### ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

**B.A/B.Sc., STATISTICS (WM) CBCS REVISED SYLLABUS 2020-21**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Semester** | **Paper** | **Subject** | **IA** | **EA** | **Total** |
| **1** | **I** | I | Descriptive Statistics  | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| **II** | II | Probability Theory and Distributions | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| **2** | **III** | III | Statistical Inference | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| **IV** | IV | Sampling Techniques and Design of Experiments | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | V | Applied Statistics | 25 | 75 | 100 |

**OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE**

Statistics is a key to success in the field of science and technology. Today, the students need a thorough knowledge of fundamental basic principles, methods, results and a clear perception of the power of statistical ideas and tools to use them effectively in modeling, interpreting and solving the real life problems. Statistics plays an important role in the context of globalization of Indian economy, modern technology, computer science and information technology.

***The main objectives of the course are***

* To build the basis for promoting theoretical and application aspects of statistics.
* To underline the statistics as a science of decision making in the real life problems with the description of uncertainty.
* To emphasize the relevance of statistical tools and techniques of analysis in the study of inter-disciplinary sciences.
* To acquaint students with various statistical methods and their applications in different fields.
* To cultivate statistical thinking among students.
* To develop skills in handling complex problems in data analysis and research design.
* To prepare students for future courses having quantitative components.

This course is aimed at preparing the students to hope with the latest developments and compete with students from other universities and put them on the right track.

**Paper Wise Objectives**

**PAPER-I: Descriptive Statistics**

* The objective of this paper is to throw light on the role of statistics in different fields with special reference to business and economics.
* It gives the students to review good practice in presentation and the format most applicable to their own data.
* The measures of central tendency or averages reduce the data to a single value which is highly useful for making comparative studies.
* The measures of dispersion throw light on reliability of average and control of variability
* The concept of Correlation and Linear Regression deals with studying the linear relationship between two or more variables, which is needed to analyze the real life problems.
* The attributes gives an idea that how to deal with qualitative data.

**PAPER-II: Probability Theory and Distributions**

* This paper deals with the situation where there is uncertainty and how to measure that uncertainty by defining the probability, random variable and mathematical expectation which are essential in all research areas.
* This paper gives an idea of using various standard theoretical distributions, their chief characteristics and applications in analyzing any data.

**PAPER-III:Statistical Inference**

* This paper deals with standard sampling distributions like Chi Square, t and F and their characteristics and applications.
* This paper deals with the different techniques of point estimation for estimating the parameter values of population and interval estimation for population parameters.
* In this paper, various topics of Inferential Statistics such as interval estimation,Testing of Hypothesis, large sample tests (Z-test), small sample tests (t-test, F-test, chi-square test) and non-parametric tests are dealt with. These techniques play an important role in many fields like pharmaceutical, agricultural, medical etc.

**PAPER-IV: Sampling Techniques and Design of Experiments**

* The sampling techniques deals with the ways and methods that should be used to draw samples to obtain the optimum results, i.e., the maximum information about the characteristics of the population with the available sources at our disposal in terms of time, money and manpower to obtain the best possible estimates of the population parameters
* This paper throw light on understanding the variability between group and within group through Analysis of Variance
* This gives an idea of logical construction of Experimental Design and applications of these designs now days in various research areas.
* Factorial designs allow researchers to look at how multiple factors affect a dependent variable, both independently and together.

**PAPER-V: Applied Statistics**

* This paper deals the time series on simple description methods of data, explains the variation, forecasting the future values, control procedures.
* It gives an idea of using index numbers in a range of practical situations, limitations and uses
* The vital statistics enlighten the students in obtaining different mortality, fertility rates thus obtaining the population growth rates and construction and use of life tables in actuarial science.

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**Semester – I (CBCS With Maths Combination Common to BA/BSc)**

### Paper - I: Descriptive Statistics

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction to Statistics**: Importance of Statistics. Scope of Statistics in different fields. Concepts of primary and secondary data. Diagrammatic and graphical representation of data: Histogram, frequency polygon, Ogives, Pie. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric Mean and Harmonic Mean. Median and Mode through graph.

#### UNIT-II

**Measures of Dispersion**: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation, Variance. Central and Non-Central moments and their interrelationship. Sheppard's correction for moments. Skewness and kurtosis.

#### UNIT-III

#### Curve fitting: Bi- variate data, Principle of least squares, fitting of degree polynomial. Fitting of straight line, Fitting of Second degree polynomial or parabola, Fitting of power curve and exponential curves.

**Correlation:** Meaning, Types of Correlation, Measures of Correlation: Scatter diagram, Karl Pearson’s Coefficient of Correlation, Rank Correlation Coefficient (with and without ties), Bi-variate frequency distribution, correlation coefficient for bi-variate data and simple problems. Concept of multiple and partial correlation coefficients (three variables only ) and properties

#### UNIT-IV

**Regression :**Concept of Regression, Linear Regression: Regression lines, Regression coefficients and it’s properties, Regressions lines for bi-variate data and simple problems. Correlation vs regression.

#### UNIT-V

**Attributes :** Notations, Class, Order of class frequencies, Ultimate class frequencies, Consistency of data, Conditions for consistency of data for 2 and 3 attributes only , Independence of attributes , Association of attributes and its measures, Relationship between association and colligation of attributes, Contingencytable: Square contingency**,** Mean square contingency, Coefficient of mean square contingency, Tschuprow’s coefficient of contingency.

#### Text Books:

1. V.K.Kapoor and S.C.Gupta: Fundamentals of MathematicalStatistics,Sultan Chand & Sons, NewDelhi.

2 BA/BSc I year statistics - descriptive statistics, probability distribution - Telugu Academy

- Dr M.JaganmohanRao,DrN.Srinivasa Rao, Dr P.Tirupathi Rao, Smt.D.Vijayalakshmi.

3. K.V.S. Sarma: Statistics Made Simple: Do it yourself on PC. PHI

#### Reference books:

1. Willam Feller: Introduction to Probability theory and its applications. Volume –I,Wiley
2. Goon AM, Gupta MK, Das Gupta B : Fundamentals of Statistics , Vol-I, the World Press Pvt.Ltd.,Kolakota.
3. Hoel P.G: Introduction to mathematical statistics, Asia Publishinghouse.
4. M. JaganMohan Rao and Papa Rao: A Text book of StatisticsPaper-I.
5. Sanjay Arora and Bansi Lal: New Mathematical Statistics: Satya Prakashan , NewDelhi

**Credits 2**

**Practicals - Paper – I**

1. Graphical presentation of data (Histogram, frequency polygon,Ogives).
2. Diagrammatic presentation of data (Bar andPie).
3. Computation of measures of central tendency(Mean, Median andMode)
4. Computation of measures of dispersion(Q.D, M.D andS.D)
5. Computation of non-central, central moments, 1 and 2 for ungroupeddata.
6. Computation of non-central, central moments, 1 and 2 and Sheppard’s corrections for groupeddata.
7. Computation of Karl Pearson’s coefficients of Skewness and Bowley’s coefficients ofSkewness.
8. Fitting of straight line by the method of leastsquares
9. Fitting of parabola by the method of leastsquares
10. Fitting of power curve of the type by the method of leastsquares.
11. Fitting of exponential curve of the type and by the method of leastsquares.
12. Computation of correlation coefficient and regression lines for ungroupeddata
13. Computation of correlation coefficient, forming regression lines for groupeddata
14. Computation of Yule's coefficient ofassociation
15. Computation of Pearson's, Tcherprows coefficient ofcontingency

**Note: Training shall be on establishing formulae in Excel cells and derive the results. The excel output shall be exported to MS word for writing inference**.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

Students will acquire

1. knowledge of Statistics and its scope and importance in various areas such as Medical, Engineering, Agricultural and Social Sciences etc.
2. knowledge of various types of data, their organization and evaluation of summary measures such as measures of central tendency and dispersion etc.
3. knowledge of other types of data reflecting quality characteristics including concepts of independence and association between two attributes,
4. insights into preliminary exploration of different types of data.
5. Knowledge of correlation, regression analysis, regression diagnostics, partial and multiple correlations.

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**Semester – II (CBCS With Maths Combination Common to BA/BSc)**

Paper - II: **Probability Theory and Distributions**

#### UNIT-I

**Introduction to Probability**: Basic Concepts of Probability, random experiments, trial, outcome, sample space, event, mutually exclusive and exhaustive events, equally likely and favourable outcomes. Mathematical, Statistical, axiomatic definitions of probability. Conditional Probability and independence of events, Addition and multiplication theorems of probability for 2 and for n events. Boole's inequality and Baye's theorem and its applications in real life problems.

#### UNIT-II

**Random variable**: Definition of random variable, discrete and continuous random variables, functions of random variable. Probability mass function. Probability density function, Distribution function and its properties. For given pmf, pdf calculation of moments, coefficient of skewness and kurtosis. Bivariate random variable - meaning, joint, marginal and conditional Distributions, independence of random variables and simple problems.

#### UNIT- III

**Mathematical expectation** : Mathematical expectation of a random variable and function of a random variable. Moments and covariance using mathematical expectation with examples. Addition and Multiplication theorems on expectation. Definitions of M.G.F, C.G.F, P.G.F, C.F and their properties. Chebyshev and Cauchy - Schwartz inequalities.

UNIT-IV

**Discrete Distributions**: Binomial, Poisson, Negative Binomial, Geometric distributions: Definitions, means, variances, M.G.F, C.F, C.G.F, P.G.F, additive property if exists. Possion approximation to Binomial distribution. Hyper-geometric distribution: Defination, mean and variance.

UNIT - V

**Continuous Distributions**: Rectangular, Exponential, Gamma, Beta Distributions: mean , variance, M.G.F, C.G.F, C.F. **Normal Distribution**: Definition, Importance, Properties, M.G.F, CF, additive property.

#### Text Books:

1. V.K.Kapoor and S.C.Gupta: Fundamentals of MathematicalStatistics,Sultan Chand & Sons, NewDelhi.

2 BA/BSc I year statistics - descriptive statistics, probability distribution - Telugu Academy

- Dr M.JaganmohanRao,DrN.Srinivasa Rao, Dr P.Tirupathi Rao, Smt.D.Vijayalakshmi.

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4. M. JaganMohan Rao and Papa Rao: A Text book of StatisticsPaper-I.
5. Sanjay Arora and Bansi Lal: New Mathematical Statistics: Satya Prakashan , NewDelhi
6. Hogg Tanis Rao: Probability and Statistical Inference. 7thedition.Pearson.

**Credits 2**

# Practicals Paper – II

1. Fitting of Binomial distribution – Directmethod.
2. Fitting of binomial distribution – Recurrence relationMethod.
3. Fitting of Poisson distribution – Directmethod.
4. Fitting of Poisson distribution - Recurrence relationMethod.
5. Fitting of Negative Binomialdistribution.
6. Fitting of Geometricdistribution.
7. Fitting of Normal distribution – Areasmethod.
8. Fitting of Normal distribution – Ordinatesmethod.
9. Fitting of Exponentialdistribution.

Note: Training shall be on establishing formulae in Excel cells and derive the results. The excel output shall be exported to MS word for writing inference.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

Students will acquire

1. ability to distinguish between random and non-random experiments,
2. knowledge to conceptualize the probabilities of events including frequentist and axiomatic approach. Simultaneously, they will learn the notion of conditional probability including the concept of Bayes’ Theorem,
3. knowledge related to concept of discrete and continuous random variables and their probability distributions including expectation and moments,
4. knowledge of important discrete and continuous distributions such as Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Negative Binomial and Hyper-geometric, normal, uniform, exponential, beta and gamma distributions,
5. acumen to apply standard discrete and continuous probability distributions to different situations.

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**Semester – III (CBCS With Maths Combination Common to BA/BSc)**

### Paper - III: Statistical Inference

#### UNIT-I

**Concepts**: Population, Sample, Parameter, statistic, Sampling distribution, Standard error. convergence in probability and convergence in distribution, law of large numbers, central limit theorem (statements only). Student’s t- distribution, F – Distribution, χ2-Distribution: Definitions, properties and their applications.

#### UNIT-II

**Theory of estimation:**Estimation of a parameter, criteria of a good estimator – unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, &sufficiency and. Statement of Neyman's factorization theorem. Estimation of parameters by the method of moments and maximum likelihood (M.L), properties of MLE’s. Binomial, Poisson &Normal Population parameters estimate by MLE method. Confidence Intervals.

#### UNIT-III

**Testing of Hypothesis:**Concepts of statistical hypotheses, null and alternative hypothesis, critical region, two types of errors, level of significance and power of a test. One and two tailed tests. Neyman-Pearson’s lemma. Examples in case of Binomial, Poisson, Exponential and Normal distributions.

#### UNIT – IV

**Large sample Tests:**large sample test for single mean and difference of two means, confidence intervals for mean(s). Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions. standard deviation(s) and correlation coefficient(s**).**

**SmallSampletests:**t-testforsinglemean,differenceofmeansandpairedt-test.2-testforgoodness of fit and independence of attributes. F-test for equality ofvariances.

#### UNIT – V

**Non-parametric tests**- their advantages and disadvantages, comparison with parametric tests. Measurement scale- nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio. One sample runs test, sign test and Wilcoxon-signed rank tests (single and paired samples). Two independent sample tests: Median test, Wilcoxon –Mann-Whitney U test, Wald Wolfowitz’s runs test**.**

TEXT BOOKS

1. BA/BSc II year statistics - statistical methods and inference - Telugu Academy by A.Mohanrao, N.Srinivasa Rao, Dr R.Sudhakar Reddy, Dr T.C. RavichandraKumar.
2. K.V.S. Sarma: Statistics Made Simple: Do it yourself on PC.PHI.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Mathematics statistics : VK Kapoor and SCGuptha.
2. Outlines of statistics, Vol II : Goon Guptha, M.K.Guptha, Das GupthaB.
3. Introduction to Mathematical Statistics :HoelP.G.
4. Hogg Tanis Rao: Probability and Statistical Inference. 7thedition.Pearson.

Credits: 2

# Practicals - Paper –III

1. Large sample test for singlemean
2. Large sample test for difference ofmeans
3. Large sample test for singleproportion
4. Large sample test for difference ofproportions
5. Large sample test for difference of standarddeviations
6. Large sample test for correlationcoefficient
7. Small sample test for singlemean
8. Small sample test for difference ofmeans
9. Small sample test for correlationcoefficient
10. Paired t-test(pairedsamples).
11. Small sample test for single variance(χ 2 - test)
12. Small sample test for difference ofvariances(F-test)
13. χ 2 - test for goodness of fit and independence ofattributes
14. Nonparametric tests for single sample(run test, sign test and Wilcoxon signed ranktest)
15. Nonparametric tests for related samples (sign test and Wilcoxon signed ranktest)
16. Nonparametric tests for two independent samples (Median test, Wilcoxon –Mann- Whitney - U test, Wald - Wolfowitz' s runstest)

Note: Training shall be on establishing formulae in Excel cells and deriving the results. The excel output shall be exported to MS Word for writinginferences.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

The students will acquire

1. Concept of law large numbers and their uses
2. Concept of central limit theorem and its uses in statistics
3. concept of random sample from a distribution, sampling distribution of a statistic, standard error of important estimates such as mean and proportions,
4. knowledge about important inferential aspects such as point estimation, test of hypotheses and associated concepts,
5. knowledge about inferences from Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions as illustrations,
6. concept about non-parametric method and some important non-parametric tests.

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**Semester – IV (CBCS With Maths Combination Common to BA/BSc)**

**Paper IV: Sampling Techniques and Designs of Experiments**

**UNIT I**

**Simple Random Sampling** (with and without replacement): Notations and terminology, various probabilities of selection. Random numbers tables and its uses. Methods of selecting simple random sample, lottery method, method based on random numbers. Estimates of population total, mean and their variances and standard errors, determination of sample size, simple random sampling of attributes.

**UNIT II**

**Stratified random sampling:** Stratified random sampling, Advantages and Disadvantages of Stratified Random sampling, Estimation of population mean, and its variance. Stratified random sampling with proportional and optimum allocations. Comparison between proportional and optimum allocations with SRSWOR.

**Systematic sampling:** Systematic sampling definition when N = nk and merits and demerits of systematic sampling - estimate of mean and its variance. Comparison of systematic sampling with Stratified and SRSWOR.

**UNIT III**

**Analysis of variance :**Analysis of variance(ANOVA) –Definition and assumptions. One-way with equal and unequal classification, Two way classification.

**Design of Experiments:** Definition, Principles of design of experiments, CRD: Layout, advantages and disadvantage and Statistical analysis of Completely Randomized Design(C.R.D).

**UNIT IV**

Randomized Block Design (R.B.D) and Latin Square Design (L.S.D) with their layouts and Analysis, MissingplottechniqueinRBDandLSD.EfficiencyRBDoverCRD,EfficiencyofLSDoverRBDand CRD.

**UNIT V**

**Factorial experiments** – Main effects and interaction effects of 22 and 23 factorial experiments and their Statistical analysis. Yates procedure to find factorial effecttotals.

#### Text Books:

1. Telugu AcademyBA/BSc III year paper - III Statistics - applied statistics - Telugu academy by Prof.K.Srinivasa Rao, Dr D.Giri. Dr A.Anand, Dr V.PapaiahSastry.
2. K.V.S. Sarma: Statistics Made Simple: Do it yourself on PC.PHI.

#### Reference Books:

* 1. Fundamentals of applied statistics : VK Kapoor and SCGupta.
	2. Indian Official statistics - MR Saluja. 3.Anuvarthita SankyakaSastram - TeluguAcademy.

**Credits: 2**

**Practicals - Paper –IV**

**Sampling Techniques:**

Estimation of population mean and its variance by

1. Simple random sampling with and without replacement. Comparison between SRSWRand SRSWOR.
2. Stratified random sampling with proportional and optimum allocations. Comparison between proportional and optimum allocations withSRSWOR.
3. Systematic sampling with N=nk. Comparison of systematic sampling with Stratified andSRSWOR.

#### Design of Experiments:

1. ANOVA - one - way classification with equal and unequal number ofobservations
2. ANOVA Two-way classification with equal number ofobservations.
3. Analysis ofCRD.
4. Analysis of RBD Comparison of relative efficiency of CRD withRBD
5. Estimation of single missing observation in RBD and itsanalysis
6. Analysis of LSD and efficiency of LSD over CRD andRBD
7. Estimation of single missing observation in LSD and itsanalysis
8. Analysis of 22 with RBD layout
9. Analysis of 23 with RBDlayout

Note: Training shall be on establishing formulae in Excel cells and deriving the results. The excel output shall be exported to MS Word for writinginferences.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

The students shall get

1. Introduced to various statistical sampling schemes such as simple, stratified and systematic sampling.
2. an idea of conducting the sample surveys and selecting appropriate sampling techniques,
3. Knowledge about comparing various sampling techniques.
4. carry out one way and two way Analysis of Variance,
5. understand the basic terms used in design of experiments,
6. use appropriate experimental designs to analyze the experimental data.

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**Semester – II to IV (CBCS With Maths Combination Common to BA/BSc)**

**Paper V: Applied Statistics**

**UNIT I**

**Time Series:**Time Series and its components with illustrations, additive, multiplicativemodels. Trend: Estimation of trend by free hand curve method, method of semi averages.Determination of trend by least squares (Linear trend, parabolic trend only), moving averages method.

**UNIT II**

**Seasonal Component**: Determination of seasonal indices by simple averages method, ratio to moving average, Ratio to trend and Link relative methods, Deseasonalization.

**UNIT III**

**Growth curves:** Modified exponential curve, Logistic curve and Grompertz curve, fitting of growth curves by the method of three selected points and partial sums.Detrending. Effect of elimination of trend on other components of the time series

**UNIT IV**

**Index numbers:**Concept, construction, problems involved in the construction of index numbers, uses and limitations. Simple and weighted index numbers. Laspayer’s, Paasche’s and Fisher’s index numbers, Criterion of a good index number, Fisher’s ideal index numbers. Cost of living index number and wholesale price index number.

**UNIT V**

**Vital Statistics:**Introduction, definition and uses of vital statistics, sources of vital statistics.

Measures of different Mortality and Fertility rates, Measurement of population growth. Life tables: construction and uses of life tables.

#### Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of applied statistics : VK Kapoor and SCGupta.
2. BA/BSc III year paper - III Statistics - applied statistics - Telugu academy by prof.K.Srinivasa Rao, Dr D.Giri. Dr A.Anand, Dr V.PapaiahSastry.

#### Reference Books:

1. AnuvarthitaSankyakaSastram - TeluguAcademy.
2. Mukopadhyay, P (2011). Applied Statistics, 2nd ed. Revised reprint, Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd.
3. Brockwell, P.J. and Devis, R.A. (2003). Introduction to Time Series Analysis. Springer.
4. Chatfield, C. (2001). Time Series Forecasting., Chapman & Hall.
5. Srinivasan, K. (1998). Demographic Techniques and Applications. Sage Publications
6. Srivastava O.S. (1983). A Text Book of Demography. Vikas Publishing House

Credits: 2

#### Practical Paper –V

#### Time Series:

1. Measurement of trend by method of moving averages(odd and evenperiod)
2. Measurement of trend by method of Least squares(linear andparabola)
3. Determination of seasonal indices by method simpleaverages
4. Determination of seasonal indices by method of Ratio to movingaverages
5. Determination of seasonal indices by method of Ratio totrend
6. Determination of seasonal indices by method of Linkrelatives

#### Index Numbers:

1. Computation of simple indexnumbers.
2. Computation of all weighted index numbers.
3. Computation of reversaltests.

**Vital Statistics:**

1. Computation of various Mortalityrates
2. Computation of various Fertilityrates
3. Computation of various Reproductionrates.
4. Construction of LifeTables

Note: Training shall be on establishing formulae in Excel cells and deriving the results. The excel output shall be exported to MS Word for writinginferences.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

After completion of this course, the students will know about

1. time series data, its applications to various fields and components of time series,
2. fitting and plotting of various growth curves such as modified exponential, Gompertz and logistic curve,
3. fitting of trend by Moving Average method,
4. measurement of Seasonal Indices by Ratio-to-Trend , Ratio-to-Moving Average and Link Relative methods,
5. Applications to real data by means of laboratory assignments.
6. Interpret and use a range of index numbers commonly used in the business sector
7. Perform calculations involving simple and weighted index numbers
8. Understand the basic structure of the consumer price index and perform calculations involving its use
9. Various data collection methods enabling to have a better insight in policy making, planning and systematic implementation,
10. Construction and implementation of life tables,
11. Population growth curves, population estimates and projections,
12. Real data implementation of various demographic concepts as outlined above through practical assignments.