etc.,
6. Doctor’s Diary & Billing System
7. Personal Bank Account
8. Class Marks Management
9. Hostel Accounting
10. Video Tape Library,
11. History of Cricket Scores,
12. Cable TV Transmission Program Manager,
13. Personal Library.
14. Sailors Database
15. Suppliers and Parts Database

Reference Books

IT2208 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Course Objectives

- To introduce the students to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) which is a key component in modern knowledge management processes
- To create consciousness on IPR in students at an early stage of their education so that they develop an appreciation for ethical and rightful use of existing knowledge
- To make them understand how to take ownership of knowledge they may develop as a result of their creative innovations, take ownership and either drive themselves in becoming entrepreneurs or become responsible knowledge users in society
- To expose students some of the recent debates on the societal implications of IPR and its role in national/international trade and socio-economic development.

Course Outcomes

Learners will be able to

- identify the types of intellectual property protection available for their research outcome
- conduct patent search and analyze patentability of the invention
- understand the basic structure of Patent document
- understand the registration and prosecution of different IPs
- understand the basics of IP commercialization and techno/commercial/legal issues in IPR commercialization

Syllabus

**Introduction:** Concept of property, Intellectual Property (IP) and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Importance of IP, Value creation through IP, Advantages of IP protection, Competitive advantage, Promotion of social good, Prevention of duplicates, counterfeit products and IP

**Evolution of IP system:** Historical view of IP system in India and abroad, Legal basis and rationale behind development of IP system, WTO and TRIPS agreement, Role of WIPO

**Types of IPR:** Major forms of IP in India and globally, Acts enacted in India related to IP

**Patent:** Concept, Life of patent, Rights of Patentee, Criteria of patentability- novelty, non-obviousness, and utility, Non-patentable inventions
**Patent filing and prosecution:** Prior art search, Process of obtaining a patent in India, Provisional and complete specification, Convention application, Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), Patent Infringement and Enforcement

**Trademark:** Types of trademarks, Trademark and Brand, Trademark Registration, Trademark Infringement

**Copyright:** Copyrights and related rights, Copyright registration, Copyright infringement, Section 52 of Indian Copyright Act

**Industrial Design:** What is Industrial design, Design registration, Design infringement

**Trade Secret:** What are Trade Secrets, How trade secrets are maintained in trade and business

**Other forms of IP:** Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design, Geographical Indications, Protection of Plant Varieties & Farmers’ right, Traditional knowledge

**IP commercialization:** Licensing & Royalty; Technology Transfer; IP assignment, Compulsory License

**Emerging areas:** Patinformatics, IP and bank loan, IP insurance, IP audit, IP valuation, IP management, Use of artificial intelligence in IP enforcement, Open innovation

**Text Books**

**Reference Books**
4. The Indian Patents Act 1970 (as amended in 2005)
5. The Indian Copyright Act 1950 as amended in 2017)
6. Indian Trademarks Act 1999
7. The Indian Industrial Designs Act 2000
8. The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Right Act 2001
9. Inventing the Future: An Introduction to Patents for small and medium sized enterprises, WIPO publication No 917 www.wipo.int/ebookshop
10. Looking Good: An Introduction to Industrial Designs for Small and Medium sized Enterprises; WIPO publication No.498 www.wipo.int/ebookshop
IT2209 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES

Course Objectives
The objective of the course is xix fold:

- Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society and nature/existence.
- This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of laws and its applicability to engineers
- Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society and nature/existence
- Strengthening of self-reflection, Development of commitment and courage to act and also enable the students to imbibe and internalize the Values and Ethical Behaviour in the personal and professional lives
- To enable the students to imbibe the Values and Ethical Behavior in the personal and Professional lives
- The students will learn the rights and responsibilities Individual, employee, team member and a global citizen

Course Outcomes
By the end of the course Student will be able to:

- Grasp the meaning of the concept – Law and also Get an overview of the laws relating to Engineers and also Apprehend the importance of being a law abiding person and They would have better critical ability
- Self-explore by using different techniques to live in harmony at various levels
- Analyze themselves and understand their position with respect to the moral and ethical character needed for a successful and satisfactory work life
- Students are expected to become more aware of themselves and their surroundings (family, society, nature)
- They would become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions, while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.
- They would also become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society
Syllabus

Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

• Self-Exploration—what is it? - Its content and process; ‘Natural Acceptance’ and Experiential Validation - as the process for self-exploration, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - A look at basic Human Aspirations, Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility - the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority, Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario, Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels. Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and co-existence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking, Include practice sessions and case studies.

Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

• Understanding human being as: a co-existence of the sentient ‘I’ and the material ‘Body’, the needs of Self (‘I’) and ‘Body’ - happiness and physical facility, the Body as an instrument of ‘I’ (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer), the characteristics and activities of ‘I’ and harmony in ‘I’, the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail, P to ensure Sanyam and Health, Include practice sessions and case studies.

Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society - Harmony in Human – Human Relationship

• Understanding values in human-human relationship: meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfillment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship, the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence, the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship, the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family), Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals, Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order from family to world family, Include practice sessions and case studies.

Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence

• Understanding the harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature recyclability and self-regulation in nature, Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all – pervasive space, Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence, Include practice sessions and case studies.
Concept of Law and Law of Torts


Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics

- Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems, Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems, Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations, Include practice sessions and case studies.

Text Books


Reference Books

## B. Tech (Information Technology)

### III Year - I Semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course code</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Hours per week</th>
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Total Credits: 22
IT3101 DATA COMMUNICATIONS & COMPUTER NETWORKS

Course Objectives

- To study basics of data communication systems.
- To study the various types of transmission media.
- To study the various hardware concepts related to data communications
- To make the students understand basic requirements of network hardware, software and its architecture.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to understand concepts related to data communication hardware.
- Ability to understand basic functionality of modems.
- The student must be able to understand the design and estimate the requirements for practical setup of a given network scenario and size.
- Realize the Operation, maintenance and management of the Internet by mapping the theoretical networking concepts to the real-time network scenarios.

Syllabus

**Introduction to Data Communications:** A Communications Model, Data Communications and Data Communications Networking, Protocols and Protocol Architecture, Characteristics of Data Transmission: Concepts and Terminology, Analog and Digital Data Transmission, Transmission Impairments.

**Data Communication Interface:** Asynchronous and Synchronous Transmission, Line Configurations, Interfacing. Data Link Control Flow Control, Error Detection, Error Control, High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC), Other Data Link Control Protocols.

**Signal Encoding Techniques:** Digital data to Digital signal, Digital to Analog Signal, Analog data to Digital Signal, and Analog data to Analog signal.

**Multiplexing:** Frequency-Division Multiplexing, Synchronous Time-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics, TDM Link Control, Digital Carrier Systems Statistical Time-Division Multiplexing: Characteristics.

2 Physical Layer, EPC Gen 2 Tag Identification Layer, Tag Identification Message Formats.


**Text Books**

**Reference Books**
IT3102 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Course Objectives

• To learn about AI problem, Production Systems and their characteristics.

• To understand the importance of search and the corresponding search strategies for solving AI problem.

• To introduce to Planning, Natural Language Processing and Expert Systems

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• understand AI problem characteristics, state space approach for solving AI problem, Production System framework.

• The student learn several optimal search strategies and the use of heuristics.

• The student learns relational, inferential, inheritable and procedural knowledge and the corresponding knowledge representation approaches.

• The student is introduced to applying AI problem solving approaches to natural language processing, planning and expert systems

Syllabus

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence, AI Problems, AI Techniques, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics, Production Systems.


Symbolic Logic: Propositional Logic, First Order Predicate Logic: Representing Instance and is-a Relationships, Computable Functions and Predicates, Unification & Resolution, Natural Deduction;


**Natural Language Processing:** Steps in The Natural Language Processing, Syntactic Processing and Augmented Transition Nets, Semantic Analysis, NLP Understanding Systems;


**Experts Systems:** Overview of an Expert System, Architecture of an Expert Systems, Different Types of Expert Systems- Rule Based, Frame Based, Decision Tree based, Case Based, Neural Network based, Black Board Architectures, Knowledge Acquisition and Validation Techniques, Knowledge System Building Tools, Expert System Shells

**Text Books**
1. Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publications
2. Introduction To Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI publications

**Reference Books**
1. Artificial Intelligence, George F Luger, Pearson Education Publications
2. Artificial Intelligence : A modern Approach, Russell and Norvig, Printice Hall
3. Artificial Intelligence, Robert Schalkoff, Mcgraw-Hill Publications
4. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Vinod Chandra S.S., Anand Hareendran - PHI
IT3103  OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Course objectives

- To explain the importance of OOSE in Software development.
- To explain the importance of Requirements Engineering.
- To explain the role of UML and Testing in Software Development.
- To explain the entire Software Development Process with aid of case studies

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to define a problem and perform Requirements Engineering.
- Ability to draw UML diagrams for the requirements gathered.
- Ability to implement the designed problem in Object Oriented Programming Language and
- Test whether all the requirements specified have been achieved or not

Syllabus


**Requirements Engineering:** Domain Analysis, Problem Definition and Scope, Requirements Definition, Types of Requirements, Techniques for Gathering and Analyzing Requirements, Requirement Documents, Reviewing, Managing Change in Requirements.


**Software Process Management:** Introduction to Software Project Management, Rationale Management, Configuration Management, Activities of Software Project Management, Structure of Project Plan, Software Engineering Teams, Software Cost Estimation, Project Scheduling, Tracking and Monitoring

**Case Study:**

1. Simple Chat Instant Messaging System
2. GPS Based Automobile Navigation System
3. Waste Management Inspection Tracking System (WMITS)
4. Geographical Information System

**Text Books**

1. Object-Oriented Software Engineering Practical software development using UML and Java by Timothy C. Lethbridge & Robert, Langaniere Mcgraw-Hill

**Reference Books**

2. A Practical Guide to Testing Object-Oriented Software, John D. McGregor; David A.Sykes, Addison-Wesley Professional
IT3106  DATA COMMUNICATIONS & COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

Course Objectives

- This course provides students with hands on training regarding the design, troubleshooting, modelling and evaluation of computer networks.
- To study the various hardware concepts related to data communications
- To make the students understand the basic requirements of network hardware, software and its architecture.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Students learn about networking computers
- How to setup Local Area Network using packet tracer software.
- Students will be able to experiment in a real tested networking environment, and learn about network design and troubleshooting topics and tools.
- Students Learn about simulator Error control and flow control teaching
- Students will be able to write socket program and client server applications.

Syllabus

Module I: packet tracer software.

1. Study of different types of Network cables and practically implement the cross-wired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool.
2. Connect the computers in Local Area Network.
3. Study of basic network command and Network configuration commands.
4. Configure a Network topology using packet tracer software.

Module II: Network simulator (NS)

1. Implementation of Error Detection / Error Correction Techniques
2. Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and sliding window
3. Implementation and study of Goback-N and selective repeat protocols
4. Implementation of High Level Data Link Control
5. Study of Socket Programming and Client – Server model using java
6. Write a socket Program for Echo/Ping/Talk commands using java
7. Implementation of distance vector routing algorithm
8. Implementation of Link state routing algorithm
9. Study of Network simulator (NS) and simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS

**Reference Books**

IT3107 OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

Course objectives

- The purpose of the Software Engineering Lab course is to familiarize the students with modern software engineering methods and tools, Rational Products. The course is realized as a project-like assignment that can, in principle, by a team of three/four students working full time. Typically the assignments have been completed during the semester requiring approximately 60-80 hours from each project team.

- The goal of the Software Engineering Project is to have a walk through from the requirements, design to implementing and testing. An emphasis is put on proper documentation. Extensive hardware expertise is not necessary, so proportionate attention can be given to the design methodology.

- Despite its apparent simplicity, the problem allows plenty of alternative solutions and should be a motivating and educating exercise. Demonstration of a properly functioning system and sufficient documentation is proof of a completed assignment.

- Term projects are projects that a group student or might take through from initial specification to implementation. The project deliverables include

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to design problem statement, requirements document, systems requirement, software requirements specification, test specification and implement a project of medium complexity.

Projects

1. Documentation including
   
   A. a problem statement

   B. a requirements document

      (a) a Requirements Analysis Document.

      (b) a System Requirements Specification.

      (c) a Software Requirements Specification.

2. A design document

   A Software Design Description and a System Design Document.

4. Manuals/guides for
   A. Users and associated help frames
   B. Programmers
   C. Administrators (installation instructions)

5. A project plan and schedule setting out milestones, resource usage and estimated costs.

6. A quality plan setting out quality assurance procedures

7. An implementation.

**Reference Books**

1. Project-based software engineering: An Object-oriented approach, Evelyn Stiller, Cathie LeBlanc, Pearson Education


3. UML2 Toolkit, Hans -Erik Eriksson, etc; Wiley
Course Objectives
- To develop skills to communicate clearly.
- To aid students in building interpersonal skills.
- To enhance team building and time management skills.
- To inculcate active listening and responding skills.

Course Outcomes
By the end of the course, the student should be able to:
- Make use of techniques for self-awareness and self-development.
- Apply the conceptual understanding of communication into everyday practice.
- Understand the importance of teamwork and group discussions skills.
- Develop time management and stress management.

Syllabus
**Introduction to Soft Skills:** Communication – Verbal and Non Verbal Communication - Personal grooming (Etiquette, Attitude, Body Language), Posture, Gestures, Facial Expressions, Eye Contact, Space Distancing, Presentation Skills, Public Speaking, Just a Minute (JAM) sessions, Adaptability.

**Goal Setting and Time Management:** Immediate, Short term, Long term, Smart Goals, Strategies to Achieve goals, Types of Time, Identifying Time Wasters, Time Management Skills, Stress Busters.

**Leadership and Team Management:** Qualities of a Good Leader, Team Dynamics, Leadership Styles, Decision Making, Problem Solving, Negotiation Skills.

**Group Discussions:** Purpose (Intellectual ability, Creativity, Approach to a problem, Tolerance), Group Behaviour, Analysing Performance.

**Job Interviews:** Identifying job openings, Covering Letter and CVs / Resumes, Interview (Opening, Body-Answer Q, Close-Ask Q), Telephone Interviews, Types of Questions.
Reference Books


5. Rizvi, Ashraf M. Effective Technical Communication: India, McGraw-Hill Education. 2010

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<tr>
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**Total Credits 21.5**

Internship - II
IT3201  INTERNET OF THINGS

Course Objectives

• Vision and Introduction to Internet of Things (IoT).
• Understand IoT Market perspective.
• Data and Knowledge Management and use of Devices in IoT Technology.
• Understand State of the Art – IoT Architecture.
• Understand Real World IoT Design Constraints, Industrial Automation and Commercial.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

• Explain in a concise manner how the general Internet as well as Internet of Things work.
• Understand constraints and opportunities of wireless and mobile networks for Internet of Things.
• Use basic sensing and measurement and tools to determine the real-time performance of network of devices.
• Develop prototype models for various applications using IoT technology.

Syllabus

The Internet of Things: An Overview of Internet of things, Internet of Things Technology, behind IoTs Sources of the IoTs, M2M Communication, Examples of IoTs, Design Principles For Connected Devices Internet Connectivity Principles, Internet connectivity, Application Layer Protocols: HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, Telnet.

Business Models for Business Processes in the Internet of Things, IoT/M2M systems LAYERS AND designs standardizations, Modified OSI Stack for the IoT/M2M Systems, ETSI M2M domains and High-level capabilities, Communication Technologies, Data Enrichment and Consolidation and Device Management Gateway Ease of designing and affordability.


Text Books
1. Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles And Applications, Rajkamal, McGraw Hill Higher Education

Reference Books
1. Designing the Internet of Things, Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, Wiley
2. Getting Started with the Internet of Things, Cuno Pfister, Oreilly
Course Objectives

• To understand the evolution of data warehousing and data mining systems
• To understand extracting, cleaning and transformation of data into a warehouse.
• To learn the principles of statistics, information theory, machine learning and other areas AI and implementation of data mining techniques.
• To understand pattern mining using classification and clustering methods

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• understand the differences between OLTP and OLAP.
• The student learns how data cube technology supports summarization and querying high dimensional data.
• The student is introduced to similarity, distance, information gain and other performance and error metrics used for evaluation of mining results.
• The student is introduced to various approaches to association rule mining, supervised and unsupervised learning and the corresponding classification and clustering approaches involving decision trees, Bayesian approaches, model based and agglomerative approaches

Syllabus

Introduction to Data Mining: Importance of Data Warehousing and Data Mining, Kinds of Patterns, Technologies, Applications, Major Issues in Data Mining, Data Objects and Attributes Types, Statistical Descriptions of Data, Estimating Data Similarity and Dissimilarity.

Data exploration and pre-processing: Data Visualization, Quality data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration, Data Reduction, Data Transformation, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology: Basic Concepts of Data warehouse, Data Modeling using Cubes and OLAP, DWH Design and usage, Implementation using Data Cubes and OLAPs, Data Generalization with AOI.

Data Cube Technology: Preliminary Concepts of Data Cube Computation, Data Cube Computation Methods: Multi-way Array Aggregation for Full Cube, BUC, Star-cubing, Pre-computing shell fragments for High dimensional OLAP.

Mining Frequent Patterns Based on Associations and Correlations: Basic Concepts, Frequent Item set Mining Methods: Apriori Algorithm, Association Rule

**Classification & Prediction:** Basic Concepts, Decision Tree Induction, Bayes Classification, Rule- Based Classification, Model Evaluation and Selection, Techniques to Improve Classification Accuracy, Classification by Back Propagation, K-nearest neighbor classifier.

**Cluster Analysis:** Basic Concepts and issues in clustering, Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, DBSCAN, Grid Based Methods, Evaluation of Clustering Solutions

**Text Books**
1. Data Mining- Concepts and Techniques by Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei–Morgan Kaufmann publishers —-3rdedition
2. Data Mining Techniques, A.K.Pujari, University Press

**Reference Book**
1. Data mining concepts by Tan, Steinbech, and Vipin Kumar - Pearson Edu publishers
IT3203 CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY

Course Objectives

- Introduction of the issues in network security- its need and importance, taxonomy and terminology.
- Discussion of various cryptographic techniques.
- Exploration of different types of security threats and remedies.
- Understanding of Internet security protocols and standards

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Realize the need and importance of network and data security in the Internet and in the distributed environments.
- Identify the different types of network security issues and their remedies.
- Application of various cryptographic tools and techniques in different contexts and as per need of security levels.
- Implementation of some Internet security protocols and standards

Syllabus


Denial-of-Service Attacks: Denial-of-Service Attacks, Flooding Attacks, Distributed Denial-of-Service Attacks, Application-Based Bandwidth Attacks, Reflector and Amplifier Attacks, Defenses Against Denial-of-Service Attacks, Responding to a Denial-of-Service Attack.


Text Book

Reference Books
Course Objectives

- To understand the recent application domains of IoT in everyday life
- To understand the protocols and standards designed for IoT

Course Outcomes

- The students will be able to gain knowledge about the state of the art methodologies in IoT applications
- The students will be able to use IoT technologies in practical domains

List of Experiments

1. Study Of Various Network Protocols Used In IOT.
2. Application of WIFI In IOT Systems.
3. Application of 6lowpan In IOT Systems.
5. Application of 802.15.4 Zigbee. In IOT Systems.
6. Design a Simple IOT System Comprising Sensors, Wireless Network Connection, Data Analytics

Reference Books

1. Internet of Things: Architecture, Design Principles And Applications, Rajkamal, McGraw Hill Higher Education
Course Objectives

- To study various data analysis techniques in R Programming language.
- To apply various data mining techniques available in WEKA for generating knowledge such as Association Analysis, Classification and Clustering to various standard datasets and own datasets.
- To build Rule based Knowledge Systems using forward chaining and backward chaining using CLIPS and PROLOG respectively

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- write R programs to perform several data analytics operations on datasets
- Ability to extract patterns by applying appropriate data mining techniques from different types of datasets using WEKA.
- Ability to apply knowledge represented in the form of rules to draw conclusions using either forward or backward chaining using CLIPS/PROLOG.

I. Exploratory data analysis using R

1. Load the ‘iris. CSV’ file and display the names and type of each column. Find statistics such as min, max, range, mean, median, variance, standard deviation for each column of data.
2. Write R program to normalize the variables into 0 to 1 scale using min-max normalisation
3. Generate histograms for any one variable (sepal length/ sepal width/ petal length/ petal width) and generate scatter plots for every pair of variables showing each species in different color.
4. Generate box plots for each of the numerical attributes. Identify the attribute with the highest variance.
5. Study of homogeneous and heterogeneous data structures such as vector, matrix, array, list, data frame in R.
6. Write R Program using ‘apply’ group of functions to create and apply normalization function on each of the numeric variables/columns of iris dataset to transform them into a value around 0 with z-score normalization.
7. a) Use R to apply linear regression to predict evaporation coefficient in terms of air velocity using the data given below:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Air Velocity (cm/sec)</th>
<th>20, 60, 100, 140, 180, 220, 260, 300, 340, 380</th>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation Coefficient (sqmm/sec)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

b) Analyze the significance of residual standard-error value, R-squared value, F- statistic. Find the correlation coefficient for this data and analyze the significance of the correlation value.

c) Perform a log transformation on the ‘Air Velocity’ column, perform linear regression again, and analyze all the relevant values.

8. Write R Program using ‘apply’ group of functions to create and apply normalization function on each of the numeric variables/columns of iris dataset to transform them a value around 0 with z-score normalization.

II. WEKA Knowledge Extraction toolkit

9. Create an ARFF (Attribute-Relation File Format) file and read it in WEKA. Explore the purpose of each button under the preprocess panel after loading the ARFF file. Also, try to interpret using a different ARFF file, weather.arff, provided with WEKA.

10. Performing data preprocessing in Weka

   Study Unsupervised Attribute Filters such as Replace Missing Values to replace missing values in the given dataset, Add to add the new attribute Average, Discretize to discretize the attributes into bins. Explore Normalize and Standardize options on a dataset with numerical attributes.

11. Classification using the WEKA toolkit

    Demonstration of classification process using id3 algorithm on categorical dataset(‘weather’).

    Demonstration of classification process using naïve Bayes algorithm on categorical dataset (‘vote’).

    Demonstration of classification process using Random Forest algorithm on datasets containing large number of attributes.

12. Classification using the WEKA toolkit – Part2

    Demonstration of classification process using J48 algorithm on mixed type of dataset after discretizing numeric attributes.

    Perform cross-validation strategy with various fold levels. Compare the accuracy of the results.
13. Performing clustering in WEKA

   Apply hierarchical clustering algorithm on numeric dataset and estimate cluster quality. Apply DBSCAN algorithm on numeric dataset and estimate cluster quality.

14. Association rule analysis in WEKA

   Demonstration of Association Rule Mining on supermarket dataset using Apriori Algorithm with different support and confidence thresholds.

   Demonstration of Association Rule Mining on supermarket dataset using FP- Growth Algorithm with different support and confidence thresholds.

III. Building Knowledge based Inference Systems

15. Implement AI problem solving through Rule based forward chaining inference using public domain software tool like CLIPS.

16. Implement AI problem solving through Rule based Backward chaining inference using PROLOG

Reference Book

   1. Practical data science with R, Nina Zumel and John Mount- Dreamtech Press.
IT3208  CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY LAB

Course Objectives

• Understand encryption and decryption
• Understand various algorithm logic such as DES, Blowfish, Rijndael
• Understand how to find IP address, MAC address, neighboring machines

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

• Perform encryption and decryption using various algorithms
• Implement various algorithm logic
• Calculate message digest of a text
• Find IP address, MAC address, neighboring machines
• Detect intrusion packets and demonstrate ARP poisoning

List of Experiments

Cycle 1 - Cryptography

1. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value ‘Hello world’. The program should XOR each character in this string with 0 and displays the result.

2. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value ‘Hello world’. The program should AND or and XOR each character in this string with 127 and display the result.

3. Write a Java program to perform encryption and decryption using the following algorithms
   a. Cesar cipher
   b. Substitution cipher
   c. Hill Cipher

4. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the DES algorithm logic.

5. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Blowfish algorithm logic.

6. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Rijndael algorithm logic.

7. Write the RC4 logic in Java Using Java cryptography; encrypt the text ‘Hello world’ using Blowfish. Create your own key using Java key tool.

8. Write a Java program to implement RSA algorithm.

10. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA-1 algorithm in JAVA.
11. Calculate the message digest of a text using the MD5 algorithm in JAVA.

**Cycle 2 - Network Security**

1. a) Find the IP address, MAC address of your machine.
   
   b) Find the neighbouring machines in your network.
   
   c) Check if a server is up and running.

2. Run tcpdump/windump utility with atleast 4 options.

3. Capture the packets in your system using wireshark and analyse any one TCP packet in detail.

4. Use snort to detect intrusion packets.

5. Demonstrate ARP Poisoning.

**Reference Books**


IT3209 WEB TECHNOLOGIES

Course Objectives

• Understand the principles of web based application development.
• Design dynamic content in web pages using JavaScript.
• Understand the concepts of Java Servlets, Java Server Pages and design applications using them.
• Understand the concepts of component development and design applications by establishing connections to databases

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• construct web based applications and Identify where data structures are appearing in them.
• connect Java programs to different databases.
• develop EJB programs

Syllabus

HTML: Core Elements, Links and Addressing, Images, Text, Colors and Background, Lists, Tables and Layouts, Frames, Forms, Cascading Style Sheets.

Java Script and XML: Objects, Dynamic HTML, Document Object model

Servlets: Servlet Life Cycle, Tomcat Web Server

PHP: Language Basics, Functions, Strings, Arrays.

MYSQL: Accessing MySQL Using PHP

Projects: projects using JSP, JDBC, J2EE such as designing Airlines Ticket Reservation System, Online Banking System, Library Information system, Gram Panchayat Information system, student information system, online examination system

Text Books


2. The complete Reference HTML and DHTML, Thomas A. Powey – Mc Graw Hill

3. Learning Php, Mysql, Robin Nixon - O’ Reilly

4. Programming Php, Kevin Tatroe, Peter MacIntyre & Rasmus Lerdorf foreword by Michael Bourque - O’ Reilly

Reference Books

1. Internet, World Wide Web, How to program, Dietel, Nieto, PHI/PEA

2. Web Technologies, Godbole, Kahate, 2nd Ed., TMH
# B. Tech (Information Technology)

## IV Year - I Semester

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**Total Credits**: 22
Course Objectives

- To study graphics techniques and algorithms.
- To study multimedia concepts and various I/O technologies.
- To enable the students to develop their creativity

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Students will have an appreciation of the history and evolution of computer graphics, both hardware and software.
- Students will have an understanding of 2D graphics and algorithms including: line drawing, polygon filling, clipping, and transformations.
- Students will understand the concepts of and techniques used in 3D computer graphics, including viewing transformations, hierarchical modeling, color, lighting and texture mapping.
- Students will be able to use a current graphics API (OpenGL).

Syllabus


Multimedia Systems Design: Multimedia applications

Multimedia File Handling: Data & File Format standards, Multimedia I/O technologies, Digital voice and audio, Storage and retrieval Technologies.

Experiments for above - drawing a line, drawing a circle, performing 2D transformations, drawing shapes such as cube, balloon, car, animations such as ball, solar system

Text Books


Reference Books


B. Tech (Information Technology)

IV Year - II Semester

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

3. Principles of Programming Languages
4. Compiler Design
5. Design and Analysis of Algorithms
6. Distributed Systems
7. Sensor Networks
8. Software Project Management
9. Grid Computing
10. Cloud Computing
11. Digital Image Processing
12. Machine Learning
13. Deep Learning
14. Big Data Analytics
15. Natural Language Processing
16. Soft Computing
17. E-Commerce
OPEN ELECTIVES

18. Cyber Security & Digital Forensics
19. Block Chain Technology
20. Mobile Computing
21. Mobile Adhoc Networks
22. Recommender Systems
23. Information Retrieval
24. NoSQL Databases
25. Database & Web Application Security
26. Data Science
27. Business Analytics
28. Human Computer Interaction
29. Bio-Informatics

HSS ELECTIVES

30. Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship
31. Organizational Behaviour
32. Operations Research
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

1. PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

Course objectives

- To learn the underlying principles and concepts of programming language.
- To understand programming language translation process.
- To expose students to the important paradigms of programming.
- To understand the concepts of distributed processing and network programming.

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to compare different programming languages.
- Ability to discuss the significant achievements in programming language history.
- Ability to assess the programming languages in scientific manner.

Syllabus

Language Design Issues: Study Programming Languages, History of Programming Languages, Role of Programming Languages, Programming Environments.


Elementary Data Types: Properties of Types and Objects, Scalar Data Types, Composite Data Types Encapsulation: Structured Data Types, Abstract Data Types, Encapsulation by Subprograms, Type Definitions. Inheritance: Abstract Data Types Revisited, Inheritance, Polymorphism.

Sequence Control: Implement and Explicit Sequence Control, Sequence with Arithmetic Expressions, Sequence Control Between Statements, Sequencing with Nonarithmetic Expressions.

Subprogram Control: Subprogram Sequence Control, Attributes of Data Control, Parameter Transmission, Explicit Common Environment.


**Text Book**

**Reference Books**
2. COMPILER DESIGN

Course objectives

• To explain the basic understanding of grammars and language definition and introducing various phases of designing a compiler.
• To make the student understand the concepts underlying the design and implementation of language processors and its mechanisms.
• To extend the knowledge of parser by parsing LL parser and LR parser.
• To enrich the knowledge in various phases of compiler ant its use, code optimization techniques, loop optimization techniques, machine code generation, and use of symbol table

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

• Ability to design and conduct experiments for Intermediate Code Generation in compiler.
• Ability to learn the new code optimization techniques to improve the performance of a program in terms of speed & space.
• Ability to acquire the knowledge of modern compiler and its features

Syllabus


Finite Automata & Lexical Analysis: Introduction to Lexical Analysis, Lexical Analyzers, Approaches to design Lexical Analyzers, Language for specifying lexical analyzers, Introduction to Finite automata, Regular Expressions & Languages, Recognition of Tokens, Transition Diagrams, Implementation of lexical analyzers, Lexical Analyzer Generator LEX.


**Symbol Tables, Runtime Environment and Error Handling**: Contents of a Symbol Table, Data Structures for Symbol Tables; Run time Environments, Implementation of a simple Stack allocation, Heap Management, Block Structured Languages; Error Detection & Recovery, Lexical Phase Errors, Syntactic & Semantic Errors, Error Handling Routines

**Text Books**


2. Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation, Steven Muchnic, Elsevier Publications

**Reference Books**


3. DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to do the following:

- Analyse the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms.
- Demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data structures.
- Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis.
- Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations

Course Outcomes

Students who complete the course will have demonstrated the ability to do the following:

- Argue the correctness of algorithms using inductive proofs and invariants.
- Analysis worst-case running times of algorithms using asymptotic analysis.
- Describe the divide-and-conquer paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize divide-and-conquer algorithms. Derive and solve recurrences describing the performance of divide and-conquer algorithms.
- Describe the dynamic-programming paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize dynamic programming algorithms, and analysis them.
- Describe the greedy paradigm and explain when an algorithmic design situation calls for it. Recite algorithms that employ this paradigm. Synthesize greedy algorithms, and analysis them.

Syllabus

**Introduction:** What is an Algorithm, Algorithm Specification, Pseudocode Conventions Recursive Algorithm, Performance Analysis, Space Complexity, Time Complexity, Amortized Complexity, Amortized Complexity, Asymptotic Notation, Practical Complexities, Performance Measurement.

**Divide and Conquer:** General Method, Defective Chessboard, Binary Search, Finding the Maximum and Minimum, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Performance Measurement, Randomized Sorting Algorithms.

**Dynamic Programming:** All - Pairs Shortest Paths, Multistage graphs, optimal binary search tree, String editing, 0/1 Knapsack, Reliability Design.

**Backtracking:** The General Method, The 8-Queens Problem, Sum of Subsets, Graph Colouring, Hamiltonian Cycles, Knapsack problem

**Branch and Bound:** Least cost (LC) Search, The 15-Puzzle, Control Abstraction for LC-Search, Bounding, FIFO Branch-and-Bound, LC Branch and Bound, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, LC Branch-and-Bound Solution, FIFO Branch-and-Bound Solution, Traveling Salesperson problem.


**Text Books**

1. Fundamentals of computer algorithms E. Horowitz S. Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, University Press.

**Reference Books**

4. The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman
4. DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Course Objectives

- This course provides an introduction to the fundamentals of distributed computer systems, assuming the availability of facilities for data transmission.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, students should be able to build distributed systems that:

- Scale as the number of entities in the system increase
- Can sustain failures and recover from them
- Work with distributed, fault tolerant file systems
- Can handle and process large data volumes
- Are secure and handle certain classes of distributed denial of service attacks
- Are Loosely coupled, transactional and eventually stable

Syllabus

**Introduction to Distributed Systems**: What is a Distributed System?, Hard ware concepts, Software concepts, Design issues.


**Synchronization in Distributed System**: Clock Synchronization, Mutual Exclusion, Election algorithms, Atomic transactions, Deadlocks in Distributed Systems.

**Process and processors in Distributed System**: threads, System Models, Processors allocation, Scheduling in Distributed System, Fault tolerance, Real time Distributed System.


**Distributed Shared Memory**: Introduction, What is Shared memory?, Consistency models, Page based Distributed Shared memory, Shared – variable Distributed Shared memory, Object based Distributed Shared Memory.

Text Book

1. Distributed Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbanm - Pearson

Reference Book

5. SENSOR NETWORKS

Course Objectives

- To understand the concepts of sensor networks
- To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks
- To understand the security of sensor networks
- To understand the applications of adhoc and sensor networks

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to understand the state-of-the-art research in the emerging subject of Ad Hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks
- Ability to solve issues in real-time application development based on ASN.
- Ability to conduct further research in the domain of ASN

Syllabus

Introduction: The vision of Ambient Intelligence, Application examples, Types of applications, Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks(WSNs), Sensor networks vs Enabling Technologies for WSNs, Single node architecture: Hardware components, Energy consumption of sensor nodes, Some examples of sensor nodes, Operating systems and execution environments

Network architecture: Sensor network scenarios, Optimization goals and figures of merit, Design principles for WSNs, Physical layer and transceiver design considerations in WSNs

MAC Protocols: Fundamentals of (wireless) MAC protocols, Low duty cycle protocols and wakeup concepts, Contention-based protocols, Schedule-based protocols, The IEEE 802.15.4 MAC protocol, How about IEEE 802.11 and Bluetooth

Link layer protocols: Fundamentals: tasks and requirements, Error control, Framing, Link management

Naming and addressing: Fundamentals, Address and name management in wireless sensor networks, Assignment of MAC addresses, Content-based and geographic addressing

Routing protocols: The many faces of forwarding and routing, Energy-efficient unicast, Broadcast and multicast, Geographic routing.

Data-centric and content-based networking: Introduction, Data-centric routing, Data aggregation, Data-centric storage
**Transport layer and Quality of Service:** The transport layer and QoS in wireless sensor networks, Coverage and deployment, Reliable data transport, Single packet delivery, Block delivery, Congestion control and rate control

**Text Book**

6. SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives

- To understand the Software Project Planning and Evaluation techniques.
- To plan and manage projects at each stage of the software development life cycle (SDLC).
- To learn about the activity planning and risk management principles.
- To manage software projects and control software deliverables.
- To develop skills to manage the various phases involved in project management and people management.
- To deliver successful software projects that support organization’s strategic goals.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- Understand Project Management principles while developing software.
- Gain extensive knowledge about the basic project management concepts, framework and the process models.
- Obtain adequate knowledge about software process models and software effort estimation techniques.
- Estimate the risks involved in various project activities.
- Define the checkpoints, project reporting structure, project progress and tracking mechanisms using project management principles.
- Learn staff selection process and the issues related to people management

Syllabus

**Introduction to Software Project Management:** Introduction to Project and Project Management, Reasons for IT project failure, Triple constraint of IT project management, Management spectrum of project, Overview of project life cycle models, Project manager skills and job description conceptualization and initiation of IT project, Business case.

**Project Charter:** Introduction, Project management process and their correlation with project life cycle phases, Introduction to Project Integration management and seven processes, Project Charter.

**Project Scope Management:** Introduction, Processes of scope management.

Project Time and Cost Management: Introduction, Development of project schedule, CPM and PERT, Activities their sequencing and dependencies, Project network diagrams, Development of Gantt Charts, Earned Value Management, Introduction to Constructive Cost Model (COCOMO).


Project Procurement Management: Introduction, Processes Planning Purchases and Acquisition, Contracting, Request Seller Responses, Select Sellers, Contract Administration, Contract Closure, Outsourcing of products and services.

Project Leadership and Ethics: Introduction, Project Leadership, Modern approaches, Styles of leadership, Ethical leadership, Making sound ethical decisions in the situations of conflict.


Text Book


Reference Books

7. GRID COMPUTING

Course Objectives:

- Understand how Grid computing helps in solving large scale scientific problems.
- Gain knowledge on the concept of virtualization that is fundamental to cloud computing.
- Learn how to program the grid and the cloud.
- Understand the security issues in the grid and the cloud environment.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply grid computing techniques to solve large scale scientific problems
- Apply the concept of virtualization
- Use the grid and cloud tool kits
- Apply the security models in the grid and the cloud environment

Syllabus


Technologies and Architectures for Grid Computing

Clustering and Grid Computing, Issues in Data Grids, Key Functional Requirements in Grid Computing, Standards for Grid Computing, Recent Technological Trends in Large Data Grids

World Wide Grid Computing Activities, Organizations and Projects


Web Services and the Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)

History and Background, Service Oriented Architecture, How a Web Service Works, SOAP and WSDL, Description, Creating Web Services, Server Side.
OGSA and WSRF

Globus Toolkit
History of Globus Toolkit, Versions of Globus Toolkit, Applications of GT4-Cases, GT4-Approaches and Benefits, Infrastructure Management, Monitoring and Discovery, Security, Data, Choreography and Coordination, Main Features of GT4 Functionality – a Summary, GT4 Architecture, GT4 Command Line Programs, GT4 Containers

The Grid and the Databases
Issues in Database Integration with the Grid, The Requirements of a Grid-enabled Database, Storage Request Broker (SRB), How to Integrate the Databases with the Grid?, The Architecture of OGSA-DAI for Offering Grid Database Services

Cluster Computing: Approaches to Parallel Computing, How to Achieve Low Cost Parallel Computing through Clusters, Definition and Architecture of a Cluster, What is the Functionality a Cluster can Offer? Categories of Clusters


Text Books

Reference Books
8. CLOUD COMPUTING

Course Objectives

- To understand fundamental concepts in the area of cloud computing.
- To understand the concept of Virtualization and cloud data storage.
- To learn cloud Application Development and cloud Governance.
- To gain competence in Map Reduce and Hadoop Overview.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing.
- Develop applications for cloud computing.
- Design and Implement a novel cloud computing application.

Syllabus

**Introduction to cloud computing:** Cloud computing components, Infrastructure services, storage applications, database services – introduction to Saas, Paas, Iaas, Idaas, data storage in cloud

**Virtualization:** enabling technologies, types of virtualization, server virtualization, desktop virtualization, memory virtualization, application and storage virtualization tools and products available for virtualization

**SAAS and PAAS:** Getting started with Saas, SaaS solutions, SOA, PaaS and benefits.

**Iaas and Cloud data storage:** understanding Iaas, improving performance for load balancing, server types within Iaas, utilizing cloud based NAS devices, cloud based data storage, and backup services, cloud based block storage and database services

**Cloud Application development:** Client server distributed architecture for cloud designing cloud based solutions, coding cloud based applications, traditional Apps vs cloud Apps, client side programming, server side programming overview-fundamental treatment of web application frameworks.

**Cloud Governance and economics:** Securing the cloud, disaster recovery and business continuity in the cloud, Managing the cloud, migrating to the cloud, governing and evaluating the clouds business impact and economics,
**Inside Cloud**: Introduction to MapReduce and Hadoop-over view of big data and its impact on cloud

**Text Books**


**References Books**

1. Hadoop Map Reduce cookbook, Srinath Perera and Thilina Gunarathne, Packt Publishing
9. DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

Course objectives

- To explain fundamentals of Image processing concepts.
- To provide mathematical foundation of image enhancement, image compression and image segmentation.
- To explain the students about Morphology and its applications in image processing.
- To explain various methods and techniques for image transformation.

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to develop algorithms for fundamental concepts in Image processing.
- Ability to perform image enhancement, image compression and image segmentation using various methods.
- Ability to implement Image transformation techniques.

Syllabus


**Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain:** Arithmetic and Logical Operations, Pixel or Point Operations, Size Operations; Smoothing Filters-Mean, Median, Mode Filters – Comparative Study.

**Edge enhancement in spatial domain:** Edge enhancement filters, Directorial Filters, Sobel, Laplacian, Robert, KIRSCH Homogeneity & DIFF filters, PREWITT Filter, Contrast based edge enhancement techniques, Comparative study, Low pass filters, High pass filters, Sharpening filters, Comparative study, Color fundamentals and color model.

**Image Compression:** Run Length Encoding, modified run length encoding, Contour Coding, Huffman Code, Compression Due to Change in Domain, Compression Due to Quantization Compression at the Time of Image Transmission. Brief Discussion on:- Image Compression Standards.

**Image Segmentation:** Definition of segmentation, Characteristics of Segmentation, Detection of Discontinuities, Thresholding, Pixel Based Segmentation Method, Region Based Segmentation Methods, Segmentation by Pixel Aggregation, Segmentation by Sub Region Aggregation, Histogram Based Segmentation, Split and Merge Technique, Segmentation of moving objects.
Morphology: Dilation, Erosion, Opening, Closing, Hit-And-Miss Transform, Thinning, Thickening, Skeletons, Pruning Extensions to Gray – Scale Images Application of Morphology in I.P


Enhancement, Smoothening Filters in Frequency Domain. Butter Worth Filter, Homomorphic Filters in Frequency Domain Advantages of Filters in Frequency Domain, Comparative Study of Filters in Frequency, Domain and Spatial Domain.

Text Book
1. Digital Image Processing, Rafael C. Gonzalez And Richard E. Woods, Addision Wesley

Reference Books
10. MACHINE LEARNING

Course objectives

- introduce students to the approaches to machine learning and related algorithms
- familiarize students with ideas of concept learning, version spaces and issues regarding data sources
- understand representation and learning using Decision Trees, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms
- introduce students to Bayesian approaches and key concepts of Expectation Maximization
- introduce students to inductive and analytical learning problems and related concepts of inductive bias, using prior knowledge to initialize the hypothesis.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- describe learning tasks and various approaches, algorithms in machine learning
- understand concept learning, version spaces and related concepts of bias-free learning and active queries
- represent and formulate problems in Decision Trees, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms
- understand the basics of Bayes theorem and key concepts of Expectation Maximization in Bayesian approaches.

Syllabus

Introduction to Machine Learning, Applications of Machine learning, Supervisory Learning: Learning classes from examples, Vapnik-Charvonenkis (VC) Dimension, Probably Approximately Correct(PAC) Learning, noise, learning multiple classes, regression, model selection and generalization, dimensions of supervised machine learning algorithms

Bayesian Decision Theory: Classification, losses and risks, discriminant functions, utility theory, value of information, Bayesian networks, Influence diagrams, Association rules, Parametric Methods: Maximum likelihood estimation, evaluating an estimator with bias and variance, Bayes' estimator, parametric classification, regression, tuning model complexity: bias vs variance dilemma, model selection procedures

Multivariate methods: Multivariate data, parameter estimation, missing value imputation, univariate normal distribution and classification, discrete features, regression, Dimensionality Reduction: Subset selection, PCA, Factor Analysis, multi-dimensional scaling, LDA
Clustering: Mixture densities, K-means clustering, Expectation Maximization algorithm, mixtures of Latent Variable Models, Supervised learning after clustering, Hierarchical clustering, choosing number of clusters

Non-parametric methods: Non-parametric methods density estimation, generalisation to multivariate data, nonparametric classification, condensed nearest neighbors, non-parametric regression: smoothing models, choosing smoothing parameters

Decision trees and Linear Discrimination: Univariate classification and regression trees, rule extraction from trees, Multivariate trees, Generalizing linear model, two class and multi-class geometry of linear discriminant, pairwise separation, gradient descent, logistic discrimination for binary and multi-class problems, discrimination by regression, Support vector machines, optimal separating hyperplane, kernel functions for non-separable spaces, SVM for regression.


Text Book
1. Introduction to Machine Learning by Ethem Alpaydin, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006

Reference Books
11. DEEP LEARNING

Course objectives

- Provides a review of the basic concepts, approaches and limitations of traditional machine learning algorithms
- familiarize students with basic ideas of feed forward neural networks learning with Backpropagation of error and advancements towards deep learning
- introduce the optimization and regularization concepts in deep learning
- understand representation and learning using Convolutional Neural networks
- introduce students to sequential modelling using recurrent neural networks, with LSTM and other variants.

Course outcomes

- By the end of the course,
- Students will get the ability to analyse the ML concepts with an understanding on pros and cons of different ML approaches and their limitations
- Students will have clear understanding of ANN and Backpropagation algorithm
- Students will be able to model problems using CNN and RNNs for appropriate applications
- Ability to explore parameter setting for optimal performance of a deep learning model
- Knows the basic concepts of successful applications of Deep Learning like NLP and image processing


Deep forward Networks: Learning XOR, Gradient -based Learning, Hidden Units, Architecture Design, Back-propagation and other Differentiation algorithms

Regularization for Deep Learning: Parameter Norm Penalties, Norm Penalties as constrained Optimization, Regularization and under -constrained problems, dataset Augmentation, Noise robustness, semi-supervised learning, multitask learning, Early stopping, parameter tying and setting, sparse presentations, bagging and other ensemble methods, dropout, adversarial training, tangent distance, prop and manifold tangent classifier
Optimization for Training Deep Models: Difference between learning and pure optimization, Challenges in NN optimization, Basic algorithms, parameter Initialization strategies, Algorithms with adaptive learning rates, approximate second order methods, Optimization strategies and meta algorithms

Convolutional Networks: Convolution operation, Motivation, pooling, convolution and pooling as an infinitely strong prior, variants of basic convolution function, structured outputs, data types, efficient convolution algorithms, random or unsupervised features

Sequence Modeling: Recurrent and recursive nets: Unfolding computational graphs, recurrent neural networks, bidirectional RNNs, Encoder-decoder Sequence-to-sequence Architectures, Deep recurrent networks, recursive neural networks, challenge of long-term dependencies, echo state networks, leaky units and other strategies for multiple time scales, Long Short-term Memory (LSTM) and other gated RNNs

Practical methodology and applications: Performance metrics, default baseline models, determining whether to gather more data, selecting hyperparameters, debugging strategies, multidigit number recognition, large scale deep learning, applications in computer vision and NLP

Text Book

Reference Book
12. BIG DATA ANALYTICS

Course Objectives

This course is aimed at enabling the students to:

• Provide an overview of an exciting growing field of big data analytics.
• Introduce the tools required to manage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSQL, Map Reduce, HIVE, Cassandra, Spark.
• Teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
• Optimize business decisions and create competitive advantage with Big Data analytics

Course Outcomes

After the completion of the course, student will be able to:

• Illustrate on big data and its use cases from selected business domains.
• Interpret and summarize on NoSQL, Cassandra
• Analyze the HADOOP and Map Reduce technologies associated with big data analytics and explore on Big Data applications Using Hive.
• Make use of Apache Spark, RDDs etc. to work with datasets.
• Assess real time processing with Spark Streaming.

Syllabus

Introduction to big data, why big data, convergence of key trends, unstructured data, industry examples of big data, web analytics, big data and marketing, fraud and big data, risk and big data, credit risk management, big data and algorithmic trading, big data and healthcare, big data in medicine, advertising and big data, big data technologies, introduction to Hadoop, open source technologies, cloud and big data, mobile business intelligence, Crowd sourcing analytics, inter and trans firewall analytics.

Introduction to NoSQL, aggregate data models, aggregates, key-value and document data models, relationships, graph databases, schema less databases, materialized views, distribution models, sharding, master-slave replication, peer- peer replication, sharding and replication, consistency, relaxing consistency, version stamps, Working with Cassandra Table creation, loading and reading data.

Data formats, analyzing data with Hadoop, scaling out, Architecture of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS), fault tolerance ,with data replication, High availability, Data locality , Map Reduce Architecture, Process flow, Java interface, data flow, Hadoop I/O, data integrity, compression, serialization.

Introduction to Hive, data types and file formats, HiveQL data definition, HiveQL data manipulation, Logical joins, Window functions, Optimization, Table partitioning, Bucketing, Indexing, Join strategies.
Apache Spark - Advantages over Hadoop, lazy evaluation, In memory processing, DAG, Spark context, Spark Session, RDD, Transformations- Narrow and Wide, Actions, Data frames ,RDD to Data frames, Catalyst optimizer, Data Frame Transformations, Working with Dates and Timestamps, Working with Nulls in Data,

Working with Complex Types, Working with JSON, Grouping, Window Functions, Joins, Data Sources, Broadcast Variables, Accumulators, Deploying Spark- On-Premises Cluster Deployments, Cluster Managers- Standalone Mode, Spark on YARN , Spark Logs, The Spark UI- Spark UI History Server, Debugging and Spark First Aid


Text Books
1. Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging, Michael Minnelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj

Reference Books
13. NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

Course Objectives

This course introduces the fundamental concepts and techniques of natural language processing (NLP).

- Students will gain an in-depth understanding of the computational properties of natural languages and the commonly used algorithms for processing linguistic information.
- The course examines NLP models and algorithms using both the traditional symbolic and the more recent statistical approaches.
- Enable students to be capable to describe the application based on natural language processing and to show the points of syntactic, semantic and pragmatic processing.

Course Outcomes

After completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate a given text with basic Language features
- To design an innovative application using NLP components
- Explain a rule based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language
- To design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications
- To compare and contrast the use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications.

Syllabus


Text Books

Reference Books
14. SOFT COMPUTING

Course objectives

- To understand the role of imprecision and uncertainty in real world scenarios.
- To explain the role of Soft Computing in addressing the imprecision and uncertainty.
- To explain the principal components of soft computing that include Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic, Artificial Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms and Rough Sets.
- To learn the Design and Implementation of Soft Computing methodologies.
- To explain the design of hybrid systems which is combination of one or more soft computing methodologies mentioned.

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

- Ability to represent uncertainty / imprecision data.
- Ability to select a suitable method of Soft Computing to solve a particular problem.
- Ability to build hybrid systems using Soft Computing techniques.

Syllabus


Evolutionary and Stochastic Techniques: Genetic Algorithm (GA), Genetic Representations, (Encoding) Initialization and Selection, Different Operators of GA, Analysis of Selection Operations, Hypothesis of Building Blocks, Schema Theorem and Convergence

**Rough Set:** Introduction, Imprecise Categories Approximations and Rough Sets, Reduction of Knowledge, Decision Tables and Applications. Hybrid Systems: Neural Network-Based Fuzzy Systems, Fuzzy Logic-Based Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithm for Neural Network Design and Learning, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm for Optimization, Applications

**Text Books**

3. Intelligent Hybrid Systems, D. Ruan, Kluwer Academic Publisher, 1997

**Reference Books**

1. Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems, N.P.Padhy, Oxford University Press.
15. E-COMMERCE

Course objectives

• Introduce students to electronic commerce and its various applications

• Provide knowledge of electronic payment systems and risks involved, electronic data interchange, inter-organizational and intra-organizational commerce

• Introduce students to concepts of information based marketing including online marketing, advertising on internet, consumer search

• Provide knowledge of multimedia concepts including digital video and electronic commerce, video conferencing and video processing.

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• Understand the framework of electronic commerce and its various applications

• Explain the types of electronic payment systems and risks involved in such systems

• Understand online marketing and information based marketing concepts including consumer search, information retrieval, advertising on internet.

Syllabus


Electronic Payment Systems – Types of Electronic Payment Systems, Digital Token-Based, Smart Cards, Credit Cards, Risks in Electronic Payment Systems, Designing Electronic Payment Systems

Electronic Data Inter Change, Inter Organizational Commerce - EDI, EDI Implementation, Value Added Networks.

Intra Organizational Commerce, Macro Forces and Internal Commerce, Work Flow Automation and Coordination, Customization and Internal Commerce, Supply Chain Management.


**Text Book**

**Reference Books**
3. E-Commerce, Efrain Turbon, Jae Lee, David King, H.Michael Chang - Pearson
OPEN ELECTIVES

1. CYBER SECURITY & DIGITAL FORENSICS

Course Objectives

• Understand the threats in networks and security concepts.
• Apply authentication applications in different networks.
• Understand security services for email.
• Awareness of firewall and its applications.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• Differentiate among different types of security attacks.
• Define computer forensics.
• Identify the process in taking digital evidence.
• Describe how to conduct an investigation using methods of memory, operating system, and network and email forensics.
• Assess the different forensics tools.

Syllabus


Penetration Testing: Overview of the web from a penetration tester’s perspective, Exploring the various servers and clients, Discussion of the various web architectures, Discussion of the different types of vulnerabilities, Defining a web application test scope and process, Defining types of penetration testing.


**Information Risk Management:** Asset Evaluation and Business Impact Analysis, Risk Identification, Risk Quantification, Risk Response Development and Control, Security Policy, Compliance, and Business Continuity. Forensic investigation using Access Data FTK, En-Case

**Cyber Incident Analysis and Response:** Incident Preparation, Incident Detection and Analysis. Containment, Eradication, and Recovery. Proactive and Post-Incident Cyber Services, CIA triangle

**Books**

1. The Official CHFI Study Guide for Computer Hacking Forensic Investigator by Dave Kleiman
2. BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts of block chain technology and to explore the driving force behind the crypto currency Bitcoin.
- To understand about the different methods of Decentralization using Block Chain and different Bitcoins and Alternative Coins.
- To understand about Ethereum and applications using Smart contracts and Block Chain Applications

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the types, benefits and limitation of block chain.
- Explore the block chain decentralization and cryptography concepts.
- Enumerate the Bitcoin features and its alternative options.
- Describe and deploy the smart contracts

Syllabus

Block Chain and its History:


Decentralization and Consensus Algorithms:

Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Routes to decentralization, Decentralized organizations, Distributed systems, Distributed ledger, Merkle tree, structure of a block, Consensus

Algorithms- Proof of Work, Proof of Stack, Proof of Burn, Proof of Elapsed Time, Proof of Activity, Proof of Concept.

Bitcoin and Alternative Coins:

Ethereum and smart contracts:

Ethereum Architecture, solidity programming basics, Smart Contract, Deploying Smart Contracts, Integration with UI.

Blockchain Applications:


Text Books


Reference Books

3. MOBILE COMPUTING

Course objectives

• To introduce the basic concepts and principles in mobile computing. This includes major techniques involved, and networks & systems issues for the design and implementation of mobile computing systems and applications.

• To explore both theoretical and practical issues of mobile computing.

• To provide an opportunity for students to understand the key components and technologies involved and to gain hands-on experiences in building mobile applications.

Course outcomes

On successful completion of course, the student will be able:

• To identify basic concepts and principles in mobile communication & computing, cellular architecture.

• To describe the components and functioning of mobile networking.

• To classify variety of security techniques in mobile network.

• To describe and apply the concepts of mobility management

Syllabus


User Interface Widgets: Working with Button, Toast, Custom Toast, Button, Toggle Button, Switch Button, Image Button, Check Box, Alert Dialog, Spinner, Spinner and other widgets, Auto Complete Text View, Rating Bar, Date Picker, Time Picker, Progress Bar, Activity life cycle and example, Intents-types, Fragment lifecycle and types.

Android Menu, Layouts and Views: Option Menu, Context Menu, Popup Menu, Types of layouts-Relative, Linear, Table, Grid. Types of views- Grid, Web, Scroll, Search, Tab Host, Dynamic List, Expanded List views.

Android services and Data storage: web service, Android services, Android Service API, lifecycle and examples. Shared preferences, Soap Vs Restful web service, , Internal storage, External storage, Sqlite Databases, Storing data into external oracle database.

Speech API and Telephony API, Web services: Text To Speech API, Example, managing speech and pitch, Speech to text. Telephony manager, Get calls state, call tracker, make phone call and send SMS, Email. Web Service introduction, SOAP vs RESTFUL web services, external oracle data base connections.

Content Providers and Notifications: Fundamentals of content providers, Content URI, Creation of custom content provider. Notification API, Notification Builder, Issuing notifications, Notification Compact builder, Examples

Text Book
1. Beginning Android 4 Application Development- WEI-MENG LEE, Wiley India Pvt.ltd

Reference Books
1. Introduction to Android Application Development: Android Essentials,4/E, Joseph Annuzzi, Jr.Lauren Darcey, Shane Conder, Pearson Education publishers
2. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India Pvt.ltd
3. Android Application Development, Pradeep Kothari, Dreamtech publications
4. MOBILE ADHOC NETWORKS

Course Objectives

• To understand the concepts of mobile adhoc networks

• To understand the concepts of wireless LANs, wireless adhoc networks, types and their routing protocols

• To introduce students to mobile communications and mobile computing

• To understand basics of Mobile Data Networks, MANETs and other wireless technologies

Course outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to demonstrate:

• Ability to understand the state-of-the-art research in the emerging subject of Mobile Adhoc Networks

• Explain basics, standards and topologies of wireless LANs

• Understand basics, types, routing protocols and applications of wireless adhoc networks

• Understand basics of Mobile Data Networks, MANETs and other wireless technologies

Syllabus


Wireless Local Area Networks: Introduction-WLAN topologies-IEEE 802.11 Standards ,MAC Protocols, Comparison of 802.11 a,b,g and n Standards, HIPER LAN, ZigBee802.15.4,WirelessLocalLoop


Mobile Data Networks: Location/mobility management, Mobile IP, Dynamic routing protocols, Location-based protocols, Emerging topics: sensor networking, Data-Oriented CDPD network, GPRS and higher data rates, Short messaging service in GSM.


Text Books

Reference Books
5. RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS

Course Objectives

- This course covers the basic concepts of recommender systems, including personalization algorithms, evaluation tools, and user experiences

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Describe basic concepts behind recommender systems
- Explain a variety of approaches for building recommender systems
- Describe system evaluation methods from both algorithmic and users’ perspectives
- Describe applications of recommender systems in various domains

Syllabus

**Collaborative recommendations:** User-based nearest neighbor recommendation, Item-based nearest neighbor recommendation, About ratings, Model-based and Preprocessing-based approaches, Recent practical approaches and Systems.

**Content-based recommendation:** Content representation and content similarity, Similarity-based retrieval, Other text classification methods.

**Knowledge-based recommendation:** Introduction, Knowledge representation and reasoning, Interacting with constraint--based recommenders, Interacting with case-based recommenders, Example applications.

**Hybrid recommendation approaches:** Opportunities for hybridization, Monolithic hybridization design, Parallelized hybridization design, Pipelined hybridization design.

**Evaluating recommender systems:** Introduction, General properties of evaluation research, Popular evaluation designs, Evaluation on historical datasets, Alternate evaluation designs.

**Attacks on collaborative recommender systems:** A first example, Attack dimensions, Attack types, Evaluation of effectiveness and countermeasures, Countermeasures, Privacy aspects - distributed collaborative filtering.

**Online consumer decision making:** Introduction, Context effects, Primacy/recency effects, Further effects, Personality and social psychology. Recommender systems and the next-generation web: Trust aware recommender systems, Folksonomies and more, Ontological filtering, Extracting semantics from the web.
Text Book


Reference Book

6. INFORMATION RETRIEVAL

Course objectives

• To provide an overview of Information Retrieval.
• To introduce students about insights of the several topics of Information retrieval such as Boolean retrieval model, Vector space model.
• To provide comprehensive details about various evaluation methods.
• To provide implementation insight about the topics covered in the course.

Course outcomes

By the end of the course:

• Students will get an understanding of different information retrieval models.
• Students will know evaluation methods of the information retrieval model.
• Students will know the challenges associated with each topic.

Syllabus

**Introduction to Information storage and retrieval systems:** Domain Analysis of IR systems, IR and other types of Information Systems, IR System Evaluation, Introduction to Data structures and algorithms related to Information Retrieval: Basic Concepts, Data structures, Algorithms.

**Inverted Files:** Introduction, Structures used in Inverted Files, Building an Inverted files using a sorted array, Modifications to the Basic Techniques.

**Signature Files:** Introduction, Concepts of Signature files, Compression, Vertical Partitioning, Horizontal Partitioning.

**New Indices for Text:** PAT Trees and PAT Arrays: Introduction, PAT Tree structure, Algorithms on the PAT Trees, Building PAT Trees as PATRICA Trees, PAT representation as Arrays.

**Lexical Analysis and Stop lists:** Introduction, Lexical Analysis, Stop lists.

**Stemming Algorithms:** Introduction, Types of Stemming algorithms, Experimental Evaluations of Stemming, Stemming to Compress Inverted Files.

**Thesaurus Construction:** Introduction, Features of Thesauri, Thesaurus Construction, Thesaurus construction from Texts, Merging existing Thesauri.

Reference Books

5. Information Storage and Retrieval, Robert Korfhage, John Wiley & Sons.
6. Introduction to Information Retrieval, Manning, Raghavan, Cambridge University Press
7. NoSQL DATABASES

Course Objectives

- Define NoSQL, its characteristics and history, and the primary benefits for using NoSQL data
- Define the major types of NoSQL databases including a primary use case and advantages/disadvantages of each type
- Create wide-column, document, key-value, graph and object-oriented databases, add content, and run queries.
- Describe the NoSQL data architecture patterns
- Perform basic database administration tasks.
- Develop NoSQL desktop and cloud database solutions.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Enumerate different features of NoSQL Databases
- Compare different data models
- Design a Key-Value Database for a real world problem
- Design a Document Database for a real world problem
- Design a Graph Database for a real world problem

Syllabus

Introduction to NoSQL. The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL.


More Details on Data Models. Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access, Distribution Models, Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication, Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums

Key-Value Databases. Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preferences, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multi operation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets
**Document Databases**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

**Column-Family Stores**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Counters.

**Graph Databases**, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services Recommendation Engines

**Text Books**

**Reference Books**
1. Gauravvaish, Getting started with NoSQL , PACKT publishing, ISBN: 978184969488
8. DATABASE & WEB APPLICATION SECURITY

Course Objectives

- Introduce various threats and vulnerabilities in database security, Context and control based access control
- Introduce the basic principles of web application security, Authentication, Authorization
- Introduce the basics of IT security and mobile device security
- Introduce the basics of security testing and penetration testing

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- Explain the various threats and vulnerabilities in database security
- Understand the basic principles of web application security, Authentication, Authorization
- Explain the basics of IT security and mobile device security
- Apply security testing and penetration testing

Syllabus

**Database security** – Introduction includes threats, vulnerabilities and breaches, Basics of database design, DB security – concepts, approaches and challenges, types of access controls, Oracle VPD,

**Discretionary and Mandatory access control** – Principles, applications and poly-instantiation, Database inference problem, types of inference attacks, distributed database, security levels, SQL-injection: types and advanced concepts.

**Security in relational data model**, concurrency controls and locking, SQL extensions to security (oracle as an example), System R concepts, Context and control based access control, Hippocratic databases, Database watermarking, Database intrusion, Secure data outsourcing,

**Web application security**, Basic principles and concepts, Authentication, Authorization, Browser security principles; XSS and CSRF, same origin policies, File security principles, Secure development and deployment methodologies, Web DB principles, OWASP – Top 10 – Detailed treatment,

**IoT security** – OWASP Top 10 – Detailed treatment, Mobile device security – Introduction, attack vector and models, hardware centric security aspects, SMS / MMS vulnerabilities, software centric security aspects, mobile web browser security,
**Application security** – Concepts, CIA Triad, Hexad, types of cyber attacks, Introduction to software development vulnerabilities, code analyzers – Static and dynamic analyzers.

**Security testing / Penetration testing** – Principles and concepts, PT work flows and examples, blind tests, ethical hacking techniques, synthetic transactions, interface testing and fuzzing, SDLC phases and security mandates.

**Text Books**


9. DATA SCIENCE

Course Objectives

• Provide students with the knowledge and expertise to become a proficient data scientist.
• Demonstrate an understanding of statistics and machine learning concepts that are vital for data science
• Learn to statistically analyze a dataset;

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, student will be able to

• Describe what Data Science is and the skill sets needed to be a data scientist
• Explain in basic terms what Statistical Inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data
• Use R to carry out basic statistical modeling and analysis
• Apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to carry out EDA. Describe the Data Science Process and how its components interact.

Syllabus


Gradient Descent: The Idea Behind Gradient Descent, Estimating the Gradient, Using the Gradient, Choosing the Right Step Size, Using Gradient Descent to Fit Models, Minibatch and Stochastic Gradient Descent.

Getting Data: stdin and stdout, Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs,

Working with Data: Exploring Your DataUsing NamedTuples Dataclasses, Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, Dimensionality Reduction.

Machine Learning: Modeling, Overfitting and Underfitting, Correctness, The Bias-Variance Tradeoff, Feature Extraction and Selection, k-Nearest Neighbors, Naive Bayes, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Regression, Digression, Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machines, Decision Trees

Recommender Systems: Manual Curation, Recommending What’s Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Collaborative Filtering, Matrix Factorization

Data Ethics, Building Bad Data Products, Trading Off Accuracy and Fairness, Collaboration, Interpretability, recommendations, Biased Data, Data Protection IPython, Mathematics, NumPy, pandas, scikit-learn, Visualization, R Up Hierarchical Clustering.

Text Books

Reference Books
10. BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Course objectives

- To introduce students to problem solving with Business Analytics and the use of spreadsheets for descriptive analytics, data queries and visualization
- To introduce students to statistical sampling, sampling distributions, confidence intervals and statistical inference
- To familiarize students with various types of regression including simple linear regression and multiple linear regression

Course outcomes

After completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Describe data and models used for Business Analytics and apply various descriptive analytic techniques to analyze data
- Estimate population parameters, interval estimates, construct confidence intervals and perform hypothesis testing
- Estimate and interpret the parameters of simple linear regression and multiple linear regressions

Syllabus

Foundations of Business Analytics: Evolution of Business Analytics, Scope, data and models for Business Analytics, problem solving with Business Analytics, Analytics on spreadsheets, Excel functions for Database queries, Add-ons for Business Analytics. Descriptive Analytics: Data visualization, creating charts in MS Excel, Data Queries, Tables, sorting and filtering, Data summarization with statistics, Data exploration using Pivot tables

Statistical Sampling: methods, estimating population parameters, sampling error, sampling distributions, interval estimates, confidence intervals, using confidence intervals for decision making, prediction intervals Statistical Inference: Hypothesis testing, one-sample Hypothesis testing, two-tailed test of Hypothesis for mean, two-sample Hypothesis testing, Analysis of variance, chi-square test for independence

Trendliness and Regression: Modelling Relationships and trends in data, Simple linear regression, least squares regression, regression on analysis of variance, testing hypothesis for regression coefficients, Confidence intervals for regression coefficients, Residual analysis and regression assumptions, Multiple linear regression, building regression models, regression with categorical independent variables with two or more levels, regression with nonlinear terms, advanced techniques for regression modelling
**Forecasting Techniques:** Qualitative and judgemental forecasting, statistical forecasting models, forecasting models for stationery time series, forecasting models for time series with linear trend, forecasting models for time series with seasonality, selecting appropriate time-series-based forecasting models, regression forecasting with casual variables, practice of forecasting

**Spreadsheet modeling and Analysis:** Strategies for predictive decision modelling, Implementing models on spreadsheet, spreadsheet applications in Business analytics, Model assumptions, complexity and realism, developing user-friendly applications, analyzing uncertainty and model assumptions, model analysis using analytics solver platform

**Linear Optimization & Applications:** Building Linear Optimization Models on spreadsheets, solving Linear Optimization models, Graphical interpretation of linear optimization, Using optimization models of prediction and insight, Types of constraints in optimization models, process selection models, Blending Models, Portfolio Investment models

**Text Book**


**Reference Book**

11. HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION

Course Objectives

• To gain an overview of Human-Computer Interaction, with an understanding of user interface design in general, and alternatives to traditional "keyboard and mouse" computing

• be able to predict user performance in various human-computer interaction tasks

• appreciate the importance of a design that maintains a focus on the user; be familiar with a variety of both conventional and non-traditional user interface paradigms

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

• apply HCI and principles to interaction design.

• appreciate importance of user documentation and information search

Syllabus

Introduction: Usability of Interactive Systems- introduction, usability goals and measures, usability motivations, universal usability, goals for our profession Managing Design Processes: Introduction, Organizational design to support usability, Four pillars of design, development methodologies, Ethnographic observation, Participatory design, Scenario Development, Social impact statement for early design review, legal issues, Usability Testing and Laboratories

Menu Selection, Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes: Introduction, Task- Related Menu Organization, Single menus, Combinations of Multiple Menus, Content Organization, Fast Movement Through Menus, Data entry with Menus: Form Fill-in, dialog Boxes, and alternatives, Audio Menus and menus for Small Displays

Command and Natural Languages: Introduction, Command organization Functionality, Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations, Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices: Introduction, Keyboards and Keypads, Pointing Devices, Speech and Auditory Interfaces, Displays- Small and large


User Documentation and Online Help: Introduction, Online Vs Paper Documentation, Reading from paper Vs from Displays, Shaping the content of the Documentation, Accessing the Documentation, Online tutorials and animated documentation, Online communities for User Assistance, The Development Process
Information Search: Introduction, Searching in Textual Documents and Database Querying, Multimedia Document Searches, Advanced Filtering and Searching Interfaces

Information Visualization: Introduction, Data Type by Task Taxonomy, Challenges for Information Visualization

Text Books
1. Designing the User Interface, Strategies for Effective Human Computer Interaction, 5ed, Ben
2. Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven M Jacobs, Pearson
3. The Essential guide to user interface design,2/e, Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley DreamaTech.

Reference Books
2. Designing the user interface. 4/e, Ben Shneidermann , PEA.
12. BIO-INFORMATICS

Course Objectives

- To understand fundamental concepts in the area of Bioinformatics.
- To understand the concept of DNA Sequence analysis and Protein Information Resources.
- To learn Pairwise alignment techniques and Secondary database searching.
- To gain competence in Analysis packages.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student should be:

- Able to understand the application areas of Bioinformatics.
- Able to realize the revolution of Bioinformatics in present areas
- Able to understand building blocks of Bioinformatics and characteristics.

Syllabus

**Basic Biology:** What is life? The unity and the diversity of living things. Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, Yeast and People, Evolutionary time and relatedness, Living parts: Tissues, cells, compartments and organelles, Central dogma of molecular biology, Concept of DNA, RNA, Protein and metabolic pathway. What is Bioinformatics? Recent challenges in Bioinformatics.

**Biological databases:** Their needs and challenges. Example of different biological databases – sequence, structure, function, micro-array, pathway, etc.

**Sequence Analysis:** Theory and Tools: Pairwise alignment – Different local and global search alignment, Heuristic searches (like BLAST) applicable to search against database, Multiple alignment algorithms, Whole genome comparison.

**Walk through the genome:** Prediction of regulatory motifs, Operon, Gene, splices site, etc.

**Markov models:** Hidden Markov models – The evaluation, decoding and estimation problem and the algorithms. Application in sequence analysis.

**Molecular phylogeny:** maximum Parsimony, distance Matrix and maximum likelihood methods. Concepts of adaptive evolution.

**Application of graph theory in Biology:** Biochemical Pathway, Protein-protein interaction network, Regulatory network and their analysis.
Text Books

1. Bioinformatics: David Mount

HSS ELECTIVES

1. INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Course Objectives

- To familiarize the students with the concepts of Management.
- To relate the concepts of Management with industrial organizations.
- To explain the factors affecting productivity and how productivity can be increased in an Industrial undertaking.
- To set forth a basic framework for understanding Entrepreneurship.

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the roles, skills and functions of management.
- Distinguish the different types of business organizations.
- Identify the factors involved in Production Operations Management.
- Diagnose organizational problems and take suitable decisions.
- Establish good Human Resource Management practices.
- Acquire necessary knowledge and skills required for organizing and carrying out entrepreneurial activities

Learning Outcomes

- Understand the nature and functions of Management.
- Ability to plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate organizational activities.
- Categorize business organizations on the basis of ownership and functioning and determine the choice of an appropriate form of business organization
- Analyse various factors for selecting the location for a Business Enterprise.
- Apply Break-even analysis to take managerial decisions.
- Design and formulate various Human Resource Management processes.
- Raise necessary capital from different sources.
- Design effective marketing strategies
• Understand and evaluate the key entrepreneurial skills needed to initiate and develop a successful business

• Understand the institutions that aid Entrepreneurship development.

• Acquire the ability to promote a business enterprise.

Syllabus

Basic Concepts of Management:

Management : - Definition, Nature and Importance ; Functions of the Management; Levels of Management; F.W Taylor's Scientific Management; Henry Fayol's Principles of Management;


Production and operations Management: Plant location- Factors to be considered in the selection of Plant location; Break - even analysis- Significance and managerial applications; Importance of Production Planning and Control and its Functions; Human Resource Management and Functions of Human Resource Manager (in brief); Functions of Marketing; Methods of Raising Finance.


Text Books


Reference Books


2. ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts of organisational behaviour, its foundations and importance.
- To enable students to have a basic perspective of Motivation and Motivation theories.
- To acquaint the students about group behaviour in organizations, including communication, leadership conflicts and organizational change and how these are linked to and impact organizational performance.

Course Outcomes

- Identifying fundamental aspects of organizational dynamics.
- Evaluate main theories of motivation and formulating suitable motivational strategies.
- Analyze the behaviour of individuals and groups in organizations.
- Understanding of Leadership theories and Leadership behaviour.
- Apply relevant theories, concepts to address important Organizational Behaviour questions

Learning Outcomes

- Understand the nature and role of Organizational Behaviour and its relevance to the workplace.
- Analyze and compare different theories of Motivation and design strategies to improve motivation at the workplace.
- Gain insights of group dynamics and demonstrate skills required for team building. Examine factors which influence group cohesiveness and performance.
- Identify the various Leadership Styles and adopt suitable style.
- Communicate effectively in oral and written forms.
- Develop appropriate methods and styles of communication for the organization.
- Adopt strategies for managing conflicts in organizations.
- Implement Organizational change in a planned way and overcome resistance to change if any.
Syllabus


Group Dynamics: Meaning - Concept of Group - Types of groups - Formal and Informal groups - Group development - Group cohesiveness and factors affecting group cohesiveness.

Leadership: Concept of Leadership - Difference between Leadership and Management - Importance of Leadership - Leadership styles: Autocratic leadership, Participative leadership and Free Rein leadership.

Communication: Meaning - Communication Process - Forms of communication: Oral, Written and Non-Verbal communication - Direction of communication: Downward, Upward and Horizontal communication.


Text Books
1. L.M.Prasad: Organisational Beaviour, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi -110002

Reference Books
3. OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Course Objectives

- Formulate a real-world problem as a mathematical programming model
- Implement and solve the model in EXCEL and LINDO
- Understand the theoretical workings of the simplex method for linear programming and perform iterations of it by hand
- Understand the relationship between a linear program and its dual, including strong duality and complementary slackness
- Perform sensitivity analysis to determine the direction and magnitude of change of a model’s optimal solution as the data change
- Solve specialized linear programming problems like the transportation and assignment problems
- Solve network models like the shortest path, minimum spanning tree, and maximum flow problems
- Understand the applications of, basic methods for, and challenges in integer programming

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Students will be able to describe characteristics and scope of OR.
- Students will be able to define and formulate mathematical problems.
- Students will be able to select optimal problems solving techniques for a given problem using LP.
- Students will be able to formulate and solve transportation, travelling sales man and transshipment problems.
- Students will be able to formulate and solve optimization problems related to job/ work assignments.
- Students will be able to demonstrate and solve simple models of Game theory.
- Students will be able to evaluate optimum solution using dynamic programming for different applications.
- Students will be able to choose / devise appropriate queuing model for practical application.
- Students will be able to solve different problems related to Network
Syllabus

**Overview of Operations Research:** Types of OR Models, Phases of Operations Research – OR Techniques, Introduction to Linear Programming, Formulation of Linear Programming Problem, Graphical Solution; Graphical Sensitivity Analysis

**Linear Programming Problem:** Standard Form of LPP, Basic Feasible Solutions, Unrestricted Variables, Simplex Algorithm, Artificial Variables, Big M Method, Two Phase Simplex Method, Degeneracy, Alternative Optimal, Unbounded Solutions, Infeasible Solutions, Primal And Dual Problems And Their Relations, Dual Simplex Method

**Transportation Problem:** Transportation Problem as LPP, Initial Solutions, North West Corner Rule, Lowest Cost Method, Vogels Approximation Method, Optimum Solutions of TPP, Degeneracy in Transportation, Transportation Algorithms

**Assignment Problem:** Assignment Problem as LPP, Hungarian Method, Travelling Salesman Problem, Solutions Of TSP, Sequencing Problems- N-Jobs Two Machine Problems, NJobs K Machines Problems, Two-Jobs M- Machine Problems, Crew Scheduling Problems

**Project management:** Network Representation of A Project, CPM and PERT, Critical Path Calculations, Time – Cost Optimizations, PERT Analysis and Probability Considerations, Resource Analysis in Network Scheduling.

**Replacement Problems**-Individual And Group Replacement Policy, Reliability & System Failure Problems, Inventory-Factors Effecting Inventory- EOQ, Inventory Problems With and Without Shortages, Inventory Problems With Price Breakups, Multi Item Deterministic Problems, Probabilistic Inventory Problems

**Theory of Games:** Two Person Zero Sum Games, Mixed Strategy Games and Their Algorithms.

**Text Books**


**Reference Books**


